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विश्व बाहार बनाने में प्रयुक्त सोयाबीन की प्रतिशतता भौर इसकी खरीद का साधन

*1337. श्री महाराज सिंह भारती: क्या जाल तथा कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि शिशु श्राहार में जिसका उत्पादन सक्ष्य 60,000 मैट्रिक टन निर्धारित किया गया है सोयाबीन की प्रतिशतता कितनी होती है श्रीर सोयाबीन की खरीद कहाँ से श्रीर किस एजेंसी ढारा की जायेगी?

खाद्य, कृषि, साम्दायिक विकास तथा सहकार मन्त्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री ग्रन्ना साहिब शिन्दे): शिश ग्राहार दो प्रकार के होते हैं—एक पूर्णतया दुध पर श्राधारित होता है श्रीर दूसरा स्तन्य त्याग ब्राहार है जो कि मुख्यतः ग्रनाजों ग्रौर प्रोटीन से भरपूर पदार्थों से बनाया जाता है। सोयाबीन एक प्रोटीन से भरपूर पदार्थ है जो कि स्तन्य त्यागं ग्राहार के बनाने में प्रयुक्त होता है। स्तन्य त्यागं घाहार के उत्पादन का लक्ष्य ग्रस्थायी तौर पर 20,000 मीटरी टन निर्धा-रित किया गया था। स्तन्य त्याग भाहार में सोयाबीन की प्रतिशतता 15 प्रतिशत से 25 प्रतिशत के बीच होती है। ग्राशा है कि स्तन्य त्याग स्राहार के बनाने में सोयाबीन मिलाने वाले निर्माता. सोयाबीन देशी उत्पादन में से खरीदेंगे।

RATIONALISATION OF SUGAR PRICE STRUCTURE

- *1338. Shri Bal Raj Madhok: Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state:
- (a) whether it is a fact that there is wide disparity in the cost of production of sugar in different factories within every zone;
- (b) whether it is also a fact that the price fixed by the Tariff Commission will face a number of factories in each zone whose cost of production is higher than the price fixed by the Tariff Commission to suffer heavy losses or close down; and
- (c) if so, whether Government will rationalise the price structure of sugar to tide over the situation?

The Minister of State in the Ministry of Food, Agriculture, Community De-

velopment and Cooperation (Shri Annasahib Shinde) (a) As the cost of production of sugar depends on a number of factors including the percentage of recovery of sugar from the cane crushed, duration of the season, efficiency of the plant and management, it may vary from factory to factory within a zone.

- (b) No, Sir. The prices of levy sugar have been fixed by Government on the basis of cost schedules prepared by the Tariff Commission after taking into account these and other relevant factors. In addition, the Commission have also provided for a uniform return of Rs.10.50 per quintal for all factories.
 - (c) Does not arise.

Adulteration of Rationed Wheat

- *1339. Shri Chengalraya Naidu: Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state:
- (a) whether it is a fact that the wheat supplied at the ration shops is mixed with stones and other dirty things which has been proved harmful for the health;
- (b) if so, whether this is being mixed by the persons responsible for distribution;
- (c) whether large complaints have been received and no action has been taken so far by Government;
- (d) whether Government would consider to have surprise raids to these shops;
 and
- (e) if so, what action has been taken against the culprits?

The Minister of State in the Ministry of Food, Agriculture, Community Development and Cooperation (Shri Annasahib Shinde): (a) No, Sir.

- (b) Does not arise.
- (c) A few complaints alleging issue of substandard wheat by the Fair Price Shops were received by the Delhi Administration and the Food Corporation of India. On enquiry, the allegations were found to be not correct.
- (d) Checks of Fair Price Shops are already being made by Delhi Administration.