## Expansion of ICDS Programme in Uttar Pradesh

4079. SHRI RAJVEER SINGH: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government propose to expand the plan related to Integrated Child Development Service (ICDS) programme during the year 1990 in more areas;
  - (b) if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) the names of blocks/Tehsils in Uttar Pradesh where such programme is likely to be extended?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOL-OGY AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DE-VELOPMENT (PROF. M.G.K. MENON): (a) Yes Sir

- (b) It is proposed to allocate about 100 Centrally Sponsored Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) projects to different States in the country for 1990-91.
- (c) The proposals for specific locations of these projects can be considered only after the share of Uttar Pradesh in 1990-91 projects is determined. The matter is under consideration.

## Villages Without School

4080. SHRI RAJVEER SINGH: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether any survey has been conducted by Government to find out the num-

ber of villages where no school has been opened so far;

- (B) if so, the details of such villages, State-wise particularly in Uttar Pradesh; and
- (c) the details of steps taken by Government to open schools in villages?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOL-OGY AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DE-VELOPMENT (PROF. M.G.K. MENON); (a) and (b). The Fifth All India Educational Survey conducted by the National Council of Educational Research and Training indicated that as on 30th September, 1986, out of total number of 5,78,682 inhabited villages in the country, 1,83,208 (31.66 per cent of the total) villages did not have primary schooling facility within the village. Most of these villages, however, had primary schooling facility within a walking distance of one kilometre. According to the Survey 94.6 per cent of the rural population of the country had access to primary schooling facility within a walking distance of one kilometre. The state-wise number of villages without primary schooling facility within them is given in the attached statement.

As on 30th September, 1986 in Uttar Pradesh there were 56.417 villages without primary schooling facility within the village.

(c) The policy of Government is to ensure that all habitations with a population of 300 (200 in the case of tribal, hilly and desert areas) are provided a primary school; and access to primary education provided to all children within easy walking distance.