

status; abolition of free ground transportation to passengers; and very strict control over administrative and publicity expenses.

(b) The saving effected is estimated at Rs. 192 lakhs during 1971-72.

श्री मूलबन्ध डागा : आपने बड़ी अच्छी लिस्ट दी है—एयर लाइन्स कार्पोरेशन के बन्दर 9 की जगह 15 डाइरेक्टर्स कर दिये हैं। मैं जानना चाहता हूँ कि यह प्रयासन पर ज्यादा खर्चा है या नहीं ?

डा० कर्ण सिंह : जी नहीं, बसबस महोदय, डाइरेक्टर्स पर कोई विशेष खर्चा नहीं होता है। जब मीटिंग होती है, तब डाइरेक्टर्स की कुछ फोडी-बहुत मिलता है, उन पर बहुत कम खर्चा है।

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: May I know whether the recent shifting of the Air India office in Bombay to the new luxurious quarters at Nariman-point effected economy in expenditure or enhancement in expenditure?

DR. KARAN SINGH: The building at Narimanpoint is Air India's own building, which is a prestige building put up there. I would have thought that shifting from rented accommodation to their own building would in fact result in some kind of saving.

केंद्रीय सरकार क मंत्रियों द्वारा विदेशों के दौर

275. श्री हुकम चन्द कज्जाबाव : क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान केन्द्र सरकार के मंत्रियों, राज्य मंत्रियों तथा उप-मंत्रियों के विदेशी दौरो पर भारतीय तथा विदेशी मुद्रा में कुल कितनी धनराशि खर्च की गई ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI K. B. GANESH): According to the information readily available, the amount of money in foreign exchange spent on the foreign visits of Ministers, Ministers of State and Deputy Ministers of

the Central Government for the years 1969-70 and 1970-71 was as follows:—

1969-70	Rs. 2,89,314
1970-71	Rs. 4,21,899

As regards the amount spent in Indian currency during the above years and the amount spent in Indian and foreign currency during 1971-72 on foreign visits of Ministers, Ministers of State and Deputy Ministers, the information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House as soon as possible.

श्री हुकम चन्द कज्जाबाव : आपने अपने उत्तर में 1969-70 से 2,89,314 रु० खर्च बताया, जब कि 1970-71 में 4,21,899 रु० खर्च हुआ, अर्थात् 1970-71 में 1969-70 के मुकाबले दुगना खर्च हुआ—इसका क्या कारण है, एक साल में जो इतनी बढ़ोतरी हुई है, इसका क्या कारण है ? क्या सभी मंत्रियों ने विदेश-दौरा करने का निश्चय किया है ?

SHRI K. B. GANESH: More delegations and more ministers have gone abroad. That is the obvious reason.

MR. SPEAKER: That was a Bangladesh year.

श्री हुकम चन्द कज्जाबाव : आपने अपने उत्तर में घन्त में बताया है कि हमारे पास जानकारी नहीं है, जो रुकम भारतीय मुद्रा में खर्च की गई है उसकी जानकारी नहीं है। मैं आपके माध्यम से जानना चाहता हूँ कि यह प्रश्न दिये हुये कौनों समयों ही गया है—इस जानकारी की एकत्रित करने में आपके सामने कौन-कौन सी कठिनाइयाँ हैं, कौन सी दिक्कतें आ रही हैं, जिनके कारण आप सांकड़े देना नहीं चाहते हैं।

SHRI K. B. GANESH: These figures of Indian currency expenditure have got to be collected from various ministries. The Finance Ministry does not maintain them. They are maintained

in the budgetary account of the Home Ministry.

MR. SPEAKER: I hope you will supply the figures.

SHRI K. R. GANESH: As soon as they are available, we will supply.

Mills asked by Government to Open Fair Price Shops

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*276. SHRI M. RAM GOPAL REDDY:

SHRI M. KALYANA-SUNDARAM:

Will the Minister of FOREIGN TRADE be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the mills which have been asked by Government to open fair price shops to handle retail trade of controlled varieties of cloth; and

(b) the places where these fair price shops have been opened during the last two months?

THE MINISTER OF FOREIGN TRADE (SHRI L. N. MISHRA): (a) All composite mills have been asked to open ten retail shops each in their surrounding urban and rural areas. The mills, the management of which has been taken over by Government under the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 have been asked directly to do so. A statement (I) showing the names of such mills is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3881/72]. The Indian Cotton Mills' Federation also has, on Government's request, directed all composite mills under their control to take similar action.

(b) A statement (II) showing the names of places where the Government-managed mills have opened retail shops is also laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3881/72].

SHRI M. RAM GOPAL REDDY: Is there any provision for getting long cloth and coarse cloth in these shops?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: Long cloth and coarse cloth required by the public are available in these shops. They are available not only in the shops opened by the composite mills but also in the shops opened by the National Textile Corporation.

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA: In the statement laid on the Table by the Minister we see the names of some spinning mills also. Have those mills been asked to open fair price shops to sell yarn to the handloom weavers?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: No, Sir. Yarn is dealt with by a different machinery. These mills may be spinning mills only in name; they may be doing weaving also. Only those mills which produce cloth have been asked to open cloth shops; mills producing only yarn cannot be asked to open cloth shops.

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA: May I point out that the statement refers to ten shops for the sale of yarn?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: As I mentioned in the Rajya Sabha in answer to a question, for the distribution of yarn we have a different machinery. The distribution of yarn is also controlled but it is done through the co-operation federation and other machinery evolved by the State Governments.

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी अध्यक्ष जी, मिलों का काम कपड़ा बनाना है, उन्हें बेचने के काम देने की क्या जरूरत है। क्या यह उचित का क्षेत्रीयकरण नहीं है? क्या सरकार मिलों से नहीं कह सकती कि व कपड़ा उचित दर पर दें ताकि उचित दाम की दुकानें चल सकें।

श्री एल० एन० मिश्र : अटलजी, आपने बड़ी बुद्धिमत्ता से प्रश्न किया है . . .

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : सर्टिफिकेट के लिये धन्यवाद।