the hon. Minister whether a suitable legislation will be enacted to abolish this sort of coronation ceremonies by Nizams and other princes throughout India?

Shri Y. B. Chavan: It was not an official ceremony. Possibly there was some ceremony in a purely personal way for succession in the family.

Shrimati Tarkeshwari Sinha: May I know whether the Government have experienced any difficulties because of the fact that the princes are not being governed by the common Civil and Criminal Procedure Codes and, therefore, they cannot be sued in the court of law, and if so, whether the Government is thinking of reviewing the entire position of the concessions given to the princes so that they can be brought under the normal law of land?

Shri Y. B. Chavan: This has become a part of the normal law of the land. This House itself has accepted. As far as the question of suing under the Civil Procedure Code or the Criminal Procedure Code is concerned, the privilege is that they cannot automatically be sued unless they get the permission of the Government of India. In this matter we are considering the question of liberalising the process and we should try to see that those people who have any grievances get an opportunity to try them in the court of law. As far as the other privileges are concerned, I think it is time that we have another look at them also, but in that matter, the Government's intention is to invite some of the leading princes and discuse with them and see if we can take them along with us on these.

Creating into Indian Territory by East Pakistan Families

\*86. Shri Kanwar Lai Gupta: Dr. Karni Singa:

Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the reported crossing into the Indian territory by East Pakistani Muslim families recently;

- (b) the number of families involved and the motive behind such migration; and
- (c) the steps taken to prevent such incidents even if they are due to food scarcity conditions prevailing in East Pakisten?

The Minister of Home Affairs (Shrì Y. B. Chavan): (a) and (b). Unauthorised entry of East Pakistan muslim nationals into the neighbouring Indian territory has been reported in the recent months. Of them, only 14 cases of entire families illegally entering into Indian territory have been reported Food scarcity and economic hardship in the areas of East Pakistan adjoining India and the desire of those Pak muslim nationals who were earlier evicted from Indian territory to re-enter India are among the causes for these attempts at unauthorised entry.

(c) Effective steps have been taken by the Centre and the State Governments concerned to prevent such infiltration, like (i) increased and more frequent patrolling; (ii) greater vigilance by the border out-post staff etc.

श्री कंबर लाल गुग्त : क्या संत्री बहोदय बतलावेंने कि पहले भी ये लोग यहां इस प्रकार पर भाते रहे है, यदि हां, तो जो भाये हैं उन की संख्या कितनी है भीर उनको बायिस भेजने के लिये सरकार क्या प्रबन्ध कर रही है?

भी समावत्त राव चन्हाम : बहुत पहले की संख्या तो मालूम नहीं है लेकिन मेरे पास सक्तूबर, 1966 से मार्च, 1967 तक की फीगस हैं। उन के सनुसार समम में सक्तूबर 1966 में 347 नोग साथे, नवस्मर 1966 में 177 साथे, विसम्बर 1966 में 148 साथे, जनवरी 1967 में 102 साथे, फरवरी 67 में 81 धावे, धीर मार्च 67 में 75 धावे। टोटल धसन में 930 धावे, वैस्ट बंगास में टोटस 1266 हैं धीर बिपुरा में टोटस 198 हैं।

This is the general information that 1 have got about this.

Shri Kanwar Lai Gupta: The second part of my question has not been answered. उनको वापस भेजने के सियं सरकार क्या कर रही हैं इसका जवाब नहीं दिया है ?

Shri Y. B. Chavan: By way of detailed information, I can say this; and this information that I am giving depends on the information that I have got from the West Bengal Government. 1266 Pak. nationals infiltrated into India through the border of the State with East Pakistan during the period from October, 1966 to March, 1967. Of these, 91 were pushed back. Of the remaining, 504 were convicted and 160 have already been deported. The cases of 544 persons are pending trial in the court.

जी कंबर लाल गुप्त: क्या सरकार के पास ऐसी कोई रिपोर्ट माई है कि इन में से कुछ लोग सबगरिसन ऐक्टिबिटीड में माग लेते हैं तो क्या प्रांतीय सरकारों ने इन के बारे में कुछ माप के पास निष्मा है, प्रगर लिखा है तो क्या लिखा है थीर मापने उसका क्या यवाब दिया है ?

Shri Y. B. Chavan: It is not that any reports of any mass-scale subversive activities by these people have come, but certainly all these people, when they are arrested or held up, are screened for their activities etc., and action is taken on that basis.

Shri Hem Burus: In view of the fact that whenever there is illegal immigration of Pakistani nationals into this country, the State of Assem is the worst sufferer and in view of the fact that in the process of pushing them out, a lot of hardship is caused to the existing Muslim population in the State of Assam, may I know what steps have been taken to see that people from East Pakistan cannot migrate into these neighbouring States of East Pakistan and what measures Government have taken to prevent them? After they come, they try to push them out and pushing them out increased the difficulties of the other people; that is what is happening now.

Shri Y. B. Chavan: As I have said already, we have taken steps to see that these people do not infiltrate very easily. Therefore, the police checkposts etc. had to be strengthened. Those actions have been taken.

Shri Hom Barua: What about the clearing of the two-mile belt along that border? That has not been done.

Shri Y. B. Chavan: That is another suggestion that he is talking about. I can tell him from my own experience, not of this Ministry but of the Ministry of which I held charge earlier, that depopulating this belt is not a very easy problem. It ereates such a terrible administrative problem, and a human problem, because we just cannot push the population from those villages . . .

Shri Hem Barua: Has the hon. Minister given up the idea?

Shri Y. B. Chavam: That is not the question; I am only trying to point out the difficulties in that. But subject to the difficulties, the steps have been intensified.

Shri Ebrahim Sulaiman Sait: In view of the long-standing grievance of the Muslim minorities that they are illegally pushed out from India to the Pakistan border, what steps have Government taken in this matter?

Shri Y. B. Chavan: He is putting the other side of the picture before us. Certainly, the tribunals go intothese factors, and they certainly provide many sefeguards to ensure thatno injustice is done to anybody. बी अब्बुल वनी दार : मैं वर्षीर साहब से जानना पाहता हूं कि इस को रोकने के लिये क्या कोई ऐसा इन्तजान किया जायेगा कि बार्डर पर जो विलेजेज हैं बहुा के रहने बानों को सरकार एक मृहरनुदा धाइडेंटि-फिकेनन कार्ड दे दे ताकि जो मुसलमान धसान के रहने वाले हैं, जिन के हक में हाई कोर्ट ने फैसला दिया है कि उन को जबर-बस्ती ढकेसा गया है, उन को इस बारे में धाइन्या शिकायत न हो, और जब पुलिस बाले धार्ये तो यह धाप का दिया हुधा तस्वीर-मुदा कार्ड उनके सामने रख दें धीर कह सकें कि वे हिन्दुस्तानी हैं :

شری عبدالتنی دار: میں وزیر ماحب ہے جانا چاہتا ہیں کہ اس کو روکئے کے لئے کہا کوئی ایسا انتظام کہا جائے گا کہ بارڈر پر جو ویلیجین مصرفدہ الڈیٹھینکھشن کارڈ دے دے تاکہ جو مسلمان آسام نے رہائے والے میں ماٹیکورچہ نے نہوں کے حتی میں ماٹیکورچہ تمکیلا گیا ہے ۔ ان کو اس بارے میں تمکیلا گیا ہے ۔ ان کو اس بارے میں والے آئیں تو وہ اور جب پولیسی نو وہ آپ کا دیا ہوا نصویر شدہ کارڈ ان کے سامار وکیه دیں نصویر شدہ کارڈ ان کے سامار وکیه دیں اور کیه سامار وکیه دیں

भी यक्षयन्तराव बन्हान : यह बड़ा घन्छा सुझाव है भीर इस के बारे में गीर किया जा सकता है !

ههن -

नी स॰ सि॰ सम्बर्धनी : भाप निसी ।पर मक मत की जिये । दी मीम का इलाका चेरा नहीं वानेगा, भाइवेंदिनिकेशन कार्य बांटे नहीं वार्षेगे, घलन ने युक्तान दिया वाकि तार लगाया जाय, लेकिन तार सगाया नहीं जायेगा :

ची बज्ञचन्तराव श्रव्हाच : संतवरिशक इम नहीं हैं। प्राप संज्ञवात्मक बात करते हैं। प्राप मानते हैं कि कोई चोर आयेगा धौर हिन्दुस्तान को नुक्तान पहुंचायेगा।

श्री अञ्चल ग्रंगी दार: मैंने पूछा था कि सरकार वहां पर बाइवेंटिफिकेनन गार्ड जारी करेगी या नहीं ताकि मुसलमानों को बाहर न ढकेला जाये। उस का क्या जवान है ?

شری فیدالفلی دار : میں نے پوچھا تھا که سرکار وھاں پر آٹڈیلٹھفیکیشن کارڈ جاری کرےگی یا نہیں تاکہ مسلمتوں کو نہ تھکیلا جائے - اس کا کیا جواب ہے -

सी सज्ञाचम्सराच सम्हाजः यह सुझाव ठीकहै, हम इस पर सोचेंगे।

Shrimati Jyotana Chanda: Of the 900 families of infiltrators, in Assam, how many have been pushed back?

Shri Y. B. Chavan: I have got information only about the last two months. I have not got about the full period because the question relates to a very much longer period.

ghri Bai Raj Madhok: In view of the fact that the census of 1961 showed that the Muslim population had increased many times more than that of the other population and a sual danger has arisen that in that part of the country the population complexion is changing very fast with the consequent danger that tomorrow Pakistan may raig a claim to these areas also on the ground that they are Muslimmajority areas, this is not a question of local importance but one of national importance. What are Government thinking and planning to prevent this planned change of complexion of population of these border areas of the country?

Shri Y. B. Chavan: I would like to make my point very clear. It is not a question of merely changing the pattern of the population. It is a question of seeing that if there are any foreigners residing in the country as Indian citizens, care is taken to remove them: at the same time, we will have to see that Indian citizens who happen to be Muslims are not erred against and pushed out unjustly.

Mr. Speaker: Short Notice Question No. 1-Shri Kanwar Lat Gupta.

Shri Krishna Kumar Chatterice (Howrsh): Before you take up the Short Notice Question, I have make a submission . .

Mr. Speaker: After the question hour it is taken up. Let it be answered first.

SHORT NOTICE QUESTION 12 00 hrs.

Admission in Delhi Colleges

S.N.Q. 1. Shri Kanwar Lai Gupta: Shri R. S. Vidyarthi: Shri Ram Kishan Gupta: Shri Bhogendra Jha: Shri K. M. Madhukar: Shri Hukam Chand Kachwai: Shri Ram Singh Ayarwal:

Shri Yashpel Singh: Shri S. C. Samanta: Shri Onkar Singh: Shri Sidheskwar Prasad: Shri N. S. Sharms: Shri Brij Bhushan Lal:

Will the Minister of Education be pleased to state:

(a) the way in which Government propose to solve the College admission problem in the Capital: 140 (AL) LSD-1

- (b) whether it is a fact that there is no provision for Science in women college of the Capital;
- (c) if so, the action Government propose to take in this regard:
- (d) whether it is also a fact that students getting less than 40 per cent marks are denied admission in the Delhi University; and
- (c) if so, the alternative arrangement which Government have made for them?

शिका मन्त्रासय में राष्ट्रय संत्री (औ भागवत हो। ब्राजाद) : (क) दिल्ली प्रकासन ने 1967-68 के सक्ष में पांच नये महाविद्यालयों की स्थापना का निष्यय किया है। इस के धतिरिक्त कई वर्तमान महाविद्यालयों में स्थान बद्धाने का भी प्रस्ताव है।

- (खा) जी नहीं ≀
- (ग) प्रथम नहीं उठता ।
- (घ) जी हां।
- (ह) ऐसे विद्यार्थियों के लिये कोई दसरी व्यवस्था नहीं है

भी संबर साल गुप्त : क्या मंत्री महोदय बतमायेंगे कि इस साम बी० ए० पास. बी॰ ए॰ धानसं बी॰ काम॰, बी॰ एससी जनरम भौर बी॰ एससी मानमें में कितनी कितनी सीटें धीर ज्यादा चाहियें, और इन सीटों के लिये कैंसा कैंसा प्रबन्ध किया गया है ? क्या मंत्री महोदय यह कैटेगारिकल लेक्योरेंस देंगे कि कोई भी एलिजियल स्टडेंट दिल्ली में वास्तिले के बगैर नहीं रहेगा?

थी मागवत सा धावार : मंत्रासन के कार्यकारी दल ने 1967-68 में विकासियों के प्रवेश के लिये संभावित मांग पर विचार किया, और उस के धनुसार वह धाराज संगया गया है कि 1967-68 में संवाधित मांग विज्ञान के सबकों के निवे