

allowed you to intervene like this.

SHRI SAIFUDDIN CHOWDHARY:
What about the assurances he gave to her?

MR. SPEAKER: This is something outside the House... (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Chowdhary and Miss Mamata are one today.

SHRI BHADRESWAR TANTI: Today 1.70 lakh industries are sick and the Government all along is assuring the House that the matter is under consideration. The workers have been rendered jobless. They are dying for want of food and shelter.

MR. SPEAKER: Put the question.

SHRI BHADRESWAR TANTI: I am putting the question. May I know from the hon. Minister whether central subsidy given to the industrialists in Assam has been stopped from September, 1988? Is it a fact that because of this, more than 200 industries are on the verge of closure? What steps is the Minister going to take to extend the subsidy to the industries and thus protect the workers?

SHRI J. VENGAL RAO: The question is about sick industries. He is asking about the subsidy. I will answer that also. The subsidy

was stopped on 30th September. Now it is under consideration of the Government.

Loss of Production Due to Power Shortage

*258. **SHRI BRAJAMOHAN MOHANTY:**
SHRI ANADI CHARAN DAS:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether any assessment has been made about the loss of production during the year 1987-88 and upto end of September, 1988 on account of power shortage; and

(b) if so, the details thereof, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI KALPNATH RAI): (a) and (b). Production is dependent on several factors like availability of raw material, demand for the product, Industrial relationship, management efficiency etc. Therefore, the loss in production on account of power shortage alone cannot be quantified. However, statements I & II showing the power supply position during 1987-88 and during April-September, 1988 are given below.

STATEMENT

*Loss of Production due to Power Shortage
Actual Power Supply Position April, 1987—March, 1988.*

*(Figs. in
MU net.)*

<i>Region/State/System</i>	<i>Requirement</i>	<i>Availability</i>	<i>Deficit</i>	<i>%</i>
<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>5</i>
<i>NORTHERN REGION</i>				
Chandigarh	424	423	1	0.2%
Delhi	5435	6332	103	1.6%
Haryana	7042	6106	936	13.3%
Himachal Pradesh	1094	1073	21	1.9%
Jammu & Kashmir	2316	2060	256	11.1%
Punjab Incl. NFF	12906	12058	848	6.6%
Rajasthan	8854	7885	969	10.9%
Uttar Pradesh	23820	19864	3956	16.6%
Total (N.R.)	62891	55801	7090	11.3%
<i>WESTERN REGION</i>				
Gujarat	18164	17419	745	4.1%
Madhya Pradesh	14047	13494	553	3.9%
Maharashtra	30432	28619	1813	6.0%
Goa	492	492	0	0.0%
Total (W.R.)	63135	60024	3111	4.9%
<i>SOUTHERN REGION</i>				
Andhra Pradesh	16636	14693	1943	11.7%

1	2	3	4	5
Karnataka	15185	10556	4629	30.5%
Kerala	6135	5196	939	15.3%
Tamil Nadu	17330	15482	1848	10.7%
Total (S.R.)	55286	45927	9359	16.9%
EASTERN REGION				
Bihar	5135	4179	956	18.6%
D.V.C.	7085	6484	601	8.5%
Orissa	6880	5683	1197	17.4%
West Bengal	8460	7859	601	7.1%
Total (E.R.)	27560	24205	3355	12.2%
<i>NORTH EASTERN REGION</i>	2121	2019	102	4.8%
<i>ALL INDIA</i>	210903	187976	23017	10.9%

STATEMENT II

Loss of Production Due to Power Shortage

Actual Power Supply Position April-September, 1988

April, 1988—September, 1988

(Fig. in Mu net.)

<i>Region/State/System</i>	<i>Requirement</i>	<i>Availability</i>	<i>Shortage</i>	<i>%</i>
1	2	3	4	5
<i>Northern Region</i>				
Chandigarh	242	242	0	0.0%
Delhi	3738	3706	32	0.9%
Haryana	3390	3420	80	2.3%

1	2	3	4	5
Himachal Pradesh	537	537	0	0.0%
Jammu & Kashmir	1300	1082	218	16.8%
Punjab incl. NFF	7592	7477	115	1.5%
Rajasthan	4226	4117	109	2.6%
Uttar Pradesh	11790	10299	1491	12.6%
Total (N.R.)	32925	30880	2045	6.2%
<i>Western Region</i>				
Gujarat	8770	8635	135	1.5%
Madhya Pradesh	6745	6335	410	6.1%
Maharashtra	15240	14778	452	3.0%
Goa	258	258	0	0.0%
Total (W.R.)	31010	30016	997	3.2%
<i>Southern Region</i>				
Andhra Pradesh	8175	7035	1140	13.9%
Karnataka	7280	5108	2142	29.4%
Kerala	3150	2786	414	13.1%
Tamil Nadu	9265	8661	604	6.5%
Total (S.R.)	27870	23570	4300	15.4%
<i>Eastern Region</i>				
Bihar	2700	2419	281	10.4%
D.V.C.	3525	3213	312	8.9%
Orissa	3360	2823	537	16.0%

1	2	3	4	5
West Bengal	4410	4152	258	5.9%
Total (E.R.)	13995	12607	1388	9.9%
<i>North Eastern Region</i>	1181	1115	66	5.6%
<i>All India</i>	106984	98188	8796	8.2%

SHRI BRAJA MOHAN MOHANTY: From the figures given by the hon. Minister it appears that in power shortage during 1987-88 and during April-September 1988 Orissa occupies the third place. Orissa is a backward State. Because of infrastructural deficiencies, it is a backward State. So, my question would be, what are the on-going projects in Orissa and what are the proposals for power projects pending with the Government of India for clearance.

SHRI KALPNATH RAI: Sir, to meet the power shortage in Orissa, the Cabinet has just taken a decision and the Talchar super thermal power station has been sanctioned 1,000 MW. This cost Rs. 1,500 crores. There is shortage of power in the country but the Government is trying its level best to increase the power production. Today, 56,000 MW capacity of power generation has taken place and the Government is trying to add 38,000 MW of power production in the Eighty Five Year Plan. The more the power production, the more the agricultural and industrial production will take place in the country. The Government is trying its best to provide maximum power to Orissa.

[*Translation*]

SHRI BRAJAMOHAN MOHANTY: It is a sort of statement.

[*English*]

This is no answer to my question. My

question is what are the on-going projects in Orissa and what are the proposals for power projects awaiting clearance from the Government of India. However, I forego my right for second supplementary. Now I add whether the States which are continuously, for the last 30 years, are lagging behind the national average—national average of per capita income and national average of infrastructure—would get a special priority so far as clearance of the power projects is concerned. The hon. Minister may enlighten me what are the on-going projects, what are the projects pending and whether the backward States will receive priority in clearance of the power projects.

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI VASANT SATHE): Sir, this question was not restricted only to Orissa. That is why special statement relating to Orissa has not been made. We were discussing in general. But I would supply the necessary information relating to Orissa about the on-going projects. Broadly, as far as Orissa is concerned, two major projects, one Talcher and another Ib, are being cleared and this will add substantially to the need of power for Orissa. But apart from these, as far as Orissa is concerned, it is essential that the State Electricity Board should improve its plant load factor. We are assisting the State Electricity Board also improving, for modernisation and upgradation, the State Electricity Board's performance so that they may be able to generate more power from their own State Electricity Board's projects. In addition, I may

also state that the private sector is willing to supply power to the State Electricity Board. That also be utilised. Thus, all measures should be taken to ensure that there is adequate power generated and supplied in Orissa.

SHRI BRAJAMOHAN MOHANTY: Sir, my other question is when will Ib and Talcher projects will be completed and whether the Government of India will consider the installation of a nuclear power station in Orissa to meet the power deficit.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: Sir, for nuclear power, he will have to address his question to the Department which deals with nuclear power projects. I will not be able to comment on that. But as far as Ib and Talchar are concerned, these two big super thermal power stations will take somewhere about five to six years to be completed.

SHRI S. M. GURADDI: Sir, is it not a fact that the Karnataka Government has sent so many proposals for generating power but you have not sanctioned them, you have not approved those proposals till now?

SHRI VASANT SATHE: It is not a fact.

Linking of Foreign Countries by ISD facility

*259. SHIR P. M. SAYEED: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether new satellities are proposed to be linked for the purpose of improving the augmentation of the existing capacity of communications in the country;

(b) the names and number of foreign countries with which India has direct dailling telephone facilities; and

(c) the names of the countries proposed to be linked with India by International Subscriber Dailling (ISD) facility during the next five years?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHIR BIR BAHADUR SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). 176 foreign countries have been linked with India for ISD facility. Names of these countries are shown in Statement I below. List of countries with whom negotiations are under way for inclusion in the ISD network is shown in Statement II below. Provision of International Subscriber Dailling facility to these countries depends upon response from these countries.

STATEMENT I

List of Countries Available on ISD

<i>S.I No.</i>	<i>Country</i>
<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>
1.	Albania
2.	Algeria
3.	Andorra
4.	Angola
5.	Auguilla
6.	Antigua
7.	Argentina
8.	Aruba
9.	Ascension Island
10.	Australia
11.	Austria
12.	Azores
13.	Bahamas
14.	Bahrain
15.	Bangladesh
16.	Barbados
17.	Belgium
18.	Belize
19.	Benin
20.	Berumuda