

SHRI DHAMANKAR: It is reported that there is an influx of settlers round about Tehelkad and Periyar lake area. These settlers and their cattle carry the virus disease in that area. May I know what steps have been taken by the Government to see that these are driven away from that area to protect the bisons in the sanctuary?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE: This was one of the recommendations of the Kerala Veterinary Research Institute and the local forest department has taken all necessary steps to keep local cattle away so that they are protected.

SHRI DHAMANKAR: There are other sanctuaries where bisons are plenty in number like Khan Park in Madhya Pradesh. I want to know whether Government has taken any measure to see that the virus does not reach this area and jeopardise the life of bisons there?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE: As I said in the main part of my reply a team from Izatnagar is making an on-the-spot investigation, and naturally if they make recommendations to take any other steps for protecting wild life and bisons elsewhere, we will do it accordingly.

SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN: May I know whether this virus is also spreading in other areas?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE: That is very difficult to say. Some effort has been made to separate bisons. But this epidemic now is going down, and recently, there is no report of fresh deaths.

राजस्थान के सूबा वस्तु जिलों का केन्द्रीय
अध्ययन दल द्वारा दौरा

529. श्री भूल चन्द डागा :

श्री लालजी भर्तृ :

क्या कृषि और सिंचाई मंत्री यह
बताते की कृपा करेंगे कि

(क) राजस्थान के विभिन्न जिलों में
हाल के सूखे से पीड़ित लोगों की जिले भर
संख्या क्या है ,

(ख) क्या सूखे की स्थिति को
गम्भीरता का पता लगाने के लिए किसी
केन्द्रीय अध्ययन दल ने इन जिलों का दौरा
किया था ;

(ग) क्या वहाँ के पशुओं को कम
मूल्य पर बेचा गया है जिससे कृषि उत्पादन
को क्षति पहुँची है; और

(घ) यदि हा तो राज्य सरकार द्वारा
इस कार्य के लिए कितनी सहायता का
[धनुरोध किया गया तथा केन्द्रीय सरकार
द्वारा कितनी सहायता राशि दी गयी ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND
IRRIGATION (SHRI ANNASAHEB P.
SHINDE): (a) to (d). A statement
is laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Statement

The number of persons affected by recent drought in various districts of Rajasthan, as reported by the State Government, is as follows:—

S. No.	Name of the District.	Popula- tion affect- ed (in lakhs)
1	Ajmer	6.00
2	Alwar	1.73
3	Banswara	5.79
4	Bikaner	3.27
5	Bundi	1.20
6	Barmer	7.10
7	Bhilwara	7.50
8	Bharatpur	1.49

9	Chitrogarh	2-97
10	Churu	4-93
11	Dungrapur	4-90
12	Shri Ganganagar	2-00
13	Jaisalwer	1-43
14	Jalore	6-21
15	Jodhpur	7-84
16	Jaipur	13-35
17	Nagaur	8-84
18	Pali	8-00
19	Jhunjhunu	7-25
20	Sirohi	3-10
21	Sikar	8-25
22	Sawai Madhopur	2-41
23	Tonk	2-15
24	Udaipur	14-76
TOTAL		132-56

(b) Some of the affected District were visited by the Central Study Team to assess the drought situation for advance plan assistance during the financial year 1974-75.

(c) The State Government have not received any such report

(d) Does not arise

श्री बल चन्द डागा अध्यक्ष महोदय,
मेरे सवाल का जवाब नहीं आया ।
मेरा सवाल इस प्रकार है ।

Whether any Central study team had visited these districts to assess the gravity of the drought situation. So, kindly tell us what the study team has done about it.

इस स्टडी टीम ने कौन कौन से जिले घूर गांव देखे और उन की रिपोर्ट क्या है? आप

जवाब दें रहे हैं कि एक करोड़ 32 लाख
आवृत्ति सरकार की प्रभावित है ।
जबकि सवाल यह है कि :

Whether any Central study team had visited these districts to assess the gravity of the drought situation.

या यों ही जयपुर और जोधपुर के डाक बंचको
में घूम कर आ गये ?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE.
Actually, I have said that in my reply. I will mention the names of the districts. They are: Ajmer, Pali, Jaipur, Alwar and Sirohi. These are the districts which had been visited by the team.

श्री बल चन्द डागा आप ने कहा है कि
25 जिलों में स्टडी टीम गई थी और
1 करोड़ 32 लाख लोग प्रभावित हैं ।
स्टडी टीम जहां गई उस की रिपोर्ट क्या है?
मेन्टल गवर्नमेंट को उस ने क्या रिपोर्ट दी है?

अध्यक्ष महोदय : वह तो बीफ में उन्होंने
बता दिया कि क्या कहा है ।

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE:
Normally, the Central team discusses with the representatives of the State Governments some sample relief work, other operations and the situation there. But, mainly, the assessment of the State Government is taken into consideration, unless there is reason to believe that some State Governments' reports need to be further looked into. So, this Central team has reported and a very large number of districts have also been mentioned in my reply. They have been affected by drought and immediate relief measures are necessary. The State Government gave an assessment that Rs. 16 crores will be required for relief and, naturally, they sought some Central assistance. The hon. Member is aware that under the new dispensation now, there are certain well-laid down principles for helping the State Governments.

श्री कृष्ण चन्द्र शर्मा : अध्यक्ष महोदय, क्या मेरे प्रश्न का जवाब था क्या ? मेरे प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं आया। किन्तु किन जिलों का रिपोर्टिंग किया और स्टडी टीम ने क्या राय दी है कि कितना खपया किस जिले को देना चाहिए और कौन सा जिला किना बचावित हुआ है। महारानी कर के बीसमाल उत्तर मत दीजिए। उत्तर स्पेशीफिक दीजिए और बताइए कि स्टडी टीम ने क्या राय दी है ?

अध्यक्ष महोदय आप बैठेंगे तभी तो वे जवाब देंगे। आप खड़े रहेंगे तो कैसे वे जवाब देंगे।

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE
The Central Team made this report Also, a high-level Committee under Mr. Sivaraman, the Member of the Planning Commission, went into this and they recommended advance Plan assistance to the tune of Rs 105 crores to Rajasthan upto 31st March 1955

श्री अक्षय लाल बरवा अध्यक्ष जी, मैं यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि राजस्थान के 26 जिलों में से 24 जिलों के नाम तो हम ने लिख दिये हैं लेकिन बाकी दो जिलों काटा और ज्ञानबाड़ा को क्यों छोड़ दिया गया है ? क्या अकाल का कोई मापदंड है जिस से अकाल का मापदंड किया जाता है। इन दो जिलों में 3 लाख घाघमी अकाल के मुह में है और आप ने इन को छोड़ दिया है। मैं जानना चाहता हूँ कि आप क्या माप-नोम सुनाने हैं अकाल को जानने के लिए और आप ने इन दो जिलों को क्यों छोड़ दिया है ?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE
The names of districts which have been mentioned here are very badly affected drought districts. In Rajasthan, in every district, some pockets can be found out which are badly affected. Here, where there is widespread drought, only those districts

have been listed. Some other pockets can also be badly affected.

श्री अक्षय लाल बरवा 25 में से 24 में तो अकाल है और 2 में नहीं है। इन 2 जिलों को क्यों छोड़ दिया ? उनमें 3 लाख घाघमी अकाल से पीड़ित हैं। तो आप इन को कैसे भूल गये ? क्या इस का यह कारण तो नहीं है कि वहाँ में जनसंघ का एम० पी० लगातार 15, 20 माल से चुन कर आ रहा है और 20 साल में उन का बहा पर कब्जा बना हुआ है। इसलिए आप ने नहीं लिखा है।

श्री अक्षय लाल बरवा . जहाँ जहाँ कांग्रेसी जीनता है, वही अकाल पड़ता है।

अध्यक्ष महोदय 2 को क्यों छोड़ दिया, इस के बारे में बताइए ?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE:
This is the report of the Committee. As I said, on the basis of the assessment made by the State Government and the Central Team, these districts have been listed as badly affected districts.

SHRI AMRIT NAHATA Sir, the hon Minister in his reply has said that grants for famine relief are given under the new dispensation. I would like to know whether the new dispensation as recommended by the Finance Commission is the dispensation he is referring to. Also, I would like to know whether the hon Minister knows that an academic, theoretical, air-conditioned room approach to natural calamities like famines will never solve the problem and he will tell the House whether famine is a national calamity or a local calamity, and, if it is a national calamity, will the Central Government come out of a very narrow bureaucratic approach, face the realities and come forward liberally to assist the States which are very severely affected by droughts?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE: I can very well appreciate the anxiety of the hon. Member who comes from a very badly affected drought district. The Finance Commission has gone into this problem. I would like to mention here that the Finance Commission listed many wasteful practices prevailing under the old system of Central assistance. Therefore, they suggested that unless the system was improved, a lot of waste of public money will be involved. Now, the new recommendations have been made and the Government of India want to stick to these new recommendations.

Delay in Unloading of Wagons by F.C.I.

*583. **SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK:**

SHRI S. N. MISRA:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that there has been inordinate delay in the unloading of wagons by the F.C.I. during January, and February, 1975 throughout the country;

(b) if so, the loss suffered by F.C.I. as a result thereof; and

(c) what steps have been or are being taken to expedite unloading of wagons by the F. C. I. ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE): (a) to (c). A statement indicating the details is laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Statement

(a) There was no serious hold up of wagon, till towards the end of January, 1975 even though the departmentalised labour adopted 'go-slow' tactics in the depots in the Eastern Zone during that month. Inordinate delays however, occurred in late January and

in February, 1975 in Bihar, West Bengal, Assam and Delhi Regions as a section of the departmentalised labour went on an indefinite strike with effect from 27.1-1975.

(b) The loss suffered by the F.C.I. was in terms of demurrage and wharfage which accrued on account of delay in release of wagons. Figures of demurrage and wharfage which accrued on this account are being collected.

(c) At places where difficulty in unloading of wagons was experienced stocks were directly delivered to the State Governments by deploying outside labour. Wagons were also rebooked and diverted to other trouble-free points of unloading to avoid detention of wagons and payment of demurrage charges.

SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK: The Hon'ble Minister has given the reply that the losses were on account of demurrage and wharfage in the areas affected by the strike in Assam, West Bengal, Bihar and Delhi. But what about the other areas unaffected by the strike?

Secondly, leaving apart the strike period, there have been annual and monthly losses due to demurrage and wharfage in each of the last three years. How are you going to explain it?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE: As I have said in the main part of my reply, other parts of the country were not affected; those affected were mainly Delhi, West Bengal, Bihar and some North-Eastern States.

As far as losses on account of demurrage are concerned—the appropriate words would be 'areas in which we have incurred demurrage'—I don't have the monthly figures but I have