select products manufactured by SSI/Cottage Sector units in 1984-85, subject to certain prescribed conditions.

देश में कृत्रिम रेशे का उत्पादन

389. **श्री सत्यनारायण जटिया** : क्या वाणिज्य मंत्री निम्नलिखित जानकारी दर्शाने वाला विवरण सभा पटल पर रखने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) प्रत्येक प्रकार के देशीय और आयातित कृत्रिम रेशे (गैर सैल्यूलोसिक फाइबर के अलावा) का भारतीय मुद्रा में अलग मूल्य क्या हैं ; और

(ख) देशीय कृत्रिम रेशे के उत्पादन को बढ़ावा देने के बारे में सरकार की नीति क्या है ?

वाणिज्य मन्त्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री पी० ए० संगमा) : (क) देश में उत्पादित किए जाने वाले मुख्य कृत्रिम सैल्यूलोसिक फाइबर हैं : विसकोस स्टेपल फाइबर तथा रूपान्तरित स्टेपल फाइबर । उपलब्ध जानकारी के अनुसार कीमतें निम्नांक्त प्रकार हैं :--

मद	स्वदेशी (रु० कि.ग्रा.)	आयातित (सी आई एफ 1.5 डेनियर रु० प्रति कि.ग्रा.)
विस्कोस स्टेपल फाइबर	22·60	14.19
रूपान्तरित स्टेपल फाइबर	27·86	19·18

(ख) सरकार की नीति स्वदेशी उत्पादन को प्रोत्साहन देने तथा आत्मनिर्भरता प्राप्त करने की है । इस उद्देश्य को ध्यान में रखते हुए, विभिन्न कृत्रिम फाइबरों की अतिरिक्त क्षमता स्थापित करने के लिए कदम उठाए गये हैं ।

Measures to simplify Approval Process for Foreign Collaborations

390. DR. PRATAP WAGH :

SHRI SONTOSH MOHAN DEV :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether a study jointly sponsored by the U.S. Department of State and a private organisation has drawn conclusions that the American business executives are increasingly turning to other countries for investment and collaboration due to lengthy time-consuming process in making decision in India ;

(b) if so, the details of the joint study; and

(c) the measures proposed by our Government to simplify the approval process for foreign collaboration ?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE) : (a) and (b) Presumably, the Hon. Members are referring to a recent study entitled "Doing Business Collaborations in India" prepared by an organisation called India International Inc,, for U.S. Department of State and the Overseas Private Investment Corporation. It, *inter-alia,* takes note of the stable political and sound economic environment offered by India for busieess collaborations, the country's rich resources and the substantial tax and other incentives provided by the Government to spur industrial growth and concludes that no profitable opportunities exist in India for U.S. Technology transfers. The study, however, makes a reference to the time-consuming approval procedures, but it also recognises that the Government has simplified its procedures and has established much faster time-tables to approve foreign collaborations, according to the coantry's priorities.

(c) Several measures have been taken from time to time to simplify the approval procedures. These procedures are kept under constant review.