1

LOK SABHA

Tuesday, April 28, 1970/Vaisakha 8, 1892 (Saka)

The Lok Subha met at Eleven of the Clock.

[MR, SPEAKER in the Chair]

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Industrial Revolution in the Country

*1261. SHRI R. K. BIRLA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOP-MENT, INTERNAL TRADE AND COM-PANY AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that Government are contemplating to launch industrial revolution in the country on the pattern of green revolution and family planning programme;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c whether it is proposed to arouse public opinion through mass media for industrialising the country during the Fourth Plan; and

(d) if so, the details thereof ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOP-MENT, INTERNAL TRADE AND COM-PANY AFFAIRS (SHRI BHANU PRAKASH SINGH): (a) to (d). A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

Statement

(a) and (b). Recently, Government has initiated a series of steps on different froms designed to accelerate the industrial development of the country substantially. The Fourth Five Year Plan, which has now been finalised, envisages an investment of Rs 5,298 crores in the organised industrial and mineral sector. Besides, the large investments planned during the next 4 years in sectors like power, transport and agriculture are also expected to stimulate industrial activities substantially. The economy has also recovered from the recessionary trends of recent years and it is, therefore, expected that there will be an accelerated and broad based industrial growth in the coming years. The Industrial Licensing Policy has been reoriented so as to given greater freedom and opportunities to the small scale and medium entrepreneurs, whether existing or new. Combined with various other measures proposed, or presently under implementation, for the small scale sector as well as for the educated unemployed, the production as well as the entrepreneurial base of the economy is bound to acquire a new strength and vitality. The raising of the exemption limit from licensing to Rs. 1 crore, and the scope for expansion without a licence by Rs. 1 crore, both subject to certain conditions, can be expected to stimulate the growth of a large number of medium scale industries. So far as licensed undertakings are concerned, licences will now be issued more liberally in the middle sector. The Banned List for licensing has also been abolished as an experimental measure with a view to providing greater scope for industrial activities, The scope of activities in the public sector is also proposed to be enlarged with a

2

view to supplying gaps between supply and demand in important areas in the fields of both consumption and investment and development. Alongside these thrusts the growth-oriented budget for this year and the new import licensing policy for raw materials and components also are expected to stimulate industrial growth to a considerable extent. With the nationalisation of 14 major Banks and the review of the credit policies of Public Financial Institutions, industrial credit policy has been given a new orientation which will make credit facilities available more freely to medium and small entrepreneurs. It is therefore, expected that a new direction will be given to the industrial growth of the country in the coming years.

(c) and (d). Public opinion in the country for industrialisation, in the over-all context of planned development, is being continuously mobilised through mass communication media like the radio, television, cinema, publications, exhibitions, etc. The Central and State Governments will continue to carry-out the requisite measures for arousing and associating public opinion in the cause of the developmental activities of the country.

SHRI R. K. BIRLA : May I know from the hon. Minister why setting up new industries and expansion of existing industries particularly of aluminium, steel and staple fibre, as has been reported in the Economic Survey for the year 1969-70, have not taken place during the last two years ?

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA : Is it a peaceful revolution or not ?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT, INTERNAL TRADE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI F. A. AHMED): There is no question of setting up new industries and expansion of existing industries not taking place. Our efforts are to allow both the expansion of existing industries as well as setting up of new industries.

SHRIR. K. BIRLA : Sir, my question has not been replied to. I, would like to know from the hon. Minister as to where

has been the industrial expansion and in which industries there has been expansion.

SHRIF. A. AHMED : There is expansion in many of the industries. If the hon. Member wants, I can give him a list.

SHRIR. K BIRLA: What is the total amount of loan given in the last two years to the big sector people to put up new industries and also for expansion of existing industries.

SHRI F. A. AHMED : For that I want notice.

SHRI SRADHAKAR SUPAKAR : May I know whether there will be a revolutionary spurt in the rate of growth of industrial production as he considers the steps taken as enumerated in the statement and, if so, what is the estimate of this growth ?

SHRIF.A. AHMED : The phrase used here 'industrial revolution' is a very high flown phrase. I can assure the hon, Member that that will not be a correct approach. But we are anxious that the industrial production should increase and it has increased during the last year as compared to the previous year.

SHRI SRADHAKAR SUPAKAR : What is the rate ?

SHRI F. A. AHMED: 75%. If we take into account the losses suffered by the textile industry, the increase will be 10%.

श्री क॰ ना॰ तिवारी : एबरे बेस्ड इंडस्ट्री के लिए यह स्मौल स्केल ग्रौर मीडियम स्केल इंडस्ट्री में जब से यह स्कीम लायू है। कितना रुपया लर्च किया गया है ग्रौर कितनी इंडस्ट्रीज़ इस में लगी हई हैं?

श्री फसरद्दीन अस्त्री अहमव : यह डिटेल्स देना बहुत मुरिकल है लेकिन हमारी यही कोशि ह कि जहां तक एवो बेस्ड इंडस्ट्रीज काताल्लुक है उन को केडिट फैसेल्टीज़ भी दी जायं मोर किस तरड से वड इंडस्ट्रीज बढ़ाई 5 Oral Answers 6

दी जायगी।

SHRID, N. PATODIA : Sir, setting up of new industries in the private sector is greatly dependent upon the subscription to the equity capital by the public. For the first few years the hon. Minister knows in respect of every new project it is not possible to declare dividends and for that purpose a scheme of tax credit certificate was introduced which appears to have been withdrawn in the new Finance Bill. May I know from the hon. Minister as to what extent this withdrawal of tax credit certificate is likely to affect the growth of industries in private sector and what counter measures are proposed to be adopted to offset the adverse effect created by the discontinuance of tax credit certificate ?

SHRIF. A. AHMED : Apart from what the hon. Member has mentioned, opportunities are available for the industrial sector to take loans from the financial corporations for the purpose of development of industries in the country and as the hon. Member is aware, according to our new licensing policy some sectors have been set apart and in some specialised sectors and in sectors requiring heavy investment we have allowed the big industrial houses also to come in, but their application will be considered on the basis of what materials are necessary and are in the interests of the nation and they will be given all facilities including foreign exchange.

SHRI D. N. PATODIA : What is the reply, Sir ? It is not at all to the point.

SHRI PILOO MODY : I think that something has got to be done about it. This is not a little game that we play every morning. When somebody asks a question the Minister is reading from any report that is in his hand. There ought to be some connection between the question asked and the answer that is given And when this happens, you, Mr. Speaker, are the only safeguard for us. And therefore if you feel that a question has not been answered, bypassed or evaded. I think that you, Sir, should do something about it.

SHRID. N. PATODIA : I will repeat it if you like. I asked whether it is a fact

जायं इस के लिए हर तरीके से उन को मदद / that this continuing of tax credit certificates will adversely affect our industrial growth in private sector and if so what countermeasures Government contemplate to adopt.

> SHRIF. A. AHMED : We have to ask the Finance Ministry about it.

> SHRID N. PATODIA . Whether the growth of private industry is going to be affected by this measure-that is the auestion.

> SHRI F. A. AHMED : It will not affect industrial production.

SHRI HEM BARUA : May I know whether in order to effect the industrial revolution in the country regional imbalances would be taken into account and steps would be taken to remove the regional imbalances in the country and these factors would be taken into account in setting up new industries ?

SHRI F. A. AHMED : That is an important suggestion. While we are considering the question of setting up of new industries, the question of those areas and States which are backward so far as industrial production is concerned will have to be given serious consideration. And, may I point out that the National Development Council had adopted a resolution that in industrially backward States, two of the districts will have to be taken up where special facilities would be provided to those areas for the development of Industries ?

MR. SPEAKER : Next question.

भी भोगेन्द्र झाः मध्यक्ष महोदय, प्रश्न 1261 पर मेरे लिए एक प्रक्रन प्रखनामति ग्राबश्यक है....

अध्यक्ष महोदय : मैं ग्रगला सवाल बूला चुका हुं भौर वह भी माननीय सदस्य के नाम पर है ।

श्री भोगेन्द्र झाः ग्रध्यक्ष महोदय, मुभे म्राप उस पर सून लीजिये। मैं म्रक्सर उठता नहीं है। उस पर पुछनाबहत भावश्यक है।

7

2

भ्रगर श्राप चाहें तो मैं ग्रगले दस दिनों तक सवाल प्रुटने की मांग नहीं करूंगा।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : माननीय संदस्य मार्गुमेंटन करें और वह यपना ग्रगला क्वेश्चन काल करें।

भगे भोगेन्द्र झाः ग्रगर ग्रापका यही ग्रादेश है तो मुभे माननापड़ेगा। प्रश्न संख्या 12.62 ।

Export of Steel

*1262. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA : Will the Minister of STEEL AND HEAVY ENGINEERING be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the demand for Indian Steel in the world market is far exceeding the export of steel at present; and

(b) if so, the steps taken or being taken to increase export to meet demands abroad ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND HEAVY ENGINEERING (SHRI K. C. PANT) : (a) The international market for steel has been very bouyant for the last few months, and it has not been difficult to scence orders for export of steel up to the prescribed ceilings for various categories.

(b) With the increase in the domestic demand for steel, it has become necessary to regulate export of steel so as to achieve a proper balance between meeting the internal and international demands for steel.

श्वी भोगेन्द्र झा: प्रध्यक्ष महोदय, इस्पात के निर्यात की जो परम्परा रही है उन में मभी तक यह हुम्रा है भौर जो इस साल है कि सब से उम्दा किस्म का कच्चा लोहा जो हमारे यहां भिलारी ही स्पैट में पैदा होता है वह जैसा मैंने कहा सारे संसार में सबसे श्राच्छी किस्म का होता है जोकि उसमें माता है उसको भी हमने 10-12 वर्षों के लिए जापान भेजने का समभौता किया है । जो प्रतिवेदन उन्होंने सदन के सामने दिया है पिछले साल का उस में भी इसी पर जोर दिया है कि जापान परम्परा से हमारे कच्चे लोहे का खरीददार है। मैं यह प्रश्न पूछना चाह रहा हूं कि क्या ग्रभी हम इस स्थिति में है कि कच्चे लोहे का निर्यात हम बाहर करना बन्द कर देगें ग्रौर इस्पात ही नहीं प्रपितु इस्पात से बना सामान ही हम यथासम्भव वाहर भेजने की नोति ग्रपनायेंगे ?

जो निर्यात हम केर रहें है वह निर्यात हम 55 देशों में कर रहे हैं तो मेरा सरकार से आग्रह होगा कि इस्पात मन्त्रालय दूसरे मन्त्रा-से भी सहयोग करता है मसलन मध्यपूर्व के देशों में हमारे इस्पात ग्रीर उस से बने सामानों की बडी जरूरत है।

हमको उनका तेल चाहिए। मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि जिन ची जों की हमारे देश को ज्यादा आवश्यकता है, जैसे तेल झौर जो हमें मध्य पूर्व के देशों से खास तौर पर मिल सकता है, वहां इस्पात भेज कर, तेल उन से लिया जायगा ? क्या इसकी सम्भावनाओं की आपने जांच पड़ताल की है। विदेशी तेल कम्पनियां एस्सों ग्रौर कालटैक्स अभी भी हमारी गर्दन पर सवार है। डा० त्रिग्रुएगा सैन उनसे निपट नहीं पा रहे हैं। उन देशों को इस्पात देकर बदले में तेल लिया जाय, क्या इस तरह का विचार भी ग्राप कर रहे हैं ?

दूसरे मैंने कच्चे लोहेका निर्यात बन्द करने केबारे में जो पूछा है, उसका उत्तर भी मन्त्री महोदय दें।

श्री कुष्ण चन्द्र पंत : ग्रायरन भोर का एक्सपोर्ट इस मन्त्रालय से सम्बन्ध नहीं रखता है।

भी भोगेन्द्र झा: रिपोर्ट में तो इसका जिक है।

श्वी इत्रुष्ण चन्द्र पन्ताः पिगम्रायरन की बात है। जापान से म्राथरन म्रोर एक्सपोर्ट के