विवेशों में भारतंत्र इतावासों के लिये

विवेशी में भारता बूतावासी के लिये हिन्दी सनावारपत्र

1223. श्री जगदेव िंह विद्यान्तः : क्या देशियर-पार्व मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) विदेशों में कितने भारतीय दूता-बाखों में हिन्दी के समाचार पत्न नहीं पहुंच रहें हैं ; धौर
- (ख) उन देशों में हमारे दूतावासों के कर्मचारियों को हिन्दी का ध्रपना ज्ञान बनाये रखने में सहायता देने तथा हिन्दी में क्वि रखने बाले विदेशियों की जानकारी के लिए हिन्दी समाचारपत उपलब्ध कराने की क्या व्यवस्था की बाह है समया करने का विचार किया गया है?

वैदेशिक-कार्यन (अवंस्थर्गिष्ट्): (क) विदेश-स्थित 104 मिशनों में से

- (क) विदेश-स्थित 104 मिशनों में स् 61 में हिन्दी के समाचार-पत्र नहीं पहुंचते।
- (ख) समाचार-पत्न मिशन प्रमुख की प्रार्थना पर भेजे जाते हैं। किंतु, हिन्दी की पुस्तके भौर पत्निकाएं हमारे मिशनों के पुस्तकालयों और वाचनालयों में रखी जाती हैं जो सभी के काम भाती हैं। हिन्दी में दिव रखने वाले विदेशियों को भी हिन्दी के समाचार-पद्म भेजे जाते हैं।

उत्तर प्रदेश में भृतपूर्व सैनिकों की भूमि

- 1224. श्री सरज् पाण्डेय: क्या प्रति-रज्ञा मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:
- (क) क्या यह सच है कि उत्तर प्रदेश अरकार शृतपूर्व सैनिकों को भूमि नही देती;
- (ख) क्या सरकार को इस बारे में कोई ज्ञापन मिले हैं;
- (ग) यदि हो, तो भूतपूर्व सैनिकों को भूमि देने के लिए सरकार क्या कार्यवाही कर रही है; भौर
- (घ) उत्तर प्रदेश के गाजीपुर जिले के ब्तपूर्व सैनिकों की घोर से गत दो वर्षों में (जनवरी 1964 से मब तक) उन के बंजालय में कितने ऐसे ज्ञापन घाये हैं, जिन में उनको चूमि न दिये जाने के बारे में शिकायतें की गई हैं?

प्रतिरक्षा मंत्री (भी यशवन्तराव चह्नाण): (क) तथा (ग). जो नहीं उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार जो भूमि प्राप्त हो उसे भूतपूर्व सैनिकों को देने के लिए भवश्य विचार करती है।

(घ) हाल में मंत्रालय को ऐसी कोई शिकायत प्राप्त नहीं हुई हैं। भूमि देने संबंधी कुछ प्रस्तिबेदन जो उत्तर प्रदेश में रहने वाले एकल भूतपूर्व मैंनिकों से समय समय पर प्राप्त हुए थे, वह उपयुक्त कार्यवाही के लिए राज्य के सैनिकों, नाविकों, विमान सैनिकों के बोर्ड को भेज दिए गए थे।

Delegation of M.Ps.

1225. Shri Mohammed Koya: Will the Minister of External Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Members of Parliament who went abroad on Government Delegation since the outbreak of India-Pak. hostilities upto the 1st December, 1965; and

(b) the foreign exchange spent by the Delegations?

The Minister of External Affairs (Shri Swaran Singh): (a) Forty Five Members of Parliament went abroad on eleven different delegations since the outbreak of Indo-Pak hostilities till the 1st December, 1965. These delegations also included three Ministers from States.

(b) The estimated expend ture in foreign exchange would come to about Rs. 1,06,101.00

12.15 hrs.

DEMISE OF VIR SAVARKAR

Shri U. M. Trivedi (Mandsaur): Before we proceed further, may I invite your attention to one thing? The day before yesterday the country lost one of the greatest revolutionaries of the day and the greatest patriot that India produced.....

Mr. Speaker; I will make a request to the hon. Member.

I agree with him and I may have the same sympathies and the same respect that he has for Vir Savarkar. But to make a formal reference here[Mr. Speaker]

would be creating a new precedent because we usually do not make such a reference to such personalities and dignitaries. Therefore, however great our respect for the departed person, we should avoid breaking the precedents that have been set up.

The hon. Member saw me in my chamber as well and I tried to explain to him and suggested that he might not start a new precedent.

Shri H. N. Mukerjee (Calcutta Central): I thought that the preliminary conversation with you and with the Prime Minister had led to a kind of understanding that there would be some reference here. We are doing it in the formal way. We offer our condolences right at the commencement of the proceedings, even before the Question Hour, according to present directions. We have not done that in this case. The passing away of Vir Savarkar is a matter of such national importance that Members of Parliament sitting on a day when that happens ought to register our feelings. We do not do it; it is something unheard of and unthinkable. A short reference by all the different parties in this House and by you would be very appropriate and all of us would be in favour of that proceeding. This is such an exceptional case.

Shri Surendranath Dwivedy (Kendrapara): I also want to make it clear that this is an exceptional case. On the passing away of Vir Savarkar, we can make an exception to the rules. The whole House should join in making that reference.

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath (Hoshangabad): There is a precedent.

Dr. M. S. Aney (Nagpur): There is a procedent. Some years back, when Shri C. R. Das passed away, there was a reference made to it in the House, even though he was not a nember of the House.

The Leader of the House (Shri Satya Narayan Sinha); We had a talk about this amongst ourselves and also with you before we came to the House. If all Members are agreed, we have no objection to a reference being made.

Kapur Singh (Ludhiana): While I fully endorse the fact that the deceased person was not only great person but a person who commanded respect of the whole House. of the country and also of our people abroad, and while it is true that his whole life had been dedicated to the nation, if a precedent is made this case, the House will not know where to draw the line, and difficulties and complications are likely to arise in future. I wish to bring of the the notice House of the matter this aspect hrfore an exception is made.

Mr. Speaker: I have certainly known the sentiments of the House. We all have great respect for Vir Savarkar and we are very sorry that such a leader has passed away. His services are appreciated.

But it is also correct that if we deviate in one instance, probably it might be difficult in future to draw the line and then certainly some discrimination might appear to have been made.

Therefore, I think Members would be satisfied with this expression of mine which I will convey on behalf of the House to the bereaved family.

Shri H. N. Mukerjee: There something like the spirit. whatever might be the requirement of the rules, governing our deliberations. Here is an assembly supposed to be representative of the country meeting under the shadow of a national calamity which we all regret. If on account of the rules we can only condole the death of those who happen to have been members of this House or its predecessor, which was qualitative an entirely different kettle of rules preclude us from condoling the death of a very great man merely because he did not have the dubious distinction of having been a member of the Central Legislative Assembly where Shri Satya Narayan Sinha was a luminary, this is something I cannot comprehend.

Mr. Speaker: Shri Satya Narayan Sinha did not have any objection. He rather said there would be no objection

case (C.A.)

Shri Satya Narayan Sinha: We can do it.

Mr. Speaker: He is not to blame in this respect.

Shri H. N. Mukerjee: It is not that $\mathbf{w}_{\mathbf{0}}$ wish to hear our own voices. Perhaps you could express our condolence in a few words,

Mr. Speaker: That is exactly what I am doing. I will convey these sentiments of sorrow and condolence. The whole House has this feeling. I will convey that to the members of the bereaved family.

श्री प्रकाशकीर झास्त्री (विजनीर): एक दुखद बटना थोड़ी श्रीर हो गई। मृतपूर्व प्रधान संत्री श्री विजन केसरने के बाद भारत सरकार ने झंडे प्राधे झुका दिये लेकिन श्री सावरकर के देहांत के बाद ऐसा नहीं किया ।

12.19 hrs.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

SUPREME COURT JUDGMENT ON A DIR DETENTION CASE IN KERALA

Shri S. M. Banerjee (Kanpur): I call the attention of the Minister of Home Affairs to the following matter of urgent public importance and request him to make a statement thereon:—

The Judgment of the Supreme Court declaring a Keralar kerosene dealer's detention under DIR mala fide and Government's reaction thereto.

The Minister of Home Affairs (Shri Nanda): I have received intimation of this just now. May I have some time?

Mr. Speaker: Upto 3 O'clock?

Shri Nanda: Yes.

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Mr. Speaker: A statement would be made at 3 P.M.

12.20 hrs.

Re. CALLING ATTENTION NOTICE (PROCEDURE)

श्री बागशी (हिसार): प्रध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं 197 के प्रन्तर्गत व्यवस्था का प्रश्न उठाना चाहता हूं। मैंने ध्यान प्राकर्षण नोटिस दिया था

ब्राच्यक महोदय: मै उसको यहां नहीं लूंगा ... (व्यवधान) ... मैं इस तरह से नहीं ले सकता।

श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय (देवास): 15 हजार मजदूरों का सवाल है, श्राप थोड़ा इस पर ध्यान देंगे ग्रीर भरकार की भ्रादेश देंगे तो ज्यादा भ्रच्छा होगा ...

श्री बागड़ी: ग्रष्ट्यक्ष महोदय, यह तो मेरा व्यवस्था का प्रश्न है

स्रव्यक्त महोवय: कोई व्यवस्था का प्रश्न नहीं है। ग्रान किसी कालिंग ग्रटेंशन के बावत मेरा ध्यान प्राक्षित करना चाहते हैं। मैंने कहा कि इस तरह से वह नहीं हो सकता है। यह एक नया प्रेसीडेंट होगा।

श्री **वागड़ी**: 197 के घन्तर्गत मेरा व्यवस्थाका प्रश्न है

भी हुकम चन्द्र कछबाय : दिल्ली के ग्रन्दर ऐसी घटना हो

श्राच्यक्ष महोवय : मैंने कहा कि भी इसकी इजाजत नहीं देता हूं । सकर धाप इसके खिलाफ हैं तो धाप लिखकर दीजिए ।

श्री बागड़ी: भ्रष्यक महोदय, धगर मजदूरों की बात इस तरह से नहीं भायेगी तां

श्रव्यक्त महोबय : बागड़ीजी, ग्रव ग्राप बैठ जाइए । इसको खत्म कीजिए ।

श्री मॉकार लाल बेरेबा (कोटा) : मजदूरों के प्रति ग्रगर यह भावना है ...

ग्रम्यक महोदय : प्रार्डर ग्रार्डर।