कर्मा महीपेद : यह सवामें इंस में कैसे पैवा होता है ?

SHBI M, RAM GOPAL REDDY: The hon. Member was casting persions on Siri Kamelagati Tripalisi. I want to know from the hon. Minister whether he had resigned after taking respondbility on himself for the revolt of the PAC or on account of bis impotency.

भी पटन विहारी वाचपेशी : विपा ी जी की रक्षा करने वाले बहुत वहां कैंडे हैं। मार्ननीय रेडडी जी की क्या फ़िक हो रही है विपाठी जी की।

भी एंभे॰ राम गीपास रेडडी : में जानता बाहता है कि इस्तीका माननीय कमलापनि जी ने इसनिये विया कि इंतजाम नहीं कर सकते थे या इसलिये दिया कि पी० ए० सी० रिवोल्ट की जिम्मेदारी उन्होंने प्रयमे ऊपर सी ?

प्राप्यक्ष भरीषप . मही जी जबाब देना नाहेती दे।

(कोई उत्तर भहीं दिया गया)

भी राम रतन शर्मा : मदी महोदय ने प्रश्न का उत्तर देते हुए बतलाया कि उत्तर प्रदेश में कातून और व्यवस्था मे सुद्धार हमा है राष्ट्रपति जासन के बाद ने । मैं मंत्री जी से जानना बाहता ह कि उत्तर प्रदेश में खाम तीर से बुन्हें संखंड इलाके में, जब से राष्ट्रपति जासन हुआ तब से उक्नैती, चोरी भीर कत्ल में प्रति माह बढ़ोतरी हुई है पचवा महीं ?

धन्यम महोवय: कोई खास विजेष इलाके का पूछ रहे है या शोवर श्रील सवाल पूछ रहे हैं।

भी प्रवन बना करा : बुदेसखंट के प्राकड़े मेरे पास मही है, लेकिन उसैती घीर रीवरी के शक्ते जो है उसके मनुसार फिल्ते वर्ष 16 जुन से 15 प्रगस्त तक को पांकर पे धीर को स्त साम 16 व्य ते 13 वनस्त तक कें वर्षिक है क्षत्र की तूर्यमा इसे प्रकीर है :-

> क्तीतीं विक्रमें बंधी 680 मीर इस बर्च 553

Oral Anothers

रौंबेरी पिंछ्ले वर्ष 1041 घोर इस वर्ष १५५

SHRI MADHURYYA Minister is advocating President's rule in UP in order establish law and order to which we do not agree. But there has been repression of Harijans and the movement of agricultural labourers in UP. May I know to what extent the agitation of agricultural labourem for better emoliments and the repression of Harijana has been responsible for the law and order situation in UP?

SHRI K. C. PANT: I do not exactly know; I do not have the figures in respect of the two kinds of agitations which the hon. Member has referred to. But, of late, except for one case in the district of Jaunpur, there has been no other reported regarding atrocities Harijans. As far as I know, there has been no agrarian unrest that baa come to notice, at least to my knowled ge.

Incentive to small units

*483. SHERI B. V. NAIK: SHRI VIKRAM MARAJAN:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AND SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

- (a) the incentivas that are being offered to the industrial units in the aector viz., sector with capital investment below Rs. 1 lakh:
- (b) the approximate number units in this sector; and
- (c) the outlines of plao, if prepared in this behalf?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ZIAUR BERMAN ANSARI): (a) Several incentives are given for promotion of small scale industries but no separate or additional incentives are offered to industrial units with capital investment below Rs. 1 lakh.

- (b) The number of small scale units with capital investment less than Ra. 1 lakh will be known only on completion of a census which is being organised.
- (c) No separate plana have been drawn up in regard to small acale units with capital investment below Rs. 1 lakh.

SHRI B. V. NAIK: The hon. Minister has stated that no separate plans have been drawn up. I would like to bring to his kind notice a report which has appeared in the Tribune of May 20, 1973 which reads:

"The Industrial Development Ministry has decided to grant new entrepreneurs in the small scale industry capital cost upto a maximum of Rs. 1.5 lakhs to enable them to set up employment-oriented industries. Mr. A L. Nanjappa said the new scheme recently approved by the Ministry could be taken advantage of by the new particularly entrepreneurs. the educated unemployed".

This has been atated in the month of May 1973. Since the Minister says there is no separate plan, may I know what this new scheme mentioned by the Director of Small Scale Industries is about?

SHRI ZIAUR REMMAN ANSARI: As a matter of fact, the concept of tiny units, as a Third Sector, has been incorporated in one of the recommendations of the Committee for drafting legislation on small acale industry, i.e. the Bhatt Committee. But this is still under Government's

consideration and no decision has yet been taken.

SHRI B. V. NAIK: Obviouals. Director has stated comething COOF tradictory to the directives of the Minister. Since there have been varied proposals in regard to industrially very very backward areas which have not been classified as industrially very backward, will this scheme, when it is formulated and finalised, be made applicable to those areas with high unemployment? Will this be applied to those areas which are industrially very backward but are considered industrially backward only?

SHRI ZIAUR RAHMAN ANSARI: I have already said that a decision as to whether this concept of a new sector of tiny unit industries should be accepted and auch a sector be created has not yet been taken. Of course, after Government take a decision in this regard, the case of backward areas will be taken into account.

SHRI VIKRAM MAHAJAN: In view of the fact that there is high unemployment in the country and its rate is going up by 18 per cent per annum while the population growth rate is 15 per cent per annum. what steps is the Ministry taking to increase the rate of growth of small industries and why it has not given sufficient incentives so far to increase the rate of growth?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AND SCIENCE **TECHNOLOGY** AND (SHRI SUBRAMANIAM): I am sure hon, member is aware that as far as the small scale sector is concerned. the growth has been quite significant. As a matter of fact, it is at the rate of 11 per cent per year. Therefore, I do not agree with the hon, member that the growth is not adequate. But of course, this could be further accelerated. But tlie question here is whether within the small scale sector itself you will have sub-sector called the tiny sector. It

is with reference to this that some recommendation has been made in one of the reports. But generally it is opposed by all State Governments; we should concentrate on the entire small scale industry rather than create another tiny sector within it.

भी हुक्तमकथ कछवाय: मैं मंत्री नही-दय से जानमा चाहता हूं कि क्या यह बात सही है कि जो छोटे उद्योग हैं उन को उत्पादन के सिए जिस कच्चे माल की भावश्यकता है वह कठिनाई से मिलता है, और भक्तर मिलता भी नहीं है समय के उत्पर, जिस के कारण उन का विकास नहीं हो रहा है ?

श्री जियाजर्हहमान श्रन्सारी: जहां तक रा मेंटीरियल का सवाल है, यह बात सही है कि बहुत से ऐसे स्केजसं रा मेंटीरियल हैं जिन की हम को परेशानी है भीर उन के बारे में दिक्कत होनी है, लेकिन जितना रा मेंटीरियल अंगेलेबल है उस में से हम स्माल स्केल सेक्टर को काफी माता में देते हैं।

श्री पा दाम शहिषार: सरकार वह जोरो से प्रवार करती है कि हम पिछड़े क्षेत्रों में छोटे छोटे उद्योग धन्ये खोनेंगे, लेकिन देखा यह जाता है कि जहा पर वडे उद्योग हैं वही पर छोटे उद्योग लग रहे हैं। मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि क्या सरकार ऐसी कोई ऐसी नीति निर्धारित करने जा रही है कि उद्योगपितयों को तब तक लाइसेंस नहीं दिया जाएगा जब तक वह उन को पिछड़े इनाकों में खोलने के लिए तैयार न हों।

वी नियाउ (कृतान प्रन्तारी: माननीय सदस्य को कुछ गतत फहमी है। सरकार ने यह कथी नहीं कहा है कि सरकार खुद स्मान स्केल से क्टर के उद्योग खोलेगी। हम इन्सेक्टिया देते हैं उन नये एन्टरप्रेयोर्स से को जो स्मान स्केल सेक्टर इंडस्ट्रीय सगाना चाहते हैं। उस के सिए

हम उनको इन्हेंग्टिंग्य देते हैं और बह इन्हेंग्टिंग्य सबको मासूम हैं। जहां तक बड़ें कारखानों के खेल में स्माल-स्केल इंडस्ट्री यूनिट्स वेः लगाने का सवाल है, यह भी हमारी पालिसी है कि जहा पर भी बड़ी इंडस्ट्रीच लोकेटेड हैं वहां पर हम ऐमी ऐन्सिलरी इडस्ट्रीच डोनेल्प करेजो उन बड़ी इन्डस्ट्रीच के साम लग सके। इस में ज्यादा एक्प्लायमैंट पोटेशज भी किएट किया जा सकेगा।

SHRI VASANT SATHE: In view of the tremendous potentiality for providing employment in the sector of industries, that is, cottage industries where the maximum aelfemployment is possible, such aa in the handicraft or the handloom sector which the hon. Deputy Minister is fully acquainted with, will the Government prepare a comprehenaive plan at least in the fifth five year plan so that this sector is taken care independently and given the wherewithal and protection in terms of raw materials as well as a guarantee in marketing, and thus really provide large scale employment? such a plan be prepared?

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: There are three sectors: one medium and large, the second is the small scale, and the third one is the village and cottage industries. The small scale industries do not cover the village and the cottage industries. There is a separate section for that, which is covered by the Khadi and Village Industries Commission and the rural industries programme. All the steps which the hon Member mentioned would be taken care of.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: It is the tiny sector; which other finy sector you have in mind?

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: If he reads the question, he will find that the hon. Member who tabled the question referred to the tiny sector, that is, those industries with capits!

investment below Rs. 1 lake should be categorised as the tiny sector within the small scale sector. The cottes industries and the rural industries are experate and they are being looked after and all the encouragement is being given to these sectors.

DR RANEN SEN: May I know whether the hon. Minister is aware of the fact that one of the difficulties of this tiny sector of the small scale industries is the competition from big industries as a result of which quite a large number of tiny sector industries in the small scale industries are going out of existence, as for example. the electric lamp and bulb industries in West Bengal wherein 40,000 workers are engaged. May I know, in view of the fact that there is competition from the big industries, whether any step has been taken to save such industries from the stranglehold of competition from the big Industries?

SHRI C SUBRAMANIAM: May I submit that this does not arise out of this question? But I can inform the hon. Member that we have reserved 124 industries only for the small scale sector and the big industries are not allowed to enter it, and we are examining further industries for the purpose of being completely reserved for the small scale sector.

DR. RANEN SEN: I have specially mentioned the lamp-bulb industries. He may be permitted to answer it.

MR. SPEAKER: This question was not within the scope of this main question and he still replied to it.

DR. RANEN SEN. He can reply in toto without suppressing any facts

MR. SPEAKER: What is meant by in toto?

DR. RANEN SEN: It means in full; I referred to the lamp-bulb industries in West Bengal.

MR SREATER: You want a comprophential regio? Can the Minister sine min. the (plementer)

SERI C. SUBBAMARIAM: I have already enewered this question case before. This is, under the consideration of the Government and a Committee is going into the matter.

Allegations made by All India Confederation of Government Officers' Assignation applies Consument for their policy of provariouties, suppression of truth, misuse of mass media, etc.

*484. SHRI BHAGIRATH BHAN-WAR: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have seen the reports of the proceedings of the All-India Confederation of Government Officers' Association in which an allegation has been made that the Government's Administration's response to the present grave crisis is "prevarication, suppression of truth, misuse of mass media etc."; and

(b) if so, the reaction of the Government to these resolutions and allegations of the A.I.C. of Government Officers', Association?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PER-SONNEL (SHRI RAM MIRDHA): (a) and (b). Government have seen a news-item in the Hindustan Times, dated the 3nd July, 1978, which contains some statements made by the All India Confederation of Central Government Officers' Associations. According to this newaitem, the Confederation is said to have made some allegations of a very general nature against the administrative system without mentioning any specific issue.

Attention is also invited to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 3867 on the 28nd August, 1978.