Shri Annasahib Shinde: No, Sir, The question regarding fertilizer capacity not being utilized fully and consequent under production may be addressed to the Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals. As regards prices I have already explained the

position to the House.

Shri M. R. Krishna: May I know whether there is any difference in price charged to the big landlords who are entitled to get agricultural loans etc. and the prices which are charged to small land-owners who are not eligible for any loan? I would also like to know whether there are any complaints that for the 30 per cent production allowed to be sold by the manufacturers the prices charged are not according to the prices fixed by the Government?

Shri Annasahib Shinde: In regard to the first part of the hon. Member's question there is no discrimination whatsoever between a big farmer and a small farmer in regard to the prices at which fertilizers are made available. In regard to the second part of the hon. Member's question, I have already explained the position that 30 per cent of the indigenous production is allowed to be sold freely by the manufacturers.

Shri Shri Chand Goel: In view of Government's determination to crease agricultural production and in view of the shortage of fertilizer would like to know whether the Government has any plan to augment the supply of fertilizers, because the prices certainly depend on demand and supply and if supplies are augmented the prices are likely to come would also like to know the plan of the Government to increase fertilizer production in the next Plan so that the farmers are in a position to get the required quantity at reasonable prices.

Shri Annasahib Shinde: I can understand the anxiety of the hon. Members to increase the availability of fertilizers. But may I submit for the information of the hon. House that

this year the availability of fertilizer is much more than it was ever before? We have made larger quantities available to the farmers this year? For instance, we are making available nitrogenous fertilizer to the tune of 13.5 lakh tons, phosphatic fertilizers to the tune of 5 lakh tons and potash to the tune of 2.17 lakhs tons. I think the availability is 50 to 60 per cent more than that of last year.

Decontrol of Sugar

*453. Shri Yashpal Singh: Shri P. Ramamurti: Shri A. K. Gopalan:

Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the sugar mill owners have asked for decontrol of sugar as a measure to boost sugar production:
- (b) if so, whether Government have considered their demand; and
- (c) the steps Government have taken in the matter?

The Minister of State in the Ministry of Food, Agriculture, Community Development and Cooperation (Shri Annasahib Shinde): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). Decontrol does not seem to be feasible in the present sugar situation.

श्री यशपाल सिंह : मैं कृषि मंत्री जी को इम बात के लिये बधाई देता हूं कि उन्होंने मिल मालिकान को श्रागाह किया है, उन्हें बडी जबदंस्त वार्निंग दी है। हम लोग जो गन्ना पैदा करते हैं हमारे देश का रुपया दो दो साल बाद तक दिया जाता है और मिल मालिकान भपनी इंडस्ट्री बढाते रहते है। मैं जानना चाहता हू कि भापके इस त्यान के बाद भी मिल मालिकान ने कहीं पर पेमेंट मुरू किया है या नहीं किया है यदि नहीं किया है तो कब तक उनके खिलाफ भाप ऐक्शन से लेंगे ?

भी घटल बिहारी बाजपेयी सवाल क्या है, सप्लीमेंटरी क्या है ।

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भी यद्मपाल सिंह : शुगर के बारे में है. डिकन्टोल का है ।

Shri Annasahib Shinde: ment of sugarcane price is govern-

Shri K. N. Tiwary: Sir, how is he replying? The question is It does not concern this.

ग्रम्यक्ष महोदय : भव ग्राप दूमरा मवाल पुछिये ।

श्री यशपाल सिंह : पहला तो मजुर नहीं हुआ है। इन्तिए यह पहला ही मेरा सवाल होगा । दूसरा वाकी बच जाएगा ।

ध्रकेले उत्तर प्रदेश में हमारी गवर्नमेट को डेढ सौ करोड रुपये का नकमान हम्रा है। वह इसलिए हमा है कि काण्तकार को जो उसके गन्ने का पैना या वह नहीं मिल मका सौर मिल मालिकों को गृड बनाने की इजाजत नहीं मिल सकी । आज अगर डीकंट्रोल कर भी दिया जाता है तो यह डेढ़ सौ करोड रुपये का नुकमान जो उत्तर प्रदेश की मरकार को हमा है यह किम तरह से पूरा हो सकेगा और सरकार के मामने क्या दिक्कत है जा डिकंटोल नहीं कर रही है ?

Shri Annasahib Shinde: mentioned in the main answer that we are not contemplating decontrol of sugar.

भी कंबर लाल ग्यतः मली महोदय न कहा है कि कुछ कारणों की वजह से हम डिकंट्रोल नहीं कर पा रहे हैं। मैं जानना चाहता है कि वे कारण क्या हैं ? क्या उनमें से एक कारण यह भी है कि शुगर का प्रोडक्शन भिर गया है ? यदि हों तीं इसका क्या कारण ह ? पहले कितना प्रोडे क्मन होता या ग्रीएम्ब कितना प्रोडक्शन होता है ?

Shri Annasahib Shinde: The main reason why at the moment we do not contemplate decontrol is that if sugar is decontrolled, as a result of inadequate availability of sugar market prices will shoot up and that

will have a very adverse effect on the economy. As far as the other part of the question is concerned, up to the end of October this year's production is likely to be 21.8 lakh tonnes as compared to 35 lakh tonnes of last year.

भी प्राथल सिंह : नया मंत्री महोदय को मालम है कि चीनी बाजार में साढे तीन रुपये और चार रुपये किलो बिक रही है ? यदि चीनी को इतनी ज्यादा कमी है तो नया कारण है कि इसको वाहर से मंगा कर लोगों को नहीं दिया जाता है ? क्यों नही उस तरह से किया जाता है जिस तरह से श्री रफी महमद किदवई साहब ने 1956 में विदेशों से चीनी मगा कर उपभोक्ताओं को दी थी ?

Shri Annasahib Shinde: We are not thinking of importing sugar. It would be unfortunate if we start thinking in terms of importing sugar.

Jets for Air-India

*454. Shri Madhu Limaye:

Shri George Fernandes: Shri J. H. Patel: Shri Umanath: Shri K. Ramani: Shri S. K. Tapurlah: Shri K. P. Singh Deo: Shri N. K. Somani: Shrimati Tarkeshwari Sinha:

Will the Minister of Tourism Civil Aviation be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Air-India ordered two Supersonic "Concorde" jets for its international fleet:
- (b) whether it is now proposed to cancel this order in preference to four Boeing-747 aircraft known "Jumbo" jets:
- (c) if so, the estimated penalty required to be paid to the French Company for cancellation of the earlier order; and
- (d) the circumstances under which the decision to cancel the earlier order was taken?