manufacturer of nickel anode after making necessary arrangements with the indigenous manufacturer for converting nickel into nickel anodes and releasing them at reasonable price to the Small Scale Units. Due to the difficult foreign exchange position no foreign exchange ceiling has so far been made available to the scale sector for import of nickel for the year 1965-66.

12.06 hrs.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORT-ANCE

LATEST SITUATION IN THE MIZO HILLS DISTRICT OF ASSAM

Shri Hem Barua (Gauhati): Sir, I call the attention of the Minister of Home Affairs to the following matter of urgent public importance and I request that he may make a statement thereon:

"The latest situation in the Mizo Hills district of Assam.'

The Minister of Home Affairs (Shri Nanda): Sir, I am happy to take the opportunity afforded by this Call Attention Notice to inform the House of the quickly improving situation in the Mizo Hills district of Assam since 3rd March when the Army moved in to deal with the armed Mizo gangs which had embarked on their misguided adventure. Between 3rd and 6th March, the advancing column from Silohar cleared the road blocks, secured Chinluang and Kolosib and linked up with Aijal. The situation in the town almost immediately came to normal and the functioning of the Government offices was resumed. The communication between Silchar and Aijal was also restored. What little resistance was put up by the armed Mizo gangs was effectively countered by our troops. On 7th March, Lalnunmawia, Vice President of the Mizo National Front, sent a letter to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mizo Hills district offering to have peace talks with the Government.

The Deputy Commissioner sternly rejected the suggestion and demanded an unconditional surrender of Mizo National Front workers to Government within 24 hours. Another letter was received by the Deputy Commissioner from one of the Mizo National Front leaders that as the top leaders were away, a reply to the Deputy Commissioner's letter asking them to surrender would be sent later. The troops entered Lungleh on 13th March and Champai the next day and Dimagiri was cleared of armed Mizos on the 17th March. The situation in the Mizo Hills district has now considerably improved. All the important posts and towns have been rid of the influence of the armed Mizo gangs and the Mizo National Front volunteers have either gone into hiding in jungles or are trying to escape into Pakistan or Burma. Mopping operations are now continuing and it will take some time before the whole district could be said to have been cleared completely of all anti-national elements.

Meanwhile, on 6th March 1966 the Mizo National Front was declared an unlawful organisation under rule 32 of the Defence of India Rules. This was done as the Central Government was satisfied that the Mizo National Front is an organisation "which is, and whose members and the persons in control whereof are, indulging in activities prejudicial to the security of the Mizo district in the State of Assam and of the adjoining parts of the territory of India". Under this order, any one who manages, promotes or attends the meetings of this organisation, publishes any notice or advertisement relating to such meetings, invites persons to support the organisation or in any way assists its operation, becomes liable to prosecution and the maximum punishment of seven years and fine. The order further empowers the Central and the State Governments to notify and take possession of the places used for the purpose of the Mizo National Front and the movable property found at such places and to forfeit the funds

[Shri Nanda]

of the Front. The State Government dropped one lakh leaflets in the Mizo district to apprise the population of this fact and to warn them not to take part in any unlawful activity.

Situation in

I am sure the House will join me in congratulating the Security Forces on a good job well done in the face difficulties of terrain and other initial handicaps which were, swiftly overcome. Mention must also be made of the large number of patriotic Mizos who renederd assistance to the military and civil authorities in various ways and made the operation the success that it has been. There should be no doubt in any quarter that while every effort has been and will be made to attend to genuine needs in regard to economic development, social welfare, etc., elements which may nourish a hope of overawing or overthrowing lawfully established Government would be stamped out by every means at our disposal.

Shri Hem Barua: Government servants from the rest of India serving in the Mizo Hills were put in chains and thrown into concentration camps. A Colonel of the Mizo National Front has stated-may I read out what he has stated in Hindustani?

Mr. Speaker: He does not need my permission. But he might straightway ask the question.

Shri Hem Barua: He came and said:

"तुम लोगों को कुछ तकलीफ 'हम्राक्या? फिकिर मत करो। भ्राज हम लोग माजाद हो गया । इधर पाकिस्तान हो गया । सेना लोग भी श्राया है हम लोग को मदद करने के वास्ते । लेकिन भभी तुम लोग को नहीं मारेगा । किसी का खन लेकर प्राजादी मिले तो ऐसा प्राजादी हम लोग को नहीं चाहिए । हिन्दस्तान सरकार ने हम लोग को बहुत धोका दिया । जब उन लोग को भाजादी मिला तब वायदा किया था कि हम दस साल के

बाद तूल लोग को मिजो लोग को माजादी दे देगा । लेकिन भ्राज 18 साल हो गया । म्राजादी नहीं मिला । इसी के वास्ते माज हम लोग जबर्दस्ती से माजादी छीन लिया ।"

Have I read it wrongly, Sir? way hon. Members are laughing....

Mr. Speaker: They are eagerly waiting for the question. He has already taken five minutes. Now he might ask the question.

Shri Hem Barua: In the context of this, (a) since this statement of the Colonel of the Mizo National Front of Assam pinpoints the involvement of Pakistan and China in the recent rebellion, may I know whether Government have held any probe into this matter and have established the involvement of Pakistan and China in this rebellion, and (b) since the hon. Home Minister has stated that the conditions in the Mizo Hills have stabilised and normalised, may I know whether our Government are going to negotiate for peace or for political settlement of the problem with the Mizo people, as they are doing with the Nagas at present?

Shri Nanda: I will take up (b) first and submit that there cannot be any kind of political negotiations with the people of our own country. involvement, some answer had been given earlier about what appeared to us to be some kind of movement from Mizo District to Pakistan and return of those people after training and with weapons.

Shri Hem Barua: Sir, he has not replied to my question. Since the statement pinpoints the involvement of Pakistan and China in the rebellion, may I know whether Government have held any probe into the matter to establish the veracity of this statement of the extent of Pakistani and Chinese involvement in the rebellion.

Shri Nanda: We are continually probing into all such things.

Shri Hem Barua: With no effect.

भी हुकम चन्द कछवाय (देवास) : मैं यह जानना चाहता हूं कि यह मिजो विद्रोहियों द्वारा भारतीय पुलिस के जवानों का अपहरण किया गया और उसमें से अनेक लोगों को मारा गया तथा कितने लोगों का घपहरण किया और क्या यह बात सही है कि उन्हें वहां से पाकिस्तान भेज दिया गया ? यदि हां, तो कितने लोगों को और कितने हमारे जवानों को मारा ?

Shri Nanda: I have some figures. The question is about persons who may have been missing or kidnapped, On our side it is one officer, 5 JCOs and 192 other ranks. The presumption is many of them would still be in various places because of the difficulties of communications and that they may be making their way. I cannot say definitely as to what the position is.

श्री हकम चन्द कछत्राय : ग्रध्यक्ष महोदय मेरी एक बात का जवाब नहीं दिया । कितने लोगों का भ्रपहरण करके उन्हें पाकिस्तान भेज दिया गया ऐसी सचना सरकार के पास है क्या ?

धान्यक्ष बाद्वीदा : किसी को पाकिस्तान भेजा ऐसी सूचना है क्या?

Shri Nanda: Yes, Sir; there is information about one or two that we have received.

Shri P. C. Borooah (Sibsagar): May I know whether the arms seized from the Mizo rebels has established that their origin was Pakistan and Shri Laldenga, the Mizo leader, and his followers are now camping in Pakistan? In this context may I know whether Government considers.....

Mr. Speaker: Now will everyone ask.....

Shri P. C. Borocah: Sir, you allowed four questions to Shri Hem Barua. Why should you deny me?

Mr. Speaker: Shri Hem Barua has become the model.

Shri P. C. Borooah: I also come from Assam. May I know whether Government considers it a breach of the solemn declaration given by India and Pakistan in Tashkent? Has Government taken up this matter with USSR and in the UN Assembly; if so, what is the reaction?

Shri Nanda: There is no question of the UN Assembly but we have communicated with Pakistan regarding this matter. As to the arms, the arms which we have taken possession of, it seems, do not bear any marking; therefore, we are still finding out what their origin is.

Shri Ravindra Varma (Thiruvella): May I know whether it is a fact that Government had intercepted a letter from Shri Laldenga or other leaders of the Mizo National Front addressed to President Soekarno of Indonesia seeking his assistance; if so, whether this letter or letters show that there has been any encouraging response from the other side?

Shri Nanda: I cannot say "intercepted", but we have discovered a copy of such a letter in a hide-out. It was seized by our forces. Other material was also found there. There was a copy of a letter purporting to have been addressed to the President of Indonesia.

Shri Hem Barua: On a point of order, Sir. Since it is a very serious matter, a letter from President Soekarno to Shri Laldenga, he should satisfy us if he has taken up the matter with the Indonesian leader.

Shri Nanda: It is not from but to; whether it has gone at all is another question.

Shri H. N. Mukerjee (Calcutta Central): Sir. the other day the Foreign Minister referring to this very report of the hon. Member over there had said that it is not true and that it was very indiscreet and wrong on the part of the hon. Member to have mentioned it because of the delicacy of the internal situation of a country of which we may or may not approve; it should not be mentioned particularly in Parliament. Now the Home Minister, whose colleague, I hope, Shri Swaran Singh, the Foreign Minister, is, makes a statement which does not quite coincide; at least, there is no co-ordination in essence between the two.

Mr. Speaker: What has been discovered must be told to the House.

Shri Nanda: I presume, Sir, that the hon. Member knows the difference between "to" and "from". I might explain that the question was whether any letter from the President of Indonesia has come here.

श्री विश्वनाथ पांडेय (सलेमपुर) : जैसा कि श्रभी माननीय मंत्री महोदय ने वक्तव्य दिया है उससे यह मालुम होता है कि वहां का वातावरण सन्तोषप्रद है लेकिन जैसा कि श्रभी समाचारपत्नों में प्रकाशित हमा है उससे साफ होता है कि मिजो फंट के जो लोग हैं वह सिकय हैं धौर धपने विष्ट्रवंसकारी कार्यों में लगे हुए हैं और जैसा कि समाचार पत्नों में निकला है कि शिलांग से सिलचर जो रोड है उसको मिजो फंट के त्लोगों ने विध्वंसकारी अस्त्रों से उडा दिया है भीर वहां का यातायात ठप हो गरा है तो इस सम्बन्ध में मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि सरकार की क्या प्रतित्रिया है ?

भी नन्दा: मैंने यह नहीं कहा था कि सब भापरेशंस खत्म हो गये हैं। प्रभी भी बह लोग हैं भीर उनकी कुछ कार्यवाही होती है थोड़ी बहुत । सड़क के ऊपर उन्होंने कोशिश की मगर बहुत थोड़ा सा नुकसान हुआ। ज्यादा नशीं हमा ।

भी राम हरल यादव (भ्राजमगढ़) : क्या यह बात सही है कि सभी जिस मामले का जिक्र किया गया था 2.1 मार्च को कुछ मिजो फंट वालों ने सडक को उडा दिया था तो क्या वहां पर उन लोगों के पास कुछ ऐसे हथियार मिले हैं कि जो पाकिस्तान ग्रौर चाइना के बने हैं ?

श्री नग्दा: उसमें कुछ डाइनामाइट षगैरह वहां रखा हुग्रा पकड़ा गया है लेकिन उसमें पाकिस्तान की कोई बात नहीं थी।

धी स्यागी (देहरादून): जरा चीन की तरफ़ से भी घांख खोलियेगा।

Shri S. M. Banerjee (Kanpur): I am happy to know after hearing the Home Minister that the Mizo rebels have been successfully suppressed. I would like to know whether, along with the suppression of the rebels, the grievances also have been suppressed or whether Government will look into those.

Mr. Speaker: He has answered already.

Shri S. M. Banerjee: He has not said anything about ....

Shri Nanda: This revolt has nothing to do with grievances. This was for independence, for separation from India. So far as grievances are concerned, I have stated on another occasion that numerous steps have been taken and will be taken.

भी मधु लिमये (मंगेर): फौजी कार्य-वाही की सफलता पर खशी मनाने के बजाय क्या मंत्री महोदय ने इस समस्या का स्थायी हल निकालने की दृष्टि से इन सझाबों पर विचार किया है जैसे कि कचार के इलाके के चाय के बागवानों का हस्तक्षेप तथा सीमावर्सी इलाकों में फौजी और गैर फौजी लोगों को बसाना और मिजो के इलाक़ों के विकास के लिए जैसे कि स्कल, सडक, पीने के पानी भादि बडी योजनाएं बनाना ।

श्री नन्या : वड़ी योजना जो हमने बनाई है वह बता दी वाक़ी जो श्रीर चीजें हैं श्रीर समस्याएं हैं उन के भी सुझाव हैं .

श्री मधु लिमये : मैं ने पूछा है .

श्र<mark>घ्यक्ष महोदयः</mark> उस पर भी गौर किया जायगा । डा० राम मनोहर लोहिया ।

डा॰ राम मनोहर लोहिया (फर्क्साबाद): गृह मंत्री जी का बयान ग्राप के पास है ? उस में करीब करीब बीच में जब वह कह रहे थे कि पलटन ग्रागे बढ़ती गई तो ग्राख़िर में यह कहा :—

"The area has been cleared of Mizos."

यह शब्द भाये हैं। मैं चाहता हूं कि जरा गृह मंत्री जी भीर भाप भी उस के ऊपर गौर करें।

**ग्रध्यक्त महोदय**ः ग्रद ग्राप सवाल करें।

डा॰ राम मनोहर लोहियाः श्राया है या नहीं भ्राया है ? उन्होंने यह उच्चारण किया . . .

ग्रम्बक्त महोदयः ग्राप सवाल करें जो जवाब देना होगा वह बाद में दे देंगे।

बा॰ राम मनोहर लोहिया: यह ग़लती उन से घनजाने हुई घौर उन के दफ्तर ने भी हो सकता है लापरवाही में की लेकिन यह ग़लती बड़ी ख़तरनाक थी। मीजो विद्रोही धौर मीजो देशभक्त दोनों में हमेशा फर्क करना चाहिए। नम्बर एक

प्रध्यक्ष महोदय: उन्होंने कहा है। उन्होंने उन की तारीफ़ की है।

 डा० राम मनोहर लोहिया: नहीं
अन्यक्ष महोदय, मेहरबानी कर के भ्राप उन की सफ़ाई के लिए मत कहिये। प्र<mark>प्यक्ष महोदय: सफाई की क्या बात है</mark> उनके स्टेटमेंट में प्राया है कि हम उन की तारीफ़ करते हैं जोकि हमारी मदद करते हैं।

डा० राम भनोहर लोहियाः यह वाक्य मैं ग्राप से पूछ रहा हूं वह वाक्य क्यागत मंत्री की जहां उन्होंने कहा है

"The area has been cleared of Mizos." ग्राप उन से पढवाइये ।

श्री समु लिमये : यह खड़े होकर बोलते क्यों नहीं हैं ? चुपचाप बैठे हुए हैं उन्हें खड़े होकर बतलाना चाहिए कि यह वाक्य है या नहीं है ।

डा० राम मनोहर लोहियाः यह वाक्य उन्होंने पढ़ा है टेप रेकार्ड मंगवा कर सुन सकते हैं।

"The area has been cleared of Mizos." (Interruptions).

You may not try to tell me what he meant. What did he say? ग्राप मूझ से श्रंग्रेजी बुलवा कर पाप मत कराइये।

**सम्यक्ष महोदय**ः स्नाप बैठ जाइये ।

Shri Nanda: "Almost all the important posts and towns have been rid of the influence of the armed Mizo gangs..."

डा० राम मनोहर लोहिया : नहीं साहैब उस में है । सभी टेप रेकार्ड मंगवाना पड़ेगा ।

"The area has been cleared of Mizos."

Shri Nanda: "Mopping up operations are continuing and it will take some time before the whole district could be said to have been cleared completely of all anti-national elements."

कम्यक महोदय : मीजो का कहा है।

डा॰ राम मनोहर लोहिया: वह बयान ग्राप ले लीजिये उन से ।

**ग्रष्ट्यक्ष महोदय**ः ग्रव ग्राप सवाल करें।

बा॰ राम मनोहर लोहिया: मेरा सवाल यह है कि कुछ बदनसीबी ऐसी रही है कि भारत सरकार को हमेशा ऐसे देशभक्त मिलते हैं जो कम तेजस्वी होते हैं और विद्रोही ज्यादा तेजस्वी होते हैं, कारण इसके कुछ भी रहे हों, लेकिन भारत सरकार ने कभी सोचा है कि उस से कौन सी गलतियां होती हैं कि जिसके कारण सरकार के भक्त लोग तो नरम होते हैं और बेमतलब जैसे भादमी होते हैं भीर जो विद्रोही हैं वह तेजस्वी बन जाते हैं, भ्रगर यह सच है तो इस को दूर करने के लिए वह कौन सी कार्यवाही कर रही है?

**धप्यक्ष महोदय**ः वह जो उनका वाक्स धापने रैफर किया है वह मैं ने देख लिया है। उस में है:

"....and Dimagiri was cleared of....

—not all Mizos, but— "....armed Mizos."

डा० राम मनोहर लोहिया : टेप रेकार्ड भी मंगवा सकते हैं।

ष्राध्यक्ष महोदय: जो उन्होंने स्टेटमेंट पढ़ा था और जिसे ग्राप ने रैफर किया था वहीं मैं ने पढ़ दिया है तब ग्रब क्या दिक्कत रह जाती है ?

ैं डा० राम मनोहर लोहिया: ग्रच्छा ठीक है जाने दीजिये बाक़ी मैंने ही ऐसा नहीं बल्कि कई लोगों ने वैसा सुना था।

ध्राच्यक्त महोदय: घ्रव जब मैंने वह उनका बोला गया वाक्य पढ़ दिया है तब भी धाप कहे चले जा रहे हैं ?

डा॰ राम मनोहर लोहिया : ठीक है मैं छसे छोड़े देता हूं घीर मैं माने लेता हूं धाप की बात । **मध्यक्ष महोदय**ः ग्रगर सवाल करना हो तो कर लीजिये।

डा॰ राम मनोहर लोहियाः क्या भारत सरकार कभी इस पर गौर करेगी कि जो सरकार के भक्त लोग हैं इन सीमावर्ती इलाक़ों में वह तो मध्यम किस्म के लोग होते हैं भौर विद्रोही तेजस्वी होते हैं तो इस का क्या कारण है भौर उन कारणों को दूर करने के लिए सरकार ने क्या कुछ सोचा है?

श्री नन्दा: बड़ा फिलासिफिकल क्वैण्वन है कि जो विरोधी होते हैं वह तेजस्वी होते हैं। दरअसल विरोधी जो होता है वह आगे आता है और लड़ाई करने को सामने आता है जबकि मदद करने वाले पीछे से मदद करते हैं (व्यवधान)

डा० राम मनोहर लोहियाः यह सवाल का जवाब नहीं हुमा। गृह मंत्री जी ने जो कहा उसके माने तो यह हुए कि हम लोग तेजस्वी हैं ग्रीर भ्राप बिलकुल मध्यय भ्रादमी हैं।

• ग्रम्थकः महोदयः बसहो गया । डा०सिंघवी।

डा० राम मनोहर लोहिया: शेख घन्दुस्ला जैसे तेजस्वी विरोधी रखो भीर सादिक जैसे मध्यम लोग बदले में रखो।

भ्रष्यक्ष महोवयः यह तेजस्विक्ता मुझ पर नहीं चलानी चाहिए। कुछ रहम कीजिये।

Dr. L. M. Singhvi (Jodhpur): We must in all fairness congratulate the hon. Minister on his firm handling of the situation. We would like to know whether it is a fact that the hard core of the leadership of the Mizo National Front has avoided and escaped arrest or apprehension, and with these persons spearheading the Mizo National Front Movement, certain forces of subversion and disaffection playing their part in it, and certain foreign complexities having been found in this, whether it is a fact that

these persons who have avoided arrest are still at large and they have gone underground recently, and if so, what Government propose to do about them.

Secondly, may I know also whether Government propose to study this matter in all its implications also in terms of how this came to arise, whether there was neglect on our part or there was only foreign complexity which gave rise to this armed revolt?

Shri Nanda: It is a long question requiring a statement by itself. But part of it was covered earlier in the discussions. There are those leaders underground. I mentioned about the mopping operations in my statement. Every effort will be made to see that we get hold of them. I may add that the Mizo Union which is a large body was approached by the Mizo National Front people for collaboration, but they have declined to do so and they have told them that they not going to join. There is a large body of Mizos who are thus entirely with us.

12.27 hrs.

RE. QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE

Mr. Speaker: Now, papers to be laid on the Table.

श्री मधु लिससे (मुंगेर) : ग्रध्यक्ष महोदय, मेरे विशेषाधिकार प्रश्न का क्या हुग्रा ? मैं ने एक विशेषाधिकार का प्रश्न उठाया था। कल प्रधान मंत्री जी जब सदन् छोड़ कर चली गईं तब ग्राप ने उस के बारे में दो निवेदन किये थे . . . .

ग्रम्यक्ष महोदय: ग्रब ग्राप इस तरीके से बीच में दखल मत दीजिये।

श्री मधु लिमयें : एक वाक्य मुझे कह स्रोने दीजिये । ध्य्यक्ष महोबय : धाप इस तरीक़े से खड़े मत हो जाया करिये जब तक कि मैं कंसट न दं।

श्री मधु लिमये: स्रधूरी बात छप जाती है। प्राप ने जो कहा था वह बात स्रधूरी छप गई है। उस के बारे में मुझे निवेदन करने दीजिये। स्राप ने यह कहा था . . .

ध्रष्यक्ष महोदय : मैं इजाजन नहीं देता।

श्री मधु लिमये: क्या ग्राप मुझे एक वाक्य कहने का भी मौका नहीं देंगे ?

**ग्राच्यक्ष महोदय**: मैं इजाजत नहीं देता।

भी मधुलिसये : सब को देदेते हैं तो मुझे ही क्यों नहीं देरहे हैं ? सधूरी बात छप जाती है . . . .

प्रष्यक्ष महोदय : मैं ग्राप को कहने की इजाजत नहीं देता ।

श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय (देवास) : क्या मुझे कुछ कहने का श्राप मौका देंगे

ग्रम्यक महोदय : जी नहीं ।

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

GOVERNMENT RESOLUTION SETTING UP A CENTRAL WAGES BOARD FOR LEATHER AND LEATHER GOODS INDUSTRY

The Minister of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation (Shri Jagjiwan Ram): I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Government Resolution No. WB-19(2)/65 dated the 21st March, 1966 setting up a Central Wage Board for the leather and leather goods industry. [Placed in Labrary, see No. LT-5895/66].

Shri S. M. Banerjee (Kanpur): I want to make a submission.....