during the last three years was as sader

Year 1973—28,704 Nos. Year 1974—32,000 Nos. And year 1975—31,000 Nos.

These relate to diamond bits. So far as the diamond tools are concerned, the figures respectively, are 46,800; 62,189 and 64,000 in number. It there are applicants the hon. Member can assure them that so far as the Government is concerned, it is there to encourage them. But at present, there is no application pending.

## Tabloid Newspapers for Rural Areas

\*330. SHRI R. N. BARMAN: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

- (a) whether any effort has been made to lend a rural slant to our newspapers; and
- (b) whether there is any scheme to encourage production of tabloid newspapers for rural areas to deal with rural problems and suggest remedies thereto?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) The need for wider coverage of rural news has been repeatedly stressed by the Government. However, since the newspapers are not run by the Government, not much progress has been made in this direction.

(b) No. Sir. However, production on such tabloid newspapers for rural areas would be welcome

SHRI R. N. BARMAN: The hon. Minister has said that the Government has no control over the newspapers; and as such, not much progress could be made. Recently, the conference of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference was held. Did the hon Minister stress upon the need for giving

rural slant by the newspapers, at this conference, which he addressed?

SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA: As I had said the Government do not run the newspapers in this country. Both the Minister who had addressed the conference of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference in Patna and myself-both of us-had stressed the point to the Editors that there should be more wide coverage of news from our rural and backward areas. in our newspapers, so that our people can know what is happening there, what transformations are taking place there; what changes are taking place. And we hope-keeping in view the response that we got from the Editors-that they have begun realize that there is need for a much wider coverage of rural news in ournewspapers; and our information sys-

SHRI R. N. BARMAN: Would the Government like to change its policies and be prepared to help those newspapers which give better rural news?

SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA: This is an excellent suggestion; and we would definitely consider it. If there is any newspaper which circulates, or covers important news, or generally has an overtone of rural news, then we will naturally consider it with favour.

की जानसिंह भीरा: भिनिस्टर साहव ने अभी बतलाया कि उन्होंने कान्फ्रेन्स में कहा या कि जो अववार रूरल खबरों का अपने अखबार में ज्यादा जगह देंगे, उन को बढ़ावा दिया जायगा। क्या आप कुछ ऐसा करने जा रहे हैं—चूंकि अब तो समाचार एजेन्सी भी आप की है—इनमें जिन को एप्वाइन्ट किया जाय वे रूरल-आउटलुक के लोग हों। अन्सर यह वेखा गया है कि जो गहरी होते हैं उन का आउट-नुक भी गहरी होता है, वे गांव में नहीं जाना चाहते, इस लिये गांव की सहीं खिंदगी 23

को अपने अखबार में डिपिम्ट नहीं कर सकते इस लिये उन मैं ऐसे लोगों को लाये जिन का बाउटलुक रूरल हो, जिन्होंने गांव में एज केशन पाई हो, गांव की जिन्दगी से उनका नजदीकी ताल्लुक रहा हो।

की वर्ग रे सिहा : बध्यका जी, सब सै पहले मैं इस गलतफहमी का निराकरण करना चाहुंगा कि जो "समाचार" एजेन्सी बनी है उस का सरकार से सम्बन्ध है, क्या सरकार उसे चलाने वाली है । मैं इस गलतकहमी का भी निराकरण करना चाहंगा कि वहां के जो सम्पादक होंगे उन्हें सरकार मनोनीत करेगी या सरकार प्रपौइंट करेगी।

लेकिन यह मेरी भाशा भवश्य है कि "समाचार" भपने कामों में भव ऐसे क्षेत्रों मे समाचार संकलन के लिये जायेगी जहा अब तक समाचार संकलन साधन नहीं थे।

SHRI B. V. NAIK: The problem of the tabloids or the rural-biased newspapers are basically financial. though the Minister has said Government does not actually run these newspapers in this country, there is a lot of indirect influence which can be exerted by the Government on the running of newspapers Therefore, are there any schemes in the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting whereby the financial stringency these newspapers or news bulletins could be alleviated at least in earlier stages? For instance, the Directorate of Audio-Visual Publicity insists on a minimum circulation. which itself is beyond the reach many of the newspapers. be relaxed for a short period so that a newspaper could establish itself, and after that trial period you could stick to your rules regarding 2.000 circulation or whatever it is, so far as Government advertisements are concerned?

THE MINISTER OF STATE INFORMATION AND BROADCAST-ING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN It is the policy of the Government to encourage newspapers which have a rural bias and which have circulation in the tural areas. As the hon. Member has rightly pointed out here it is a question of finance. Here too we can help the newspapers to a very limited extent As a matter of policy, we try to do that, without influencing them in their business or in any other manner. We hope that in the new climate that has been generated, as we saw in the All India Newspaper Editors' Conference in Patna, where editor after editor said this attempt would be made, Government would be ready and willing to give whatever help we can legally and within our mein give them.

## Setting up of Spinning Mills in Kerala in Cooperative Sector

BHARGAVI \*331. SHRIMATI THANKAPPAN: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Kerala Government propose to set up two spinning mills in Quilon and Malappuram districts in Cooperative Sector;
- (b) whether Centre has been approached for its approval and sanctioning of necessary funds for this project; and
  - (c) Government's response thereto?

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND (SHRI A. C. CIVIL SUPPLIES GEORGE): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). Financial assistance to Cooperative Spinning Mil's is provided by the National Cooperative Development Corporation through the respective State Governments. proposal for assisting the cooperative