

{*Translation*}

Research Institutes under Ayurvedic and Homoeopathic System of Medicine

*54. SHRI VIRDHI CHANDER JAIN:
Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Research Institutes working under the Ayurvedic and Homoeopathic systems of medicine in the country and the names of the diseases on which research work is being carried on by them; and

(b) the details of the progress made by the above Institutes in the direction of finding a cure for cancer?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI MOTILAL VORA):
(a) and (b). A statement giving the information is given below.

STATEMENT

(a) The Central Council for Research in Ayurveda and Siddha is conducting research in Ayurveda system of medicine in

the country. Similarly, the Central Council for Research in Homeopathy is engaged in research work in Homoeopathy system of medicine. 23 Research Institutes in Ayurveda and 18 in Homeopathy under these Councils are engaged in research on various diseases. Details of the Institutes and the diseases on which research work is being conducted are given below.

(b) A grant-in-aid Unit of Central Council for research in Ayurveda & Siddha, Amla Cancer Research Centre, Trichur has taken up the study of cancer. Among other medicines the effect of Rohitka, Varuna and Ksaras of certain drugs are being studied for evaluating their anti-cancer potentialities. A detailed study covering long period is necessary to draw any conclusion. At present the status is of extremely preliminary nature.

Two Regional Research Institutes at Bombay and New Delhi under the Central Council for Research in Homeopathy are engaged in treatment of cancer. Even though mostly very advanced cases of cancer come for treatment in these institutes., a certain clinical improvement has been observed in response to the treatment given. However, here again the study is in its very preliminary stage and it would take a long period to draw any conclusions.

DETAILS OF INSTITUTES UNDER CENTRAL COUNCIL FOR RESEARCH IN AYURVEDA AND SIDDHA AND THE DISEASES IN WHICH RESEARCH IS BEING CONDUCTED.

<i>Name of the Clinical Scheme</i>	<i>Diseases being Studied</i>
1	2
1. Central Research Institute (Ay.) Delhi	Amavata, Amlapitta, Parvahika, Atisara, Grahani, Yakrit daludar Tamak swasa, Kitibha, Sweta pradara, Rakta pradara Aerigdara Yoni vyapada, Apsmara, Madhumaha, Mutra krichha, Vishama

1	2
	jwara, Pakshavadha, Gridhrasi, Saisa- veeyavata, Raktachap, Vranan
2. Central Research Institute (Ay.), Bhubaneshwar	Amavata, Amlapitta, Parinamsula, Grahni roga, Tamak swasa, Sweta pradara, Pakshavadha, Gridhrasi
3. Indian Institute of Kayachikitsa, Patiala	Amavata, Krimi roga, Tamak swasa, Arsh, Kastartava, Rakta pradara/ Asrigdara, Madhumeha, Vishama jawara, (Malaria), Vishama Jawara (Symptomatic cases), Pakshavadha, Raktachap
4. Indian Institute of Panchkarma, Cheruthurthy	Pandu roga, Tamak swasa, Pama, Switra, Vicharchika, Khanja and Pangu, Saisaveeyavata
5. Regional Research Institute (Ay.), Calcutta.	Amavata, Sandhigatavata, Atisara,, Apasmara, Madhumeha Gridhrasi
6. Regional Research Institute (Ay.), Patna	Amavata, Krimi roga, Tamak swasa, Mutra Krichha, Slipada
7. Regional Research Institute (Ay.), Lucknow	Pravahika, Krimi roga, Kamala, Tamak Swasa, Raktachap
8. Regional Research Institute (Ay.), Gwalior	Amavata, Sandhigatavata, Grahni roga, Tamak swasa, Sweta pradara, Vishama jawara, Abhishyandha
9. Regional Research Institute (Ay.), Jaipur	Krimi roga, Vishama jawara (Malaria), Vishama jawara (Symptomatic cases), Saisaveeyavata
10. Regional Research Institute (Ay.), Junagarh	Amavata, Amlapitta, Tamak Swasa, Twak roga, Swet Pradara, Vishama jawara (Malaria)
11. Regional Research Institute (Ay.), Trivandrum	Atisara, Kitibha, Vicharchika

1	2
12. Regional Research Centre (Ay.), Itanagar	Amavata, Parinamasula, Krimi roga, Tamak Swasa, Vicharchika Sweta pradara
13. Regional Research Centre (Ay.), Gangtok	Pravahika, Twak roga, Yoni vyapada, Vishama jawara (Symptomatic cases)
14. Regional Research Centre (Ay.), Mandi	Amlapitta, Krimi roga, Kamala, Medo roga, Vishama jawara (Symptomatic cases), Raktachap
15. Regional Research Centre (Ay.), Jammu	Amavata, Sandhigatavata, Vishama jawara (Malaria)
16. Regional Research Centre (Ay.), Hastinapur	Switra, Vishama jawara (Symptomatic cases), Pothaki
17. Regional Research Centre (Ay.), Nagpur	Krimi roga, Slipda, Vishama jawara (Malaria)
18. Regional Research Centre (Ay.), Vijayawada	Tamak Swasa, Dadru
19. Regional Research Centre (Ay.), Bangalore	Pratishyaya
20. Dr. A. Lakshmi pati Research Centre for Ayurveda, Madras	Vishama jawara (Malaria)
21. Ayurvedic Research Unit, Bangalore	Unmada, Lakshana samuchhya of unmada
22. Clinical Research Unit, Hyderabad	Parinamasula
23. Clinical Research Unit (Ay.), Kottakal	Parinamasula, Giardiasis and E.H. Madnumeha

DETAILS OF INSTITUTES UNDER CENTRAL COUNCIL FOR RESEARCH IN HOMOEOPATHY AND THE DISEASES IN WHICH RESEARCH IS BEING CONDUCTED

S. No.	Name of Institutes/Units	Assignment
1	2	3
1.	Central Research Institute Sachivothampuram, Kottayam-686532.	1. Epilepsy 2. Mental diseases 3. Bronchial asthma 4. Diabetes Mellitus
2.	Regional Research Institute, Bombay Homoeopathic Medical College & Hospital, Irla Naka, Ville Parle, Bombay-400056.	1. Bronchial Asthma 2. Allergic conjunctivities 3. Malignant diseases 4. Clinical proving of Tuberculinum
3.	Regional Research Institute, 14/29, Upstairs, Gudivada-521301.	1. Osteo-arthritis 2. Bronchial asthma 3. Filariasis
4.	Regional Research Institute, N.H. Medical College & Hospital B-Block, Defence Colony, New Delhi.	1. Skin disorders 2. Cervical erosion+Cervicitis 3. Diabetes Mellitus 4. Bronchial Asthma 5. Malignant diseases
5.	Clinical Research Unit, 6/430, Model Town, Bahadurgarh	1. Tonsillitis 2. Urticaria 3. Helminthiasis
6.	Clinical Research Unit, H. No. 31, C.R.P. Ma in Road, Balragarh Market, Bhopal.	1. Osteo-arthritis 2. Skin disorders 3. Amoebiasis 4. Helminthiasis
7.	Clinical Research Unit, Kahilipara, Gawahati-781019.	1. Amoebiasis 2. Helminthiasis
8.	Clinical Research Unit, Rajasthan Homoeopathic Medical College & Hospital Station Road, Jaipur (Rajasthan)-302006	1. Helminthiasis 2. Malaria 3. Bronchial asthma 4. Renal Calculi 5. Poliomyelitis

1	2	3
9. Clinical Research Unit, Kishore Colony, Plot No. 1, Bhupindra Road, Near Phathak No. 22, Patiala-147001.		1. Osteo-arthritis 2. Eczema 3. Bronchial asthma 4. Sport-condition arisen from
10. Clinical Research Unit, M.B. 31, Middle Point, Mahathma Gandhi Road, Port-Blair-744010.		1. Malaria 2. Dysentery
11. Clinical Research Unit, Near Gundicha Temple, Puri-752002.		1. Filaria 2. Malaria
12. Clinical Research Unit, Flat No. 5, Nitya Niketan, Shimla-171002.		1. Tonsillitis 2. Sinusitis 3. Helminthiasis 4. Bronchial asthma
13. Clinical Research Unit, C.D.P. College of Homoeopathic Medicine, Near: Anand Mangal Society, Surat-395001.		1. Vitiligo (Disease oriented) 2. Vitiligo (Drug oriented) 3. Helminthiasis
14. Clinical Research Unit, 68-B, Ashok Nagar Tirupati-517501.		1. Filariasis 2. Gastro-enteritis 3. Amoebiasis 4. Vitiligo (Drug oriented)
15. Clinical Research Unit, Ashwini Nursing Home, Kalsanka, Udupi-576101.		1. Bronchial asthma 2. Rheumatism
16. Clinical Research Unit, Sastri Nagar, Madras-20.		1. Tonsillitis 2. Sinusitis 3. Cervicitis & Cervical erosion 4. Rheumatoid arthritis
17. Clinical Research Unit, Surgical Research Laboratory Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi-221005		1. To study the efficacy of Homoeopathic drug Pulsatilla (in 200 P) in correcting the malpositions of human foetus.

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2

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18. Clinical Research Unit (T),
Plot No. 90 (p),
Professor Colony,
P.O. Budharaja, Sambalpur.

2. To study the efficacy of Homoeopathic drug *Auram mur natronatum* 3x (trit) in uterine fibroids.
3. To study the efficacy of Homoeopathic drug *Ficus religiosa* (mother tincture form) in menorrhagia.
4. To study the efficacy of Homoeopathic drug *Fel tauri* 2x or 3x (trit) in Clinical cases of gall stones.
1. Sickle-cell anaemia.

[English]

STATEMENT

**Performance of the Board on Water
Pollution**

*55. SHRI AJOY BISWAS: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) the degree of water pollution prior to the constitution of the Central Board for Prevention and Control of Water Pollution (CBPCWP) and the degree of water pollution at present;

(b) whether the performance of this Board has been evaluated; and

(c) if so, the outcome thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI Z.R. ANSARI): (a) to (c). A statement is given below.

(a) Prior to the constitution of the Central Board for Prevention and Control of Water Pollution in September, 1974, there was no systematic monitoring of water quality. The Central Board defined water quality criteria for various uses and completed classification and zoning of all the 14 major river basins during the Sixth Plan period. The Central Board in collaboration with the concerned State Boards, prepared inventories on the status of water supply and waste water collection, treatment and disposal in Class I and Class II cities and towns in the country and of all major and medium water polluting industries.

A network of water quality monitoring stations was established. The number of such stations increased from 24 in 1980 to 170 in 1987. The data collected at these stations do not indicate any clear trend of increase or decrease of water pollution.