# LOK SABHA DEBATES

#### LOK SABHA

Wednesday, November 19, 1986/Kartika 28, 1908 (SAKA)

The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock.

[MR. SPEAKER in the Chair]

### **ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS**

[English]

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Legislation for Confiseation of Ill-Gotten Wealth

\*225. SHRI SANAT KUMAR MANDAL :

#### SHRIS. M. GURADDI:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government propose to assume powers to confiscate ill-gotten wealth from even third parties or benami holders;

(b) if so, whether Government propose to amend the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1947; and

(c) if so, the details thereof and when the proposed legislation is likely to be introduced?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PEN-SIONS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM) : (a) to (c). The Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance, 1944 contains provisions for attachment of property procured through ill-gotten means as also for attachment of property of malafide transferees. Thus the necessary powers are already available. However, the question of introducing a comprehensive Prevention of Corruption Bill to make the provisions of the existing anticorruption laws more effective is under consideration.

SHRI SANAT KUMAR MANDAL: I would like to know from the hon. Minister how do the Government propose to tackle the stupendous problem of blackmoney amassed by the unscrupulous people at the cost of the exchequer and public at large.

SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM : This Ministry is concerned only with anticorruption measures against Government servants and with the administration of the prevention of Corruption Act. 1 think hon. Member's questions should really be directed to the Finance Ministry.

SHRI SANAT KUMAR MANDAL: Has any estimate been made about the extent of such ill-gotten and benami holdings?

SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM : This question again should be addressed to the Finance Ministry

DR. G. VIJAYA RAMA RAO: In spite of Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance and the corruption Prevention Bill, there has been massive corruption in the country for the last 38 Years making a few people multi-millionaires and majority of the people Poor. In view of this, I would like to know from the hon. Minister whether the Government will

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come forward with imposing a ceiling limit in order to get economic equality among the people.

SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM : Imposition of a ceiling is not within, the purview of my Ministry. It is again a question which should be addressed to the Finance Ministry.

#### Offer of Surrender by Tripura National Volunteers

\*226. SHRI C. MADHAV REDDI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Tripura National Volunteers, an outlawed guerilla organisation, had recently indicated that they would surrender to Government; and

(b) whether Government have decided to use the good offices of the Mizo National Front leaders to persuade the TNV men to surrender their arms?

## THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (S. BUTA SINGH): (a) No, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

SHRI C. MADHAV REDDI: It is reported that the Chief Minister of Tripura has announced a general amnesty and ordered that anybody coming out and surrendering arms would be forgiven and allowed to lead a normal life. In view of this and also in view of the fact that these rebels are known to be getting their help from Mizo nationals and Mr. Laidenga who is the Chief Minister of Mizoram, whether the Government of India will use the good offices of the Chief Minister to see that these rebels are to surrender their arms.

S. BUTA SINGH: Sir, this has not come to our knowledge that the Chief Minister of Tripura has granted some kind of amnesty to the TNV people. Also, in the Agreement th t was arrived at with the MNF, they gave a commitment that they will not extend any kind of help to TNV people and they have adhered to this agreement. After the agreement was signed, there has not been any evidence to the effect that they have helped the TNV.

SHRI C. MADHAV REDDI : During recent times, there has been spurt in the terrorist activities of these rebels. Only lask week about 17 persons have been butchered within 3 days. In view of the fact that there is a lot of scare spread in the villages particularly in isolated villages and the non-tribals are feeling unsafe to live in those villages, may I know whether the Government has taken up this matter with the Bangladesh Government because they are crossing the border and taking shelter in the hilly areas, collecting arms and ammunition there and coming to Tripura and committing murders and going back. In view of this fact, whether the complicity of the Bangladesh - Governmhet had been brought to the notice of the President of Bangladesh when he had visited this country. May I also know whether the Tripura Chief Minister had been asking for more force and what is the total strength of the armed forces already sent to Tripura ; how many more battalion had been asked by the Chief Minister and what is the attitude of the Government of India in this regard.

S. BUTA SINGH : The question of TNV getting help from across the border, specially in Bangladesh, has been brought to the notice of the Bangladesh authorities. When the President of Bangladesh was in India, I had the opportunity of calling on him and discussing with him the influx of Chakmas into Tripura and other parts also. While discussing the question. I did bring it to his notice the help being given to TNV people in Bangaladesh. As a matter of fact, the TNV has its major headquarters of operation in the hill-side of the border towards Bangaladesh. I brought this to the notice of the President of Bangladesh. Also, through our diplomatic channels, we have been in touch with the Government of Bangladesh. The recent increase in the incidents in the activities of these TNV people has been mentioned to the Chief Minister. I sent him special message.