90

the following ore traffic during the fourth Plan period:-

(Qty. in million tons)

Year	Iron Ore		Manganese ore	
	Vizag	Paradeep	Vizag	Paradeep
1969-70	4 ·80	1 ·8	0.68	Nil
1970-71	5 ·40	3 · 5	0 · 70	Nil
1971-72	5 · 70	3 · 7	0 ·72	Nil
1972-73	5 ·70	3 • 9	0 ·74	Nil
1973-74	5 .70	3 ⋅9	0 · 76	Nil

(c) The mechanical ore loading facility at Visakhapatnam inner harbour is being stepped up from existing 4.5 to 6 million tonnes per annum. This is likely to be completed during the first half of 1970.

It has been decided to construct a protected outer harbour at Vsakhapatnam with a capacity to handle between 10 to 12 million tons of ore. The port on completion would cater to 1,00,000 DWT ore carriers initially with an inbuilt provision to handle larger carriers subsequently. The mechanical ore loading facility at the outer harbour would be gradually raised from 8,000 tonne to 12,000 tonnes per hour. The outer harbour is expected to be ready during 1974.

The first stage of development of paradeep port which envisaged provision of a iron ore berth with a mechanical ore loadding facility of 2 million tonnes annually, has been completed. The second phase of widening the turning circle to cater to ore carriers of 60,000 DWT and augmenting of machanical ore loading facility to 4 million tonnes annually would be completed during the fourth plan period.

Work on Cuttack-Paradeep rail link commenced in 1968. On present expectation the rail link would become available in 1971-72

TARGET FOR EXPORT OF ROSES TO EUROPE

- *806. SHRI HIMATSINGKA: Will the Minister of FOREIGN TRADE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether Indian roses find a ready market abroad, particularly in the European countries;

- (b) if so, the target of export of roses fixed for the current year; and
- (c) the likely income in terms of foreign exchange and Indian rupee to be earned thereby?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN TRADE (SHRI RAM SEWAK): (a) to (c). There is a certain demand for Indian roses European countries especially during winter season. No target has been fixed for export, since the exports are still in experimental stages.

DEMAND FOR INDIAN TEAS AND COFFEE

- *807. SHRI N. R. DEOGHARE: Will the Minister of FOREIGN TRADE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether it is a fact that Indian Tea and Coffee is becoming very popular in foreign countries and is in great demand;
- (b) if so, the countries where these articles are becoming popular; and
- (c) the steps taken by Government to ensure sufficient exports of tea and coffee?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN TRADE (SHRI RAM SEWAK): (a) and (b) . Indian tea is becoming popular in the U.S.S.R., U.S.A., Sudan, Afghanistan, Irish Republic, Iraq. Australia, West Germany, Iran and Morocco Indian coffee is becoming popular the U.S.S.R., Poland, Rumania, Czhecoslovakia, East Germany and Yugoslavia.

(c) Some of the more important measure taken with regard to Indian tea are (1) reduction in export duty on tea (2) abolition of the special excise duty on tea (3) promotional measures for Indian tea through the offices of the Tea Board functioning in London, Brussels, New York, Cairo and Sydney and tea centres established at London, Edinburgh, Cairo and Sydney (4) promotion of special packs of Indian tea in selected markets abroad with the cooperation of the local blenders, packers (5) advertisements through appropraite media of publicity in countries abroad (6) participation in trade fairs and exhibitions (7) sponsoring delegations abroad and inviting delegations from foreign countries to visit India to promote the interest of tea. and (8) undertaking generic promotion in

the overseas markets for increasing consumption of tea through membership in Tea Councils functioning in various countries abroad in collaboration with producing countries and the local tea trade.

Exports of coffee to most of the countries are regulated by quotas fixed under the International Coffee Agreement. The endeavour of the Government is to encourage the growth of exports particularly to non-quota countries consistent with our obligations under the International Coffee Agreement.

To promote export of coffee, the Coffee Board carries out various publicity campaigns in foreign countries by way of participation in International fairs, advertisements and free distribution of freshly roasted and ground Indian coffee powder through joint campaigns with Air India International.

सौराष्ट्र मिल्स, उज्जैन (मध्य प्रदेश)

- *808- श्री ओंकार लाल बेरवा : क्या वैदेशिक व्यापार मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
- (क) क्या यह सच है कि सौराष्ट्र मिल्स, उज्जैन (मध्य प्रदेण) को 1966 से सरकार के नियंत्रण में बुलाया जा रहा है;
- (ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि उक्त मिल तब से घाटे पर चल रही है:
- (ग) क्या यह भी सच है कि गत तीन वर्षों से कर्मचारियों को बोनस तथा कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि का भुगतान नहीं किया गया है;
- (घ) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार का विचार उक्त मिल में घाटे के कारणों के संबंध में जांच कराने का और बोनस तथा कर्मचारी भवियप्य निधि का भृगतान कराने का है; और
 - (ङ) यदि हां, तो कब तक ?

ववेशिक व्यापार मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री राम सेवक) : (क) उज्जैन में ऐसी कोई मिल नहीं हैं।

(ख) से (क्र.). प्रश्न नहीं उठते।

AGRICULTURAL PLOTS HELD ON LEASE BY AGRICULTURISTS IN TOP KHANA PARADE, AMBALA CANTONMENT

- *809. SHRI SURAJ BHAN: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to State:
- (a) whether it is a fact that about 300 agriculturist families are holding agricultural plots in Top Khana Parade, Ambala Cantonment on lease for the last more than 50 years for agricultural purposes their lease being renewed on year to year basis;
- (b) whether it is also a fact that Government are contemplating to get the said land vacated in the near future; and
- (c) if so, the steps which Government propose to take for the rehabilitation of those 300 families likely to be evicted from the agricultural plots?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI S. N. MISHRA): (a) It is correct that approximately 180 acres of defence owned land in TOP KHANNA PARADE Ambala Cantonent were held on agricultural lease by approximately 303 families and the leases were renewed from time to time over a number of years until 30th April 1968.

- (b) The land is required for defence purposes and it is accordingly proposed to take over the possession thereof.
- (e) The lands which were temporarily surplus to defence requirements were leased from time to time on condition that the same would be resumed at short notice whenever require for defence purposes, and the lessees themselves will have to take the requisite action to rehabilitate themselves, if need be

कपास के निम्नतम मूल्य में वृद्धि

- *810. भी वेवराव पाटिलः क्या वैदेशिक व्यापार मंत्री यह बताने की कृप करेंगे कि :
- (क) क्या महाराष्ट्र सरकार ने कपास के निम्नतम मूल्य बढ़ाने के लिये एक प्रस्ताव भेजा है;
- (ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्योरा क्या है; और