Union Oceanisations have opposed appointment of more wage boards. He asks, what are the grounds for opposing.

BHRI R. K. KHADILKAR : They do not want us to interfere, they say they will deal with the employers. That is the only ground.

Damage of wheat at F.C.L. Godown in Delbi due to unloading

*1300. SHRI N. K. SANGHI: DR. KARNI SINGH:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

- (a) whether 250 truck loads of wheat had to be sent back to Haryana Mandi after they were rain-soaked because they could not be unloaded at the FCI godown in Delhi even after waiting for some days;
- (b) whether a substantial quantity of the foodgrains was damaged making it unfit for human consumption:
- (c) is so, whether any assessment has been made of the losses : and
- (d) what steps have been taken to prevent recurrence of such incidents?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHR) ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE): (a) No. Sir.

As a result of work-to-rule agitation by a Secion of Food Corporation employees. 276 trucks which had brought wheat from Haryana for Food Corporation of India depots in Delhi could not be unloaded on the 26th and 27th June 1971. Only 126 trucks had to be returned to Haryana but the remaining were unloaded at other storage points in and around Delhi. None of the truck loads of wheat was rain soaked.

(b) to (d). Do not arise,

SHRI N. K. SANGHI: The hon. Minister has made contradictory remarks, When 126 trucks were returned to Heryana after remaining in Delhi for three days. A A CONTRACTOR

they may not be rain soaked but they would have become moist. And cortainly a huge amount of loss has been incurred by the Food Corpotation. May I know whether a loss of as much as Rs. 25 takhs has been incurred?

to the state when we have the

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE: It is not correct because the trucks were properly covered by tarpaulin. In the rainy season they are normally covered, and these trucks in particular were covered and there was no damage as for as these trucks are concerned.

SHRI N. K. SANGHI: The movement of food from the mandis to the various depots is a continuous process and these strikes are taking place from time to time in the Food Corporation. In case strikes take place in future, have you thought of any alternative arrangements to see that there is no loss sustained?

ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE: We have given considerable thought to this problem. This year, the problem came in a very big way, because the magnitute of procurement was very big. But all the same, we tried to meet the situation and reduce the losses to the minimum. Storage, transport coordination, etc. were all looked into and we made arrangements to see that the foodgrains were properly covered, even if it was in the open.

भी राजवन्त्र विकल :126 इक दिल्ली आए और छीट गए। मैं जानना चाहता है कि उनके काते का और जाने का क्या काररा था ?

अध्यक्ष सहोदय : दिल्ली हो सभी बाते हैं।

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : In my main reply, I have explained the whole position.

Parmers Trade Union Organisation

March Street, Str. Co.

*1301. SHRI RANABAHADUR SINGH: Will the Minimer of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state

(a) Government's policy regarding the healthy growth of a Farmers Trade Union Organisation in this country; and

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(b) the steps the Gövernment propose to take to expedite the growth of such Trade Unions?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE): (a) We presume that the Hoa, Member has in mind the farmers' organisations on the lines of trade unions. The Governmen: would like to encourage the growth of farmers' voluntary organisations. In the development of agriculture voluntary organisations can play an important role.

(b) The Government is already helping the farmers' volun ary organisations by various means, including financial and technical assistance. Extensive operational assistance and co-operation is also being extended to such organisations.

SHRI RANABAHADUR SINGH: We have seen for the last 15 years that such farmers' organisations, as soon as they receive financial help, tend to become ineffective. Actually recognition of their viability as a pressure group is the main feature which makes them helpful and useful. May I know whether the Government has any policy in view which would give them this recognition which they have not so far received?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE: At the national level, we have recognised four organisations Bharat Krishak Samaj—Young Farmers' Association of India, National Tonnage Club of Farmers, and Bharatiya Gram Mahija Sangh. It is for the State Government to consider organisations at the State level. As Federal Government, we only consider national organisations.

SHRI RANABAHADUR SINGH: I understand that the Government has been giving financial aid to these organisations. But my submission was that the financial aid itself made these organisations tend to become ineffectual. My specific question was, in view of this fact that financial aid does not help—on the other hand, recognition as a pressure lobby group helps—does the Government have any policy in view to give them this sort of recognition?

SHRI ANNABAHER P. SHINDE : It is a suggestion for action. भी आए । बी । बड़ें : भारत हज़क समान की हमने रिकमिशन दे रला है। क्या गह सब है कि उसकी सेंटर से कुछ भी मदद नहीं मिसती है और स्टेट्स से भी बहुत थोड़ा सा पैसा मिलता है ? क्या बासन का इस कोर क्यान गया है ?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDB: Normally we do not give any grants to any organisation. But if they organise come seminar or some programme connected with training farmers in productive programme, taking into consideration the nature of the programme we give some small modest amounts.

SHRI R. V. BADE: What is the amount given?

MR SPEAKER; For that, he should ask another question.

श्री संकर बयास शर्मा: नया यह सब है
कि किल्लो में पिछली सोसह तारील को प्राप्न सिश्व
फामसं एसोसिएशन नाम की संस्था का निर्माण
हुआ था जिसमें मुख्य अतिथि के छप में प्रो०
मेर सिंह जी उपस्थित थे? यदि हां तो क्या
सरकार इस संस्था को कुछ सहायता बेने जा
रही है?

MR. SPEAKER; This is not relevant here. It does not arise out of this.

SHRI SHIVAJI RAO S, DESHMUKH: The question specifically related to organising farmers on the trade union pattern. The answer is about voluntary organisations of farmers which are aided by the Central Government. In view of the need for putting teeth into farmers' organisations, whether voluntary or involuntary and is view also of the fact that many of the trade union leaders out of frustration may become Naxalites, do the government propose taking the help of such unemployed trade union leaders so that they can organise the associations of farmers and make them effective, so far as farmers are concerned?

MR. SPEAKER; I think I have to pass on to the pext question. SHRI SHIVAJI RAO S. DESHMUKH: While the question was about trade unions the answer was about voluntary associations.

MR SPEAKER: Whom are you representing?

SHRI SHIVAJI RAO S. DESHMUKH: Farmers do require a trade union organisation. Government have skipped over the point in the answer. Let the government be compelled to answer the question of organisation of farmers op the trade union pattern.

MR. SPEAKER: It is my unpleasant duty to judge the relevancy.

SHRIB. S. MURTHY: May I know whether the State Governments have had any discussions with the Centre as to the development activities to be taken up for the farmers?

MR. SPEAKER: The main question was about farmers' trade union organisations.

SHRIB, S. MURTHY: May 1 know whether the State Governments have had any discussion with the Centre about this because the States have umpteen farmers' organisations?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE: Occasionally these things are discussed with the State Governments whenever they specifically make a reference to us.

Central Directive to State Regarding Interest of Widows, old persons etc. during implementation of Land Reforms

*1302. SHRI N. S. BISHT: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Central Government have issued any directive to the State Governments that white implementing land reforms in a State, the State Government should also keep in mind the interest of widows, old persons, disabled persons and persons who own small areas of cultivable land on which a family cannot depend exclusively and who (persons falling in all these categories) forced under the circumstances have to give their land on Batia, or Sajha, and

(b) if so, the main features thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE): (a) Land reform being a State subject the responsibility for formulation and implementation of tne legislation on land reforms is primarily the concern of the State Governments. Hence the question of issuing any directive by the Central Government to the State Governments with regard to making special provisions in the land legislations for widows, old persons, disabled persons and small owners etc. does not arise. Nevertheless. recommendations have been made in the successive Five Year Plans to give special consideration to disabled persons while enacting tenancy legislation.

(b) In this regard, several States have made special provisions for disabled persons and small landowners under the tenancy legislation.

श्री नरेन्द्र सिंह बिच्ट : जभीदारी एवा-लिशन एक्ट बन रहा है भीर लैंड दू दी टिल्नर के नारे पर बन रहा है। मैं सरकार से यह जानना चाहता था कि क्या सरकार महसस करती है कि जैसे फीजी भाइयों को यह सह-लियत दी गई है अमीदारी एवालिशन एक्ट में उनके लिए एवसेंटी लैंडलाई का कोई प्रका पैदा नहीं होगा ऐसी ही सहलियत नया दिस-एबल्ड परसंख जो हैं या जी विडोज हैं, उनकी भी दी जायगी ? ऐने भी लोग हैं जिन के पास इकोनोमिक होत्डिंग से बहत कम जबीन है। साढे छ: एकड इकोनोमिक होस्डिंग माना जाता है। किसी के पास एक है, किसी के पास बो भीर किसी के पास तीन वा चार एकड़। में जानना पाहता है कि ऐसे लोगों को औ सरकार ऐसी ही सुविधा देने का विचार रखती है बीली वह फीबी भाइयों को देती है ? यह करा पहला मौलिक प्रश्न है।

SHRI ANNABAHES P. SHINDS That has been explained already.