SHRI RATAN SINH RAJDA: Sir. when we are discussing the levelopment and protection of tribal culture about which the hon. Minister has just now stated, all the authorities on the tribal culture have already cautioned Government and the leaders of the society that in our enthusiasm to improve them by introducing modern civilisation, we must also see to it that their basic culture and the like is not obliterated. Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru was very keen on protecting the tribal culture. He was going and dancing with the tribals. Will the hon. Minister also go and dance with the tribals to protect their culture?

SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA:
Only dancing will not protect the culture but when I get an occasion I will certainly do it.

Cottage and Small Scale Industries in Backward Districts

*418. SHRI PIUS TIRKEY: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) the factors that come in the way of a large number of entrepreneurs in setting up the small industries in backward districts of the country; and
- (b) the details of steps taken by Government to attract more and more entrepreneurs for setting up the cottage and small scale industries in the backward districts of the country during the Sixth Plan period?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI CHARANJIT CHANANA): (a) Factors that inhibit growth of small scale industries in backward districts vary according to local conditions of each backward district. The main handicaps relate to lack of infrastructure, long leads in respect of raw material supply and markets and relative inaccessibility to promotional organisations and agencies.

(b) In order to overcome the difficulties faced by entreprenurs in setting up small units in backward districts, in addition to various existing enabling measures and schemes taken up by them, the Central Government together with State Governments, has initiated the nucleus plant programme for structurally integrated industrialisation supported by a package of measures.

भी पीयुक्त तिरकी : मैं ने अपने प्रवन मे मंत्री जी से सरकार दुवारा उठाये गये कदमों का व्यारा पूछा था, लेकिन उत्तर में कोई व्यारा नहीं दिया गया है । दहुधा यह देशा जाता है कि बैकवर्ड डिस्टिक्ट स में जो रा-मैटीरियल होता है, उस की लेकर वे एन्टरप्रेन्शोर्स अपनी इण्डस्ट्रीज शहरी इलाके में लगाते हैं। मंत्री जी से मेरा सवाल यह है कि जहां पहाडी इलाके हैं, बैकवर्ड डिस्ट्रिक्ट्स हैं, जैसे हमारे यहां नार्थ बंगाल में हैं, और वहां पर रा-मैटोरियल भी बहुत है, उन जगहां के आदिमयों को एम्प्लायमेन्ट दिलाने के लिये सरकार क्या करने जा रही है ? मुक्ते उस का ब्यौरा बतलाइये और यदि आप अभी न देशकेतोक्या उसेसभा-पटल पर रहने के लिए राजी है? प्लानिंग और कामर्स मिनिस्टी का 1984-85 के लिए जो प्रोजे-क्टड-डोफिसिट है वह 3972 करोड़ रापय है, टांटल एक्सपोर्ट 9872 करोड़ रापये का होगा और इम्पोर्ट 13850 करोड रतपये का होगा। इस सम्बन्ध में वैकयर्ड डिस्टिक्ट्स के लिये आप का जो प्लानिंग है उसके बारे में मिपिस्ट्री को बधा कहराहै?

SHRI CHARANJIT CHANAÑA: As far as the facilities, concessions and incentives available to the industries in the backward areas are concerned. it is a published information and also available in the Library. These are of two types. Firstly, for backward State recongised by the Central Government for the Central subsidy; and secondly, concessional loans from the financial institutions. These are two categories of incentives the hon. Member will find from this published information. As far as the gap in the imports and exports is concerned, I would request the hon. Member to direct this question to the Commerce Ministry. As far as the problems of industries in the backward Districts are concerned, we have asked the State Governments—including the West Bengal Government—to identify these problems district—wise.

We will send the Task Force to that particular district to find out ways and means besides building the buffer stock.

बी पीयृष तिरकी: क्या मंत्री महादेय यह बताए गे कि पश्चिम बंगाल सरकार ने बैकवर्ड डिस्ट्रिक्ट्स के लिए जो स्मात स्केल और काटेज इंडस्ट्रीज खोलने का व्यारा भेजा है, उस में सेन्ट्रल गवर्नमेंट कितनी सहायता दोने वाली है और सैन्ट्रल गवर्नमेंट का क्या स्टंड है पश्चिम बगाल की स्कीमों की तरफ ?

श्री वरणशीत वानना : इडस्ट्रियल बेंक-वर्ड डिस्ट्रिक्ट्स को सहायता दोने की जो बात है, वह चाहे कोई भी स्टोट हो, जो इनसेटिव दिये जाते हैं वे 103 इडस्ट्रियली बैंकवर्ड डिस्ट्रिक्ट्स के लिए दिये जाते हैं और वेस्ट बगान भी उस में इन्क्लूडेड हैं और मैं ने पहले सब-मिट किया है कि वह उस में इन्क्लूडेड हैं।

भी रजबीर सिंह: मैं यह जानना चाहागा कि बैकवर्ड जिले तय करने का क्या आधार है और उत्तर प्रदेश की जो बैकवर्ड जिले हैं जैसे बहराइच, उन को छोड दने का क्या कारण हैं?

SHRI CHARANJIT CHANANA: Planning Commission has in fact initiated two exercises through two working groups. The latest one and the third one is a Special Committee to identify the areas and the problems of the backward areas. Government is considering that report. After that Report is finalised, it can be laid on the Table of the House.

SHRI K. P. SINGH DEO: Arising out of the answer given by the Minister the Small Industries' Service Institute had conducted a survey about Dhenkanal district in Orissa and they found it uniquely advantageous for having a nucleus plant there. May I know whether the Government of Orissa has taken it up with the Task

Force which had gone to Bhubaneswar some time back for inclusion of Dhenkanal district for setting up of such nucleus industrial plants there?

SHRI CHARANJIT CHANANA: The report is yet to come to me. When the report comes, the hon Member will get details about it

भी राजेन्द्र प्रसाद बादव : मैं मंत्री महो-दय से जानना चाहूगा कि क्या उन को इस बात की जानकारी है कि नये उद्यमी जो बैंकवर्ड जिलों में उद्योग अध लगना चाहते हैं, उन को इनके पदाध्कितरी दूजरा इस कदर परशान किया जाता है कि अन्त में परशान हो कर वे उस को छोड़ देते हैं और कोई उद्योगधधा नहीं लगा पाते हैं । मैं खास तौर से बिहार को ओर मत्री जी का ध्यान आकर्षित करना चाहता हू कि क्या उप को इस बात की जानकारी हैं और यदि जानकारी हैं, तो वे इम दिशा में क्या करना चाहते हैं?

SHRI CHARANJIT CHANANA: It is too general a comment I would appreciate if he can bring specific cases to our notice We will take strict action.

श्री भारखण्डे राय: मत्री जी, स्थिति बह्त चिन्ताजनक है और केवल विद्वार में 30 हजार कटोजा इंडस्ट्रीज में से लगभग 20 हजार काटेज इडस्ट्रीज बन्द हो चुकी है, जिन में सवा तीन अरब रापया लगा हुआ है। पंजाब और हरियाणा जो इन मामलों में काफी तरक्कीयाफता माने जाते हैं, वहांभी कच्चे माल के अभाव मे, बिजली के अभाव मे, कर्जे के अभाव में और उन के बने माल की दिकी नहोने केकारण सब मामला गडबड हो रहा है। क्या स्थिति यह नहीं है कि कट़ीर उद्योग इसलिए नहीं बढ़ पारहे हैं दोश के कोने कोने मे और चाहे बेकवर्ड जिला हो और चाहे फारवर्ड जिला हो कि जो चीजे वे बनाते हं,वही चीजें बडे बड़े कारबाने भी बनाते है। यह जो परोललइज्म डोवलप हो रहा है, उस कम्पीटीशन में कटीर उद्योग मरते जा रही ही और बड़ी बड़ी उद्योग पनपती जारहे हैं। इसकी रोकथाम के लिए बाप क्या करने जा रहे हैं ताकि यह पैरे-ललइज्म न हो बल्कि सप्लीमेंटेशन एक ब्रांसर का हो ताकि कुटीर उद्योग बढ़

भी परणधीत पानना : जहां तक बड़े कड़े और छोटे उद्योगों की बात है, छोटे उद्योगों की बात है, छोटे उद्योगों के लिए और विद्यापतया कटीर उद्योगों के लिए जो उन के क्षेत्र रिर्जब्ड हैं, उन मे किसी भी सूरत में हम वडे उद्योगों को नहीं आने देते परन्तु आप का कोई स्पेशन केस हो, तो हमारे नोटिस में लाइए और तब हम पूरे तरीके से उन को देखेंगे।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : नैक्स्ट क्वेश्चन ।

श्री आरखण्डे राय: में एक छोटा मा उदाहरण देना चाहता हूं काटन साडियों का। बड़े बड़े कौपटीलस्ट्स भी वे बनाते हैं और वे साड़ी कोयमबेट्र और माऊ वगैरह में हजारों, लाखों नहीं बल्कि करांड़ों राज्यों की बनती हैं और वे लोग मरते जा रहे हैं।

Take over of Charkhi Dadri Cement Factory

*419. SHRI CHIRANJI LAL SHARMA: Will the Minister of IN-DUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) at what stage is the proposal to take over cement factory at Charkhi Dadri (Haryana); and
- (b) by what time final decision will be taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI CHARANJIT CHANANA): (a) and (b). The cement factory of Messrs Dalmia Dadri Cement Limited, Charkhi Dadri had closed down since March, 1980 and has been lying closed since then. Governemnt had commissioned a study by a Committee to examine the economic viability of the project. On the basis of the findings of this study, the question of restarting the factory is being considered and a final decision is expected to be taken shortly.

SHRI CHIRANJI LAL SHARMA: Now, the report of the Committee appointed by the Government must have been received. May I request the hon. Minister to let us know the reason that led to the closure of the factory last year? Is it a fact that the main cause for the closure of the factory was embazzelement by the Dalmia Management and their agents? Is it also a fact that the Dalmias took a loan of Rs. 2 crores or more lefore the closure of the factory, which was to be repaid in six-monthly instalments without interest, but even a single instalment has not been paid so far?

SHRI CHARANJIT CHANANA: The terms of reference of this Committee, as I have said in my reply to the question, were to go into the potential and the economic viability of the unit. As far as the question raised by the hon. Member is concerned, the case has been in fact referred to the Company Affairs Department and it is receiving their active attention.

SHRI CHIRANJI LAL SHARMA: The reply given by the hon. Minister is some what vague and ambiguous. The Committee must have submitted its report. No doubt the Committee was appointed to go into the question of the viability of the project. But now that the report of the Committee has been received, the committee must have mentioned the reason for the closure of the factory. I want a positive reply from the hon. Minister on this,

SHRI CHARANJIT CHANANA. I can confirm having told the hon. Member that the terms of the reference of the Committee consisting of the experts, were only for working out the economic viability and feasibility of restarting the factory. As far as the mismanagement and the main cause for the closure of the factory are concerned, I have informed the hon. Member that it is under investigation and study of the Government. The Department of the Company Affairs are examining this and they would take necessary action in the matter.

SHRI CHIRANJI LAL SHRAMA: I want to know whether the Government is aware of the fact that the previous management has not paid wages and salaries to the workers of