

or expressed their unwillingness, to supply fish on the ground that whatever they send, whether we import from them, does not reach us in time because of our not having sufficient mechanism for import.

Secondly, I would like to know whether the fish imported from Bangladesh is consumed only in Bangal or throughout the country.

SHRI VISHWANATH PRATAP SINGH: The Bangladesh Government did not raise any objection to the supply of fish, but they did point out that they were facing a little difficulty in regard to transport, like packing in ice etc. I am not sure whether it goes to other States. I think West Bengal would be consuming most of them.

वाणिज्यिक बैंकों की पूंजी के बारे में स्टेट बैंक आफ इंडिया, बम्बई के चेयरमैन का भाषण

* 870. डा० लक्ष्मी नारायण पांडेय : क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान स्टेट बैंक आफ इण्डिया के चेयरमैन द्वारा बम्बई में 31 मार्च, 1975 को दिये गये भाषण की ओर दिलाया गया है जिसमें उन्होंने वाणिज्यिक बैंक की पूंजी निधि में वृद्धि करने की जरूरत पर प्रकाश डालते हुये उस आवश्यकता बताया है अन्यथा बैंकों की कार्य स्थिति पर पिपरीत प्रभाव पडने की सम्भावना है , और

(ख) यदि हा, तो सरकार ने इस मामले में क्या कदम उठाये हैं ?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The reference in the speech is to the question of adequacy of capital funds of the banks viz. the capital and reserves in relation to the deposit liabilities. This question has been engaging the attention of the Government and the Reserve Bank of

India since the early sixties and more so since 1969 when the 14 major banks were nationalised. Reserve Bank in the last few years been impressing on the banks the need for stepping up their usual and necessary provisions and appropriations to reserves from out of profits.

डा० लक्ष्मीनारायण पांडेय : मंत्री महोदय ने अपने उत्तर में कहा है कि रिजर्व बैंक आवश्यक व्यवस्थाओं तथा लाभों में सुरक्षित कोष में विनियोग की गति में तीव्रता लाने के लिये बैंकों पर दबाव डाल रहा है। मैं जानना चाहता हू कि इस कदम को उठाने के फलस्वरूप बैंकों की सुरक्षित पूंजी में पिछले दो वर्षों में कितनी वृद्धि हुई है और यदि नहीं हुई है तो उसके कारण क्या है ?

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: In the case of the State Bank, this percentage has come down from around 6 in 1955 to a little over 1 in 1973 on the basis of the published accounts. Now it has gone up to 1.6, mainly because the capital base has remained the same but the deposits are increasing. Therefore, this question was considered by the Banking Commission also, and they also have made certain recommendations with regard to the capital base with reference to the deposits, but it is a question of the risk which the depositors have got to undertake when the capital base is small, but fortunately we have brought into existence various other organisations like the Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Credit Guarantee Organisation and the Credit Gurantee Corporation which gurantee the losses if any due to the failure of the Banks and therefore, to a certain extent this has been mitigated. But I do agree that we have to see that by way of reserves and capital the security for the depositors does increase in course of time.

डा० लक्ष्मी नारायण पांडेय : जमाकर्ताओं की सुरक्षा हेतु रिजर्व पूंजी की आवश्यकता होती है, यह आपने कहा है। मैं जानना चाहता हू कि बैंकों में डिपॉजिट्स में क्या निरन्तर कमी नहीं होती जा रही है और यदि हां, तो

बिपजिट्स का प्रतिशत बढ़े इसके बारे में आपने कौन से कदम उठाये हैं ?

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: It is not as if the deposits are not increasing. The deposits are increasing, but the rate of increase has slowed down to a certain extent. That is due to the economic situation which is prevailing, and with the improvement of the economic situation, I am sure the deposits also would improve.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI: Recently the Chairman of the State Bank made a statement regarding the dilution of ownership and selling shares to the public. I would like to know whether the Government has noticed it, and if so, have the Government taken any such decision or authorised the Chairman to make such a statement?

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: It is not a question of authorising the Chairman. The Chairman, taking into account various factors, makes a speech to the shareholders and when any point which he has made in regard to which Government have got to take action is brought to the notice of the Government, we examine and then on that basis we take decisions.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI: In regard to policy?

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: Even in regard to policy matters.

S. T. C.'s Turnover in 1975-76

*873. **SHRI D. D. DESAI:**

SHRI SHRIKISHAN MODI:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the State Trading Corporation is aiming at rupees one thousand crores turnover in 1975-76; and

(b) if so, the broad details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE

PROF. D. P. CHATTOPADHYAYA:

(a) and (b): Yes, Sir. Out of the protected turnover of Rs. 1000 crores, exports would account for Rs. 831 crores imports for

Rs. 265 crores and domestic trade for Rs. 4 crores.

श्री श्रीकृष्ण मोदी : मैं मंत्री जी से यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि जो आपने फिगरस दी हैं कि एक्सपोर्ट 731 करोड़ की है तो इसमें एसेशियल कमोडिटीज की कितनी एक्सपोर्ट करेंगे और नान-एसेशियल कमोडिटीज की कितनी एक्सपोर्ट करेंगे ।

PROF. D. P. CHATTOPADHYAYA: Sir, there are many commodities which are being exported through STC like sugar, cement and than leather. So far as sugar is concerned, the amount is nearly Rs. 350 crores. so far as leather is concerned the amount is nearly Rs. 150 crores. So, there are many other figures which mainly account for particularly last year's export.

श्री श्रीकृष्ण मोदी : मैं मंत्री महोदय से जानना चाहता हूँ कि एसेशियल कमोडिटीज की और नान-एसेशियल कमोडिटीज की अलग अलग कितनी एक्सपोर्ट करेंगे ?

SHRI M. C. DAGA: The answer has no come

PROF. D. P. CHATTOPADHYAYA: If rice is considered as an essential commodity, then it is exported. The variety of rice that was exported is of a very high quality, and very limited quantity was exported. Almost all things are non-essential.

SHRI M. C. DAGA: He is avoiding the answer. He (hon. Member) is asking about the amount.

श्री मोदी जी : के प्रश्न का जवाब नहीं आया ?

श्री श्रीकृष्ण मोदी : मंत्री महोदय के पास इस समय फिगरस नहीं है तो वह इसे वेंडिंग कर दें और बाद में जवाब दे दें ।

PROF. D. P. CHATTOPADHYAYA: We do not have the break-up figures. But if he is interested in knowing them, I can let him know.

श्री नरसिंह नारायणराव : जैसा कि अभी क्वेश्चन नं० 860 के सम्बन्ध में चीनी के बारे में आपने जवाब दिया और उसमें कहा कि