## Persons detained under National Security Act

tion and increasing the strength of this

organisation to the extent which would

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\*806. SHRI N. E. HORO: SHRI R. N. RAKESH:

be required for this purpose.

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether some cases have been brought to the notice of the Government that the persons detained under the National Security Act, had been served due notice in the language which they do not understand;
- (b) if so, the details regarding such cases; and
- (c) the clarification given on the question having regard to constitutional provision in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY  $\mathbf{OF}$ HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA): (a) and (b). According to information available, seven detenus in rashtra and one detenu in Karnataka were released on the basis of reports received from Advisory Boards on this ground. Two detenues of Delhi were released in compliance with the orders of the Supreme Court on the same ground.

(c) The State Governments and Union Territory Administrations have been advised to issue instructions to the detaining authorities that the grounds of detention should always be communicated to the detenu in a language that he understands.

SHRI N. E. HORO: It is very clear that at least in ten cases, the persons detained under NSA had to suffer unnecessarily. I would like to know from the Minister what action he is proposing to take against the officers whohave made ten persons suffer unnecessarily and what was the language used in the orders of detention.

SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA: The language used was English. We have now instructed all the State Governments and Union Territories to issue the orders in the language known to the detenu.

SHRI N. E. HORO: He has not answered my question as to what action he is going to take against the concerned officers. I will put another supplementary also. When did you send these instructions to the State Governments and Union Territories. The specific date when you sent the instructions, I want to know.

SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA: He wants to know the action which we propose to take against the officers. I said that the officers, when they served the orders, explained it in the language known to the detenu. So, there is no question of taking action against the officers. It was later on decided that they should be served the notice in the language that they know. He put another question about the exact date. It is 30th March, 1981.

SHRI N. E. HORO: His statement is not supported by facts. He said it was explained to the detenus in their own language. This has not been accepted by the Advisory Boards.

श्री राजेन्द्र प्रसाद यादव : ग्राध्यक्ष महोदय, सवाले दीगर, जवाबे दीगर का यह सर्वोत्तम नमूना है सरकार की की र में ऐसा मानता हूं कि यह रारकार इस रोग से बराबर ग्रसित रही है। ग्रगर ग्राप सवाल को देखें, तो सवाल यह है:

> 'क्या सरकार के ब्यान में कुछ ऐसे मामले लाये गये हैं, जिनमें राष्ट्रीय सुरक्षा श्रश्चिनक्स के सन्तर्गत हिरासत में लिए क्ये

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नोगों को ऐसी भाषा में नोटिस दिये गये, ची वे सोण नहीं जानते थे ?

तो इन को 'हां' या 'ना' कहना चाहिए। ये मानते अवश्य हैं और ति करा करते हैं कि कुछ लोगों की छोड़ दिया गया है। घुमा-फिरा कर बात को मानते हैं लेकिन सीधे-सीधे नहीं कहते हैं। इसलिए मैं आप से आग्रह करूंगा कि कम से कम आप सरकार को निर्देश वें कि वह इस तरह के प्वाएंटेड सवाल का स्पेसिफिक जवाब दे। ऐसा जो जवाब दिया है उसका अर्थ वास्तव में 'न' भी हो चंकता है और 'हां' भी हो सकता है। इस से कोई भी मतलब नहीं निकाला जा सकता है।

श्रावक महोदय ३ ऐसा हो जिससे इनका भी काम बन जाए और श्रापका भी काम बन जाये।

श्री राजन्त्र प्रसाद यादय: इनको यह निर्देश दिया जाना चाहिए कि यह प्वाएंटेड जवाब दें। ऐसे तो काम नहीं चलेगा ।

इस संदर्भ में मैं माननीय मंती जी से जानना चाहूंगा कि क्या यह बात मंती जी की निगाह में है कि राष्ट्रीय सुरक्षा अधिनियम के अलावा और भी जो शासकीय नियम हैं, उनके अन्तर्गत भी अंग्रेजी में नोटिस दिये जाते हैं। ऐसे लोगों को दिये जाते हैं जो बिस्कुल मुर्ख और अनपढ़ लोग हैं।

श्रम्पक महोदय : मनपढ़ सोग होते हैं, मूर्च नहीं होते हैं ।

भी राजेना प्रसाव यादद : क्या भाप ऐसी व्यवस्था करेंगे कि जो ऐसे समपद सोग होते हैं उनकी जो सरकार की तरफ से नोटिस दिया जाए वह उनकी भाषा में दिया जाए ताकि वे समझ कर उसका कवाब दे सकें?

श्री योगेन्द्रः मकवानाः पहले सवाल का जवाब है 9 धप्रैल, 1981 ।

दूसरे जो मार्ने रेक्स मेम्बर ने कहा है कि
जवाब 'हां' या 'ता' दोनों हो सकता है।
इस प्रथन का जवाब जो कि पूछा गया है
वह 'हां' भी हो सकता है, 'ता' भी हो
सकता है क्योंकि प्रश्न में यह पूछा पया है कि
जो अन्ती लेंगुएज ही जानते हैं उनको
उनकी लेंगुएज में दिया गया मा नहीं।
मैंने कहा है कि माफिसरों ने उसकी लेंगुएज
में एक्सप्लेन किया था तो इससे इसका जवाब
'हां' हो गया मौर लिख कर दिया गया मा
नहीं तो इसका जवाब 'ता' हो गया। हमने
इन दोनों को इकट्ठा किया है।

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: I want to ask one question from the hon. Minister on the basis of the National Security Act which is in my hand, unfortunately. In Section 8, subsection (1) it is made obligatory that within 5 days or in exceptional cases 10 days the grounds of detention must be given to the person to whom the detention order has actually been issued. Sub-section (2) says: "Nothing in subsection (1) shall require the authority to disclose facts which it considers to be against the public interest to disclose.' So, neutralises he. In this light of this fact, will the hon. Minister tell in how many cases the loophole that has been left in sub-section (2) of Section 8 has been used or misused not to provide grounds to those who have been detained under the National Security Act?

SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA: For this I would require notice because the question is basically about use of the language and not this. PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: Notice should be given to those officers who do not give them the grounds. For this question why do you require a notice?

SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA: The main question is about the language. And the hon, Member's supplementary is about Section 8, sub-section (2) for not providing grounds. For that I require notice.

MR SPEAKER: You can put a separate question for that.

## Uranium Development work in Bihar under Sixth Five Year Plan

\*808. SHRI N. E. HORO: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there is any plan for the uranium development work in Bihar during the Sixth Year Plan period:
  - (b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND ELECTRONICS AND ENVIRONMENT (SHRI C. P. N. SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Uranium Corporation of India Limited has proposals to open three aditional uranium mines in Bihar. It is proposed to set up two more uranium mills in addition to the expansion of the existing mill at Jaduguda. A third stage shaft will be sunk in the existing Jaduguda Mines. The expansion of facilities to recover Uranium from Copper Tailings of Hindustan Copper Limited is also envisaged. Of the above, one Project, viz. Bhatin Mines Project has been approved by Government at an estimated cost of Rs. 249 lakhs and it is likely to be ready by end of 1984-85. Other proposals are in the project formulation stage.

SHRI N. E. HORO: What is the total production of uranium that we are having at the moment? What is the amount projected after you open these three mines and one more mill?

Are we going to become self-sufficient, after the opening of these three mines, in the matter of uranium in the country?

SHRI C. P N. SINGH: The deposits of uranium established all over the Count.y so far are to the extent of about 67,000 tonnes. With the additional capacity that we have formulated we hope to achieve generation of power to the extent of 10,000 MW.

SHRI N. E. HORO: In the opening of these mines and the starting of the mill at Jaduguda, are you getting any foreign technical know-how? Or, will you do it indigenously?

SHRI C. P. N. SINGH: The Atomic Minerals Division has been looking into this aspect for a long time. I am glad to inform the House that we have done this with total Indian know-how and indigenous technology.

SHRI NIREN GHOSH: In v'ew of the fact that atomic energy should go a long way in solving the energy crisis, what are the uranium reserves in Bihar? Are they sufficient for the country as a whole? If not, will prospecting be done throughout the country to see what our uranium resources are and also for their exploitation, so that a significant portion of the energy crisis is met by atomic energy?

SHRI C. P. N. SINGH: Government are prospecting for various minerals for optimising electrical generation by atomic energy. I am glad to inform the House that at present we have found certain uranium deposits in Madhya Pradesh near Bodal and in Jajjwal and Dumath in Sarguja District in Astotha in Hamirpur district of Himachal Pradesh, in Timli and Saharanpur in UP and in Walkunja in South Kanara district of Karnataka State.

PROF. R. K. TEWARY: May I know from the bon. Minister whether they have received reports about purloining and pfilorage of this sensitive material by some people and ultimately its finding its way to foreign countries?