17.51 hrs.

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BUSINESS ADVISORY COMMITTEE:

Eighteenth Report

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND COMMUNICA-TIONS (DR. RAM SUBHAG SINGH): I beg to present the Eighteenth Report of the Business Advisory Committee.

DEMANDS FOR GRANTS, 1968-69-Contd

Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation-Contd.

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR, EMPLOYMENT AND REHABILITATION (SHRI D. R. CHAVAN): Sir, as a matter of fact, I was anticipating that some hon. members would refer to the Department of Rehabilatation and Mr. Kachwai referred to Dandakaranya. I would first of all explain the magnitude of the problem and then the efforts made by this Department to solve it. The House is aware that immediately after partition, from West Pakistan nearly about 47 lakhs people crossed over to India and from East Pakistan upto 1958 nearly 41.7 lakhs of people have crossed over to this country. Then, on 1.1.64 some communal disturbances took place in the eastern part of Pakistan and upto present time about 8.39 lakhs of persons have come to India. Subsequently, on account of the nationalisation policy adopted by the Burmese Government, about 1.59 lakhs of people have come over here. The House also knows that under our agreement with the Ceylonese Government, nearly 5.25 lakhs of people are likely to be repatriated to this country in a period of 15 years. This is the problem we are faced with.

Our approach in solving this has been to settle these persons on land, giving them loans to start trade and other occupations and to settle them in industry. matter of fact, we have taken up a massive programme in Dandakaranya, to which About 10.450 Kachwai referred. families are there today. It is a big agricultural project which was taken up in an area which was absolutely inaccessible previously. It started sometime in 1959.

Nearly about 1.10,000 acres of land has been reclaimed by the fully mechanised units of the Rehabilitation Reclamation Organisation, 40,000 acres of land has been brought under cultivation. The important point which I want to highlight so far as Dandakaranya Development Authority is concerned is the irrigation project that has been undertaken in the project area. I may mention for the information of hon. Members that two dams have been completed. One is called the Bhaskal Dam and the other is called the Pakanior Dam at a total cost of Rs. 1.8 crores. The Bhaskal Dam will about 11000 acres of land and the other dam will irrigate about another 11000 acres. Two other dams are under construction. One is the Davuda Dam and the other is called the Satyagude Dam. The first one will cost Rs 178 lakhs and the other will cost Rs. 2.02 crores. The total area likely to be brought under irrigation when all these projects are completed will be 75,000 acres of land out of which tribal land would be about 25,000 acres. When the scheme for Dandakaranya was conceived the idea was to bring about effective and expeditious settlement of the displaced persons in Dandakaranya and also to carry out accelerated development of the area with particular regard to the interests of the tribal people.

25 per cent of the land reclaimed is handed over to the State Government to be distributed to the landless adivasis. That means nearly about 24,000 acres of reclaimed land has been handed over to the State Governments for distribution to the adivasis. I may mention that nearly about 64 villages have been established for adivasis in the area and 224 villages have been established for the displaced persons. This Dandakaranya Development Authority which was imagined, planned and conceived by the late Prime Minister, Shri Jawaharlal Nehru when he dreamt of the area coming up like anything. After all these irrigation projects which I mentioned just now are completed, I am quite confident it will come up like anything as an agricultural project.

SHRI J. B. KRIPALANI (Guna) : Like everything with the Government.