

**MR. SPEAKER :** Mr. Reddi, you come back to your seat. There is a question in your name.

**PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE :** There is a rule that the question should be put from the Member's own seat.

**MR. SPEAKER :** Did you think that you could have escaped ?

#### Management of Mental Hospitals

\*75. **SHRI THAMPAN THOMAS :** **SHRI C. MADHAV REDDI :** Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state : (a) whether it is a fact that there are several Mental Hospitals under the management of Central or State Governments ;

(b) if so, whether there are any guidelines issued by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare with regard to the maintenance, welfare and care of the mental patients in the Central Hospitals and those managed by the State Governments ;

(c) if so, the details thereof ; and

(d) whether in view of the seriousness of several mental patients due to bad management, Government propose to appoint a commission to enquire into these conditions and suggest remedial measures ?

**THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI) :**

(a) to (d) A Statement is given below.

#### Statement

Facilities for mental health counselling and treatment are available in Mental Hospitals/Institutions as well as in General Hospitals in most of the States. The list of the Hospitals having treatment facilities for Mental patients is enclosed at Appendix. The Indian Lunacy Act of 1912 provides guidelines with regards to the maintenance, welfare and care of Mental patients in Hospitals. Central Institute of Psychiatry, Ranchi and National Institute of Mental Health and Neuro Sciences, Bangalore are the Institutions administratively governed by the Union Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. For private and other State Government Mental Hospitals, the

State Governments concerned exercise their control on them keeping in with the provision of Indian Lunacy Act.

#### Appendix

List of Hospitals/Institutions having Specialists treatment facilities for Mental Patients.

1. Government Hospital for Mental care, Waltair Vishakhapatnam-530003, Andhra Pradesh.
2. Government Hospital for Mental Care, Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh.
3. Mental Hospital, Tezpur, Darrang-784001, Assam.
4. Ranchi Mansik Arogyashala, Kanke, Ranchi-834006, Bihar.
5. Central Institute of Psychiatry, Kanke, Ranchi-834001, Bihar.
6. Davis Institute of Neuro-Psychiatry, (Kishore Nursing Home), Boroya Road, M. Kanke, Ranchi-83007, Bihar.
7. Mental Hospital, Outside Delhi Gate, Shahibag Road, Ahmedabad-380004, Gujarat.
8. Mental Hospital Karelilbag, Baroda Gujarat.
9. Mental Hospital, Jamnagar, Gujarat.
10. Mental Hospital, Bhuj-Kutch-370001, Gujarat.
11. Kasturba Mental Hospital, Maroli, Tal, Navasari, Distt. Valsad, Gujarat.
12. Mental Institution, Kalawada, Rajkot, Gujarat.
13. Government Hospital for Psychiatric Diseases, Jammu, J & K.
14. Government Hospital for Psychiatric Diseases, Rainawari, Khatidarwaza, Srinagar, J & K.
15. National Institute of Mental Health & Neuro Sciences, Bangalore-560029, Karnataka.

16. Mental Hospital, Dharwar-580008, Karnataka.
17. Government Mental Hospital, Trivandrum-695005, Kerala.
18. Government Mental Hospital, Trichur-680004, Kerala.
19. Government Mental Hospital, Calicut, Kozhikode-673016, Kerala.
20. Mental Hospital, Indore-452003, M.P.
21. Mental Hospital, Gwalior-474003, M.P.
22. Central Mental Hospital, Yervada Pune-411006, Maharashtra.
23. N. M. Mental Hospital, Thana-400601, Maharashtra.
24. Mental Hospital, Chhindwara Road, Nagpur-440013, Maharashtra.
25. Mental Hospital, Ratnagiri-415612, Maharashtra.
26. Kripamayee Institute for Mental Health, Miraj, P. O. Wanleswadi, Distt. Sangli, Maharashtra.
27. Mental Hospital, Tall Colony, Kohima-797001, Nagaland.
28. Mental Hospital Institute, S.C.H. Medical College, Hospital, Cuttack 753071, Orissa,
29. Punjab Mental Hospital, Amritsar-143001, Punjab.
30. Mental Hospital, (Psychiatric Centre) Janta Colony, Jaipur-302004, Rajasthan.
31. Mental Hospital. (Psychiatric Centre) Shastri Nagar, Jodhpur-342001, Rajasthan,
32. Institute of Mental Health, Kilpauk, Madras-600010.
33. Mental Hospital, Agra-282002, U.P.
34. Mental Hospital, Bareilly-243001, U.P.
35. Mental Hospital, Varanasi-221002, U.P.
36. Noor Manzil Psychiatric Centre, Lal Bagh, Lucknow-2260001, U.P.
37. Mental Observation Ward, 7, D.L. Khan Road, Bhawanipur, Calcutta 700025, West Bengal.
38. Hospital for Mental Diseases, 18, Gobra Road, Calcutta-700046, West Bengal.
39. Lumbini Park Mental Hospital, 115, Girindra Sarkar Bose Road, Calcutta-700039, West Bengal.
40. Duttanagar Mental Health Centre, (formerly Bangiya Unmad Ashram) Duttanagar, Calcutta-700077, West Bengal.
41. Mental Hospital, Mankundu, Hoogly-712103, West Bengal.
42. Sarkarpol Mental Hospital, P.O. Mahestala, 25-Parganas, West Bengal.
43. Lalgola Special Jail, P.O. Lalgola, Surshidabad, West Bengal.
44. Mental Hospital, P.O. Berhampur, Murshdadad, West Bengal.
45. Hospital for Mental Diseases, G.T. Road, Shahdara, Delhi-110032.
46. Mental Hospital. Institute of Psychiatry & Human Behaviour, Altinho, Panaji-403001, Goa, Daman & Diu.

MR. SPEAKER : Mr. Reddi, no question ?

SHRI C. MADHAV REDDI : No. I am satisfied with the answer.

DR V. VENKATESH : Mr. Speaker, Sir, in our country most of the mental institutions are housed in the ex-jail accommodation at various places and there the conditions are very bad. Therefore, I would like to know from the hon. Minister whether they are going to take over these mental institutions for administrative purposes. Otherwise, the financial constraints come in the way of the State-Governments for the maintenance of these

institutions. This is my direct question to the Health Minister.

**SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI ;**  
There is no proposal to take over all these mental hospitals by the Central Government. There are only two institutions at present which are under the Central Government.

**Malnutrition amongst Children and Pregnant Women**

\*76. **DR. T. KALPANA DEVI :** Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are aware that malnutrition in the country is prevalent on a large scale amongst children and pregnant women ;

(b) whether Government have any programme to appoint specially trained Health visitors etc. to combat this problem.

(c) whether Government have carried out a study to gauge the dimension of malnutrition among rural/urban areas separately ;

(d) if so, the results of the study conducted : and

(e) how many trained Health Visitors are working in the country separately in rural and urban areas, State-wise ?

**THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI) :** (a) to (c) A statement is given below.

**Statement**

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) All the peripheral level workers working in the Health and health-related sphere like Anganwadi workers, ANMs and Lady Health Visitors are trained to provide the nutrition and health services to the community.

(c) & (d) The Indian Council of Medical Research has established the National Nutrition Monitoring Bureau in 10 different states to assess the dimension of malnutrition in rural and urban areas. These results are published as annual reports of the bureau every year.

Some of the significant findings of the latest (1982) reports are as under :

(i) About 35% of the pre-school children suffer from moderate degree of malnutrition and about 6.1% from a high degree of malnutrition ;

(ii) In general, body weight status of girls was better than boys ;

(iii) Most commonly observed nutritional deficiency signs were those of protein Energy Malnutrition (PEN) and vitamin A and B Complex deficiency.

(e) The break-up of the trained Lady Health Visitors working in the country are as under :

Name of the State	In Rural Areas	In Urban Areas
1. Andhra Pradesh	1562	74
2. Assam	210	30
3. Bihar	1577	42
4. Gujarat	928	45
5. Haryana	338	20
6. Himachal Pradesh	337	12
7. J & K	67	16
8. Karnataka	1000	44
9. Kerala	515	30