important factors for running the train is that cement transportation has to be given priority. For that reason already in the present budget Rs. 3 crores have been sanctioned to have further lining because of the high utilisation of the route Ajmer to Ratlam. In the past three years only one new train has started and one train has extended.

SHRIB R. NAHATA: Sir, the hon'ble Minister has said that a shuttle train has been started between Meghnagar and Chittor. Meghnagar is on broad-gauge and Chittor is on Meter-gauge. So, no train can started.

My second supplementary is that Chetak Express has been started from Udaipur to Delhi and one train which was going from Khandwa to Ajmer has been stopped at Chittor in order to run Chetak Express from Udaipur. Is it a fact that the Chetak Express is not an additional train but an amalgamation of the two trains and it has caused great inconvenience to the passengers coming from Khandwa and going to Khandwa.

SHRI MALLIKARJUN: This happened in 1969. One fast passenger train which was running between Ajmer and Khandwa had cancelled but in lieu Chetak Express has been introduced and it meets the requirements of the passengers of that section.

शोरगुल का स्वास्थ्य तथा वस्तिक पर

\*372. भी मुलचन्द जागः : क्या स्वास्य्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृषा करेंने कि

- (क) क्या यह सच है कि फहरों में शोरगुल का स्वास्थ्य तथा मस्तिष्क पर बुरा प्रमाव पड़ता है म्रीर क्या सरकार द्वारा गोरगुल रोकने के लिए कोई कानून बनाया जा वहा है ; घीन
- (क) वर्षिः हो, तो पर्वातालाको तथा विविधताः लकी बार्क होत्यों में बांक बहुताबरण बनाबे रवाने के लिए सरकार द्वारा कर कदम उच्चाके जार्येने।?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN. THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH (SHRI MHAR BANJAN LASKAR): (4) and (b). High frequency and high intensity noise has an adverse effect on health. The physiological manifestations may be related to annoyance, irritation or lack of concentration etc. Continued exposure to such noise may also result in fluctuation of blood pressure, impairment of heart functions and neurological digestive disorders.

There is at present no proposal to enact any law to control noise pollution. At present, whenever necessary, noise pollution control can be effected

- (i) operating on the relevant provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code and the Municipal Laws;
- (ii) proper maintenance of vehicles and enforcing the relevant provisions of the Motor Vehicles Acts to control noise pollution caused by traffic;
- (iii) making necessary provisions in the Factories Act. 1948 to control noise within factories; and
- (iv) maintenance of silence zones, by the local authorities, around schools and hospitals.

श्री मृक्षचन्द्र काला : जो प्रश्न निया था उसमे द्वापने यह तो मेहरबानी की कि वायु प्रदुषण भौर जल प्रदुषण के भलाया शोरमुल प्रदुषण की बात भापने बताई कि इसका बहुत बड़ा भसर होता है, यहा हम्उस में शोरग़ुल ह्येत्म्न है उधर की तरफ से ...(ब्यमधाव)...देख लीखिए, यह प्रदुषण हो रहा है कोरग्स का । मैं एक दात कहना चाहता हूं कि माज भी मन्दिर्ों में, गुरुद्वारों में मौर धार्मिक स्थानों में भगवान को जगाने के लिए ग्राड-ग्रवर्म में हाई-पावर लाउड स्पीकर्स लगाते हैं, उसकी रोक के लिए क्या कोई उपाय घापने किया है या कीई कानुन बनाया है थे। ऋदि ? शुरू भी कानून है या नहीं ? यथे नहीं। क्षेत्र को कोई कालूक, न बनाने कर कारपर 🗪 🗦 ?

SHRI NIHAR RANJAN LASKAR: At present there is no such proposal to enact any such law in this regard.

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND HEALTH AND SOCIAL WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): There are municipal rules and municipal laws to prevent such noise poliution. It is for the Local Authorities concerned to prevent such noise.

श्री मूलबन्द हारा प्रध्यक्ष महे(दय, मैं मंत्री जी स जानना चाहता हूं क्या ग्रापने दिल्ली श्रीर दूसरे बड़े-बड़े शहरों में हास्पिटल्स, स्कूल्स श्रीर दूसरे इंस्टीट्यूशन्स के पास, जहां पर शांत वातावरण की ग्रावण्यकता होती है, जानन के दारा गाइलेंग जोन्म बनाने की व्यवस्था की है या ऐसा करने का विचार है ? इसके ग्रमाय में ग्राज बीमारियां बढ़ती जा रही हैं और इनकी वजह से ग्रापका खर्चा भी वह जायेगा।

SHRI NIHAR RANJAN LASKAR: I can tell the hon. Member that this subject of 'Prevention of Pollution' is within the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Works and Housing.

They have set up a Committee and the Committee has given certain recommendations.

One of the recommendations of the Committee is this. I quote:—

"The Committee, after examining in depth the various aspects of environmental pollution, are of the opinion that in order to have uniformity approach towards environmental pollution control measures throughout the country, and to ensure strict enforcement, the Government might consider the feasibility of enacting a comprehensive legislation so as to provide for the control of all forms of Environmental Pollution."

So, this is under consideration.

SHRI DIGVIJAY SINH: There is a contradiction in the reply given by him that there is no proposal now to enact any such law.

Sir, there is a National Committee of the Govt. of India for Environ-

mental Planning and Coordination, of which I am a Member. Now, Sir, this enactment for containing noise pollution is already on the anvil. So, this clearly proves this, that there is no coordination at all between the various agencies of the Government as far as Environmental Pollution is concerned. The information given by him is not correct, because this is on the anvil in the National Committee for Environmental Planning and Coordination.

SHRI NIHAR RANJAN LASKAR: I have already said, it is under consideration. However I can say this: Parliament is competent to enact such laws. It is also there.

MR. SPEAKER: You have said that.

DR KARAN SINGH: The Minister in his reply has pointed out rightly that noise pollution is accepted as a major health hazard. There are a number of studies undertaken by the WHO, which proves that this health hazard is very much more serious than what people originally thought. The Select Committee which looked into the Prevention of Air Pollution has given its report to the House. It has made a specific proposal that legislation with regard to noise pollution should also be undertaken by Parliament.

Will the hon Minister please let us know whether that Report of the Select Committee on the Prevention of Air Pollution Bill is under consideration; and whether the specific recommendation that we have made—I happened to be the Chairman of that Committee—that suitable legislation should be undertaken for prevention of noise pollution, is receiving the attention of the Government?

SHRI NIHAR RANJAN LASKAR: As I have already said, we are looking into this. We are trying to bring forward a comprehensive legislation in this regard.