15:23 hrs.

DEMANDS FOR EXCESS GRANTS (GENERAL), 1973-74

MR. SPEAKER: The House will now take up discuss on and voting on the Demands for Excess Grants (General) for 1973-74.

DEMAND NO. 1—DEPARTMENT OF AGPICULTURE

MR SPEAKER Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 3.72,268 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of Department of Agriculture' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974"

DEMAND NO 13-DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL TRADE

MR SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs 23,985 on Capital Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of Department of Internal Trade for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974"

DEMAND NO 15—OVERSEAS COMMUNI-CATIONS SERVICE

MR. SPEAKER: Motion moved.

"That a sum of Rs. 22,59,728 on Capital Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Overseas Communications Service' for the grear ended the 31st day of March. 1974."

DEMAND No. 18—CAPITAL OUTLAY ON POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS

MR SPEAKER. Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 2,57,50,010 on Capital Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Capital Outlay on Posts and Telegraphs' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974."

DEMAND NO. 23—DEFENCE SERVICES—PENSIONS ETC.

MR SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 1,15,60,974 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Defence Services—Pensions etc.' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974."

DEMAND NO. 33-STAMPS

MR SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 34,15,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Stamps' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974"

DFMAND No 41—MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING

MR SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs 15,11,538 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Ministry of Health and Family Planning' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974."

DIMAND NO 47-CABINET

MR SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 5,56,303 Revenue Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of Cabinet' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974"

DEMAND NO 51—OTHER EXPENDITURE OF THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS:

MR. SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 24,55,725 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to make good an excess

<sup>\*</sup>Moved with the recommendation of the President.

on the grant in respect of 'Other Expenditure of the Ministry of Home Affairs' for the year ended the 31st lay of March, 1974."

DEMAND No. 53-CHANDIGARH

MR. SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 2,64,591 on Revenue Account and a sum of Rs. 7,64,924 on Capital Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Chandigarh' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974'.

DEMAND NO 54—ANDAMAN AND NICO-BAR ISLANDS

MR. SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 19,19,131 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to trake good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Andaman and Nicobar Islands' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974"

DEMAND NO 55-ARUNACHAL PRADESH

MR SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 1,71,16,981 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Arunachal Pradesh for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974."

DEMAND NO. 56—DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI

MR, SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 8,97,995 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Dadra and 'Nagar Haveli' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1874."

DEMAND No. 57-LACCADIVE, MINICOY AND AMINDIVI ISLANDS

MR. SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 73,774 on Revenue Account and a sum of Rs. 1,70,977 on Capital Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974."

DEMAND NO C2-BROADCASTING

MR SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 29.49,538 on Revenue Account he granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Broadcasting' for the year ended the 31st day of March 1974"

DEMAND NO 75-MINISTRY OF SLIP-PING AND TRANSPORT

MR. SPEAKER Motion moved:

"That a cim of Rs 94,669 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of Ministry of Shipping and Transport' for the year' ended the 31st day of March, 1974"

DEMAND NO 80—DEPARTMENT OF MINES

MR). SPEAKER: Motion moveds:
"That a sum of Rs. 3,292 on
Capital Account be granted to the
President to make good an excess
on the grant in respect of 'Department of Mines' for the year ended
the 31st day of March, 1974."

DEMAND No. 85-Tourism

MR SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 6,04,290 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to make gdod an excess on the grant in respect of "Tourism' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974."

DEMAND No. 87-PUBLIC WORKS

MR. SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 2,24,20,333 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Public Works' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974."

DEMAND No. 90—ATOMIC ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

MR. SPEAKER Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 38,56,741 on Capital Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Atomic Energy Research and Development' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974."

DEMAND No. 93-ARCHAEOLOGY

MR. SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That a sum of Rs. 5,15,264 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to make good an excess on the grant in respect of 'Archaeology' for the year ended the 31st day of March, 1974."

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA (Serampore): Just now I was patiently listening to the speech of the honourable lady Minister. More attentively I was listening to the concluding part of her speech.

I would like to draw her attention to Demand No. 47—

"The excess of Rs. 5,55,303 was the net result of excesses and savings under the various sub-heads of the Grant and was mainly due to post-budget increase in the strength of Council of Minisers (Rs. 2,14,580) and more expenditure on tours of Ministers (Rs. 6,26,590)."

Government should feel ashamed. They are always talking of measures to observe economy by not paying D.A. to their own employees and curtailing expenditure on social services. But they are coming for an expenditure which has been incurred by them by increasing the number of Ministers and for their tours. What is all this? Government is of the opinion that we are in a critical situation. Mr. Salve, will I think, now speak on behalf of the ruling party. He must answer this question. What has happened to this? You have now declared emergency. You have curtailed various things. You say about economy measures. You have increased the number of ministers. In respect of their tour programmes, you are spending huge money. This Government should go as soon as possible and it will be better if they resign. I can give you many examples. Just now the Minister was saying something. May I remind you about one thing, about the refugees of West Bengal? They were given so many assurances that they would be given permanent tenancy rights on their land, but, uptill now, nothing has been given. Only stunt is being given by the State Government and this is being corroborated here by this Central Government, saying they will give on lease terms, that is to say, they cannot use this as their permanent holding. So, what is it that this Government is doing? On the one hand they are saying that they are taking certain actions but this is what we see here. There have been certain Demands relating to Home Ministry. My question is this. How are you treating all the detenues? Even MPs are not treated like human beings inside the jails. What to speak of living conditions, even the minimum needs are not met the right to meet their relatives is not being given to them. And here you are coming forward with Excess Demands for money. Why should we give you all that money? Why should we pass this? Actually you have spent all this already and you are coming. This is a peculiar type of thing indeed. You have taken us for granted, that this Parliament 225

will rubber-stamp whatever you say or speak or whatever you want to be passed. This is happening again here. With these words. I would request the hon. Minister about one thing. She is a very efficient Minister, no doubt. She must speak the truth. She must tell us, what is the truth behind it and what is their performance. This is my request to her. With these words, Sir, I oppose these Demands.

SHRI ERASMO DE SEQUEIRA (Marmagao): I was listening very patinently to the hon. Lady Minister replying to the previous debate and her advice to me at that time was that. now that she had rung out the old and ring in the new, I should look forward to the future with confidence. If ringing out the old means ringing out the days in which the full complement of the House could be here to speak freely whose voices could be heard throughout the country, if that is what is meant by ringing out the old, and, if hy bringing in the new, is meant that 22 Members of Parliament are still in jail, 22 leading Members. without trial, without knowing for how long,-if that is what is meant by ringing out the old and ringing in the new then. I am afraid as far as I am concerned, I do not have any confidence in the future of this country of ours. Because, I get the feeling, Sir, that I arrived in this House in a democracy, and I have suddenly woken up in an autocracy'. This is not a good feeling.

Coming to these Excess Demands, I would like to refer to Demand No. 56. There is sub-section (i) to which I would like to make a reference. This relates to excess amount spent relating to a contract. The contract was for supply of 1500 quintals of maida at Rs 57.11 per guintal. The contractor did not supply, and a new contract was ordered at the risk of the previous contractor according to this document. Rs. 137.25. I at It was accepted would think that there would be some recovery to be made on this account from the contractor who did not honour his contract. I do not understand how this money is being charged to this House. In fact, I would like to demand from the Government that an investigation should be carried out into this particular contract and the House should be told about what really happened in this case.

Then. Sir, under item (3), Forests. there is a provision of Rs. 1,59,000 due to excess expenditure on forests. Everybody knows that Dadra and Nagar Haveli is very rich in forest wealth and, for a long time, there has been a public complaint manner in which this contract has been held and about how much money is the wood, and how much accrues to the Government for cutting of the forest, and how much of it accrues to those who are responsible for administering the territory. Here again, I would call for an investigation. As you know, the union territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli is run by the Lieutenant Governor of Goa as Administrator, Very often read in the press-the reports obviously come from the gentlemen who are running Dadra and Nagar Havel -- that this is run pure!y on administrative lines without political interference. I would now like the Government to tell us in this House what steps they are taking to ensure that in Dadra and Nagar Haveli where there is no political control and no accountability like the rest of the places in the country, what they are doing to see that that particular corner of India is properly run and that those who are responsible for running it are called to account in an effective fashion.

Many of the excess grants or at least some of them, referred to the payment of dearness allowance under the Third Pay Commission's recommendations. Like my friend, Shri Banerjee, I would like to request the Government that the instalment that is remaining should be paid as quickly as possible. If I may mention one more point, the Third Pay Commission has requested the Government to go into the question

### [Shri Erasmo De Sequeira]

of the pensioners. We all know of the dire-straits some of them, specially, the old pensioners, are having to go through in these days when prices are said to be dropping, but prices are rising. I would request the Government to please consider this, and do whatever it can for these pensioners.

## भी रामावतार शास्त्री (पटना) :

ग्राच्यक्ष महोदय, ग्रातिरिक्त भाग ने जिलस्लि में मैं तीन मांगों का उल्लेख करना जरूरी समझता हं--मांग नं ० 33, 51 ग्रीर 75। मांग नं ० 33 स्टैम्प से संबंधित है । इस सिलसिले में मझे यह निवेदन करना है कि यहां सभी लोग जानते हैं महाराष्ट्र के सुप्रसिद्ध स्वत-बता सेनानी, महाराष्ट्र के ही नही सम्पूर्ग हिन्द-स्तान के लोग उन का नाम जानते हैं सेनापित वापट की दर्भाग्य से प्रभी तक उनके नाम में कोई स्टैम्प जारी नहीं किया गया ! मेरा निवेदन होगा कि देर तो हो गई फिर भी विलम्ब से ही सही अगर रही काम कोई किया जाय तो विलम्ब नहीं माना जाता है. श्रभी भी उन के नाम पर स्टैम्प ज.री किया जाना चाहिए वयोंकि वह हिन्द्र्रान के बहुत बड़े स्वतंत्रण सेनानी थे।

दूसरी बात माग न० 51 दे सब्ध में कहना चाहता हूं। यहा स्वत्त तर्जा सेनानियों को पेंशन देने की बात कही गई है और उसी पर मितिरिक्त राशि खर्च को गई हैं। इस सिलसिले में मैं यह निवेदन सरकार से करना चाहता ह जिन्नाप ने बहुतों को स्वतंत्रना मेनानो पेंशन प्रदान को है, स्वतंबता सेनानियों को जो भुबे मर रहे थे, जिन का स्विति खराब था, जन को मापने पेंशन दा है, यह नी मच्छा काम मापने किया है। यह काम मौर बहुत पहले किया जाना चाहिए था लेकिन खर, देर से ही यह काम म्रपने किया। लेकिन इस में भी कुछ लोगों को माप ने छोड़ दिया जान बाहिए या ने किया है। रजवाड़ों के खिलाफ

बहत से लोग लड़ते रहे, बहां जो डेस्पीटिकं शासन था उस के खिलाफ लडते रहे जैसे पुत्रपा, वायलार, तेन गाना भीर भोपला के लोग उन को भी ग्रगर स्वतंत्रता सेनानी तस्लीम न करें भीर उन को भी सुविधा न दें ती यह हमारे लिए लज्जा की बात है। मेरा धन्रोध है कि पूनपरा, वायलार, ते नंगाना भौर मोपला के विद्रोह आजादी के आन्दोलन से संबंधित थे-इनसे संबंधित लोगों की भी स्वतंत्रता सेनानी माना जाना चाहिए और उनको पेंशन दी जानी चाहिए । ऐना भी हमा है कि कुछ नोगों को तो पैशन दे दो गई है भीर कुछ लोगों को नही दी गई है--यह तर्कभी मेरी समझ में नहीं ग्रत्या कि ऐसा क्या हमाहै। रायल इडियन नेवी स्रौर रायल एयर फोर्न-इनकी गगता भी उसमे की जानी चाहिए भीर उनको पैशन दी जानी चाहिए।

मैं एक बात ग्रीर बनाना चाहता हं कि सरकार ने कई बार म्रावेदन-पत्न देने का समय बढाया लेकिन कुछ लोगो ने ग्रतिम तिथि के बाद भी मानेदन-पत्र दिए। 31-3-74 म्रांतिम तिथि थी लेकिन उसके बाद भी. जैया कि सरकार ने मेरे प्रश्न के जबाब में बनाया है--लगभग 49 हजार सेनानियों ने भावेदन किए। मेरा निवेदन है कि वे भी स्वतत्रता सेनानी हैं, किया प्रकार भल हो गई या वे बीनार रहे होंगे जिनसे उनके भावेदनपत्र भाने में विलम्ब हथा, उनको भी पेशन दी जानी च हिए । उनकी इम वेंशन से महरून रखना किनी तरह से उचिन नहीं होगा । यह ठीक है कि उनके मामनों में मच्छी तरह मे छ न-बीन कर ली जाये सौर जो सच्चे साबित हों, जो सही माने में स्वतजता सेतानी हों उनको शिंग दी जाये। हम जानते है बहुत सारे तकती सनानियों की शिन बिनी हई है। समय समय पर हम जिका-यतें भी करते रहे हैं। कुछ लोगों की पेंशन

भी बन्द हुई है लेकिन अभी भी काफी लोग ऐसे हैं जोकि नकली हैं, जो कभी भी जेल नहीं गए हैं लेकिन गलत तरीके से प्रमाण-पत प्राप्त कर लिए किसी एम पी मे या श्म एल ए से । पटना जेल में धनी तक चुस दे कर प्रमाण पत्र मिल रहा है। चगर कोई गलत ग्राहमी भी पटना कैम्प जेल में चला जाता है, 500 रुपये दे दिए नो त्रन्त प्रमाणयत्र मिल जाता है यहां पर लिखित जवाब दिया गया कि पटना कैम्प जेल में प्रमाण पत्र उपलब्ध नहीं है लेकिन फिर भी कुछ लोगों को दे दिया जाता है, कहां से ? ये तमाम बातें हैं । इसलिए मरकार को कोई उचित प्रबन्ध करना चाहिए। बिहार सरकार या ग्रन्य राज्य सरकारों पर छोड़ देने से काम नहीं चलेगा। इस के लिए विशिष्ट पदाधिकारी नियक्त किए जाय जा गलत लोगों के बारे में पता लगाए। बीडी भ्रो से काम नही चलेगा क्यों कि वहां पर घूस से काम चल जाता है। मैं बता सकता ह दानापुर की बात क्योंकि मैं दानापुर का रहने वाला ह । लेकिन ग्राप तो वी डी ग्रो की बात मानेंगे. रामावतार शास्त्री पार्तियामेट मेम्बर की बात नहीं मारेगे मैं अपने सूबे के बात जाननाह। जो गलत लोग है उन को पकडता चाहिए ग्रोर उन को सजा मिलनी चाहिए। उन की केवल पेशन ही मन काटिए बल्कि जेन की हवा भी खिलाइए ऋौर सच्चे लोगो को पेशन दीजिए, इस बात की ग्रोर मैं ग्राप का ध्यान खीचना चाहता हूं।

दूसरी बात है कि प्राप दो सो कंपा पेंशन देते हैं। उस की ग्राज क्या कीमत है जब कि महंगाई इननी बढ़ गई है। उस में भी इजाफा किया जाय। पालियामेट के मेम्बर भी पेशन की मांग कर रहे हैं लेकिन वह ग्रालग बात है। ग्रामी जिस को पेशन दी जाय वह 200 से ग्रामे बढ़ा दी जाय भीर भी महुलियते उन को दी जाय। उन की दवा दाक का इतंत्राम किया जाय, सच्चों के पढ़ने का इंत्रजाम किया जाय और जिन के पाम घर नहीं है उन के निए घर की व्यवस्था को जाय। पन्द्र; बोन माल में सारे स्वतंत्रता सेनातो इन दुनिया से चले जाएंगे और तब आप का सारा पैना बच जायगा। अभी पन्द्रह बीम साल तक आप उन को उचित पेशन दीजिए।

डिमाड नं० 75 शिरिंग ऐंड ट्रासपोर्ट से संबंध रखनो है। पटना में गगानदी पर एक पूल बन रहा है जो कि सड़क पूल है। रेल कापूत नहीं है। क्रेशी साहब बोलेंगे तब रेल के पूल की चर्चा करूगा। मैं सभी नो यह सडक पूल की बात है। विहार सरकार की ग्राधिक स्थिति दमनीय है। भारत सरकार ने कुछ पैसा दिया है जिस के लिए भ्राप की धन्यवाद लेकिन उसे से काम चलने वाला नही है । पूल बनने में विलम्ब हो रहा है । ग्राप उस पूल को अपने मातहात लेकर उम पूल का स्वय तिमांग करे ग्रीर पूरा खर्वा स्वयं उठाए तभी पूल बन मकेगा, बरना इसमे देर हो जायगी स्रोर जिननी जन्दी हम चाहते है या मरकार बाहता है, उतनी जल्दी नहीं बन सकेगा। इस के लिये अर्थ की व्यवस्था भारत मरकार करे, केवल बिहार मरकार पर निर्भर रहने में काम नहीं चलेगा।

पुत निर्माण के निरिस्ति में जिन लोगों को जमीनों से हटाया गया है, उन की मख्या तोन-चार मी के की बहै । उन में जो अभी भो बचे हुए हैं, जिन का पुनर्वास नहीं हो मका है, उन के पुनर्वास की व्यवस्था की जन्य। जो जमीन अधिक ले ली गई है, उस को लेने से क्या कायदा है, उम पर जो लोग बसे हुए ये और अभी। भी बसे हुए है—-उन को छोड दिया जाय, उन की जमीनों को अधिप्रहण से मुक्त किया जाय। वहां के लोग इस काम में आग का सहयोग कर रहे

# श्री रामावतार शास्त्री]

हें इहीर में समझता हूं यह काम काफी तेजी से हो सकता है ।

बिहार में पिछले दिनों जो बाढ़ माई उस से पूरे बिहार की सड़कें बरबाद हो गई तमाम नेशनल हाई-बेज बरबाद हो गये। मैं चाहूंगा कि उधर भी म्राप का ध्यान जाना च हिये भीर जो सड़कें खराब हो गई हैं उन को शीघ्र से शोध्र बनाया जाय।

मझे इतना ही निवेदन करना था।

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR (Ahmedabad) Mr. Speaker, Sir, while participating in the discussion on the Demands for Excess Grants, I wish to invite very briefly the attention of the Government to two particular Demands, Demand No. 41 and Demand No. 51. If you see Demand No. 41, the note says that the excess occurred due to the payment in 1973-74 of the contribution to the Health Organisation, etc.

Now, Sir, with regard to the family planning programme of the Government of India, it is true that our Government and our country have been perhaps the pioneers in respect of taking advantage of the WHO expertise and assistance in regard to family planning programmes and that in the last several years, one cannot ignore some of the good sides of the achievements of the family planning programme.

But. Sir, I would like to invite the attention of the Government to two aspects of the matter. One is that, after having got this experience of some years, more than a decade or two, can we not have some kind of a sustained uniform policy with regard to the various projects and programmes of family planning, particularly with regard to two things? One is, the assistance that we would like to rope in of the voluntary

agencies. Because, by its very nature this is not something which the Government can do. Government can spend money, Government can cive encouragement. But basically, it is a question of educating the people, educating the illiterate and educating the people in the countryside and possible help taking the maximum from the voluntary social institutions in which-I am sure the hon. Minister. Shrimati Sushila Rohatgi knows--organisa large number of women ations are also doing a lot of work.

In this regard, the complaint hear is that the policy of the Government in regard to incentives is not quite free from faults. now and then, different kinds of incentives are tagged on, while attractive more people. Then, those incentives are not maintained for a particular period of time so that certain incentives are withdrawn and certain new incentives are given. The result that, the interest in the programme is for the incentives offered rather than for the ultimate objective of trolled and healthy family planning. I would therefore, request the Government to ensure that the planning programme has a certain sustained outlook, that the incentives are well thought out and that there is no change every now and then in 1egard to this or that incentive. Then, this should be free from one very serious error. This is not only error, I would say it is a crime, criminal thing. In the name of operations, a large number of old people, children and boys are also hooked into the whole thing, because they financial incentive! extra some Therefore, the matter needs to be examined very carefully so that the famliy planning programme becomes more successful. If I may say so in all humility there could be a round table for two or three days of voluninstitutions tary workers and social doing this job with officials in

Ministry of Health and Family Planning and also such of the elected representatives of the people in State legislatures and Parliament who are interested in the whole problem so that we look at it from two angles, economic development and a healthy, sane family life in our country.

Now I come to Demand No. 51about the freedom fighters. I endorse very warmly many of the points which my hon, friend, Shri Ramavatar Shastri, made when he talked about genuine and bogus freedom fighters. In fact, the Government of themselves in various replies in past in this august House have told us about how many bogus cases were also found out. Here we must member that to some extent, we the elected members of State legislatures and Parliament, are also responsible for giving false information or false certificates. I am not saying that this or that particular person has done it. But when the Government say that in the absence of any proper proof, the certificate of an MP or MLA should be attached, surely the MP or should be 100 per cent sure of facts and he just cannot do it by way obliging any person. It is there where the bogus cases come.

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA. There you have to mention that 'he was my co-prisoner'.

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR: It is there. But the whole point is that if the certificates are given on insufficient grounds, how are the government agencies to know? Excess payment may be all right but we have to make a distinction between genuine freedom fighters and others.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE (Kanpur): How can you verify?

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR: I am only making an appeal through this speech to MLAs in State Legislatures and MPs here that we take extraordinary care so that we do not issue

certificates liberally or irresponsibly, because otherwise it becomes more difficult for the Government.

The second point is that some freedom fighters are not yet included in this scheme. I do not know whether the Minister has ready information at hand to give me. But I want to ask about the RIN ratings in who mutinied in 1946. I do not know whether they are included in category of freedom fighters. If they are not included. I would very much like them to be included. Freedom fighters are not only those who have gone to jail. The definition has been expanded to include those who have done underground work, taking part in the people's liberation movements in the States in the princely India of former days. Therefore, whv those who took part in the RIN ratings mutiny in Bombay in 1946 be the included so that they also get same benefit.

There is also the project of freedom fighters' homes. I remember there is one in Delhi, but it neglected. Some of the old freedom fighters who are living in Delhi are staying in this House. There is one to look after them. They are not given proper food, proper drinking water, hot water for bath and so on. Because they are old and naturally they need these things the more. Therefore, I would Government to take particular care of these old freedom fighters' homes.

Lastly, although I know that the Government of India have paid a lot of money to these freedom fighters. I see from letters received by me not only from Gujarat but from other parts of India as well that the papers of freedom fighters are not disposed of, although the applications had been properly sent through the State ad ministrations and more than two years have elapsed. Some of them are above 65, 70 and 75. If they have to wait for another one or two years to

## [Shri P. G. Mavalankar]

get their pension, they may not be available to take it. We are prepared to give some additional grants, if the Minister wants it that way. but let these cases of at least fairly advanced aged freedom fighters, who are very old and in very bad health, be taken up and disposed of as per rules as early as possible so that in the remaining period of their lives, in the late evening of their lives, these people can get something by way of benefit under this scheme.

I am giad that in the same demand there is mention of excess money for post-matric scholarships for Scheduled Castes and Tribes. If I could have my say in the matter, I feel that should be increased because it is only by going to the neglected and weaker sections of our community and giving them apportunities for educational advancement that we can really hope to build a just and egalitarian It is from that point of view that say that it is a justifiable demand hope additional benefits of scholarship etc. will be available to the bright and promising students belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Tribes.

श्री डी० एन तिवारी (गोपालगज): श्राध्यक्ष जी, मैं दो प्व इट्म के बारे में ही कुछ कहना चाहूंगा।

ग्रभी माननीय सदस्य श्री दीनेन भट्टा-चार्य ने कहा कि मिनिस्ट्रों के टी० ए० के लिए 6 लाख रुपये की ग्रधिक मांग की गई है। वे चाहते हैं कि यह न हो। मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि क्या वे चाहते हैं कि मिनिस्टर लोग दिल्ली में ग्रपने घरों में बन्द रहें ग्रीर कहीं न जाए? ग्रभी चासनाला का एक्सीडेंट हुन्ना ग्रीर बहां पर कई मिनिस्टर गये। क्या वे चाहते हैं कि उनको उसके लिए टी० ए० न दिया जाए। जब जरूरी काम ग्रा जाता है तो मिनिस्टरों को बाहर जाना पड़ता है ग्रीर ये कहते हैं कि हम उन को एक पैसा बजट की रकम से प्रधिक नहीं देंगे। यह कहां की उचित बात हुई ? किफ़ायत सारी हो लेकिन काम की हानि नहीं होनी चाहिए। इस्पेक्शन के बिना ठीक काम चलता नहीं। काफ़ी लोग शिक।यत करते हैं कि ग्रमुक स्थान पर ग़लती हो गई लेकिन मिनिस्टर माहब ने देखा तक नहीं। इसलिए मेरा उनसे कहना यह है कि कोई ऐसा मामला हुआ हो कि किसी खास जगह पर जाने से गडबड हुई हो, तो वे बता दे लेकिन एक इलैकेट बात कर दी जाए कि कहीं भी मिनिस्टर न जाए ग्रीर उनको वहां जाने के लिए भी० ए० न दिया जाए तो यह सही बात नहीं होगी।

दूसरी बात श्री रामावतार शास्त्री जी ने पालिटीकल सफरमें के सम्बन्ध में कही। उन्होंने यह कहा कि कुछ गलत लोगों को पालिटीक्ल पेणन मिल गई है। क्यों मिल गई. इसकी तह मे जाना चाहिए । इस सम्बन्ध में मैं यह कहना चाहता ह कि गुरू मे जब पालिटीकल सफरमी के रिकाई म नहीं मिल रहे थे, तो हम लोगों के मुझाव पर गवर्नमेंट ने यह स्वीकार किया था कि यदि एम० एल० ए० या एम •पी० यह सर्टिफिकेट दे दे कि स्रमक फीडम फाइटर हमारे माथ जेल में था, तो उसकी मान लिया जए। इसमे अगर कोई गलती है, तो हम लोगों की गलती है। हमने गलन मर्टिफिकेट दिया । अब ऐसे लोगों को खोज खोज कर निकाला जाए, यह गवर्नमेंट कैसे कर सकती है। हमारे श्रीर श्रापके कहने पर गवर्नमेंट ने उनको पेशन दी। स्राप में हिम्मत होनी चाहिए कि ग्रगर किसी को गलत पेंशन मिली हो, तो उस केस को गवर्नमेंट के सम्मुख लाएं ग्रीर कहे कि इसको ग़लत पेंशन मिल रही है भीर उसको नहीं मिलनी चाहिए। इस पर गवर्नमेंट धगर कोई कर्यवाही नहीं करती है, तो उसको दोष दिया जा सकता है।

एक बड़ी ग्रजीव बात हो गई है। फीडम फाइटर्स से दो पेटिजन्स मांचे मये वे और यह 'कहा गया था कि एक प्रदेश में दो धीर एक यहां दिल्ली भेज दो । हम्रा यह कि कुछ स्टेट गवर्नमेंटस ने जैसे बिहार, ने नोटिस निकाल दिया था कि दोनों पेटिशन्स स्टेट को दीजिए श्रीर यहां से भिजवा देंगे । इसके मताबिक दोनों पेटिशन्स स्वतन्त्रता सेनानियों ने वहां दे दिये और यहां पर (दिल्ली) नहीं भेजा। ग्रब उनको पेंशन तभी से मिलेगी जबकि स्टेट गवर्नमेंट ने यहां पर उनकी पेटिशन भेजी है। यह गुलत बात है। इसमें स्वतन्त्रता सेनानियों का कोई दोष नहीं है। गवर्नमेंट के सर्कुलर के अनुसार कुछ लोगों ने वहां पर दोनों पेटिशन्स दे दिये भीर एक यहां नहीं भेजा। इसमें उन बेचारों की क्या गलती है। यह तो गवर्न मेंट की गलती है। इसमें यह देखना होगा कि उन्होंने समय पर वहां पर पेटिशन्म दिये या नहीं । अगर समय पर उन्होंने पेटिशन्स दिये हैं, तो शरू से उनको पैशन मिलनी चाहिए लेकिन ऐसे केसेज में शरू मे पैशन नहीं दी जाएगी। उनको पैशन उसी दिन से मिलेगी जर्बाक स्टेट गवर्नमेंटस ने यहां उनकी पीटशन भेजी है। इससे बडा डिस्कीमिनेशन होता है। जब बिहार गवर्नमेंट ने एक सर्कुलर निकाला कि दोनों पेटिशन्स यहां दीजिए, तो उन्होंने वहां पर पेटिशन्स दे दी । इसलिए बिहार के स्वतन्त्रता सेनानियों के साथ जरा डिस्कीमिनेशन हो रहा है धीर मैं कहगा कि ग्रर्थ मन्त्री जी ग्रीर होम मिनिस्टर साहब यह देखे कि उनकी पेटिशन ठीक समय पर बिहार में दिया गया या नहीं दिया गया है। ग्रगर उनके पास सबत है कि उन्होंने दोनों पेटीशन्ज ठीक समय पर बिहार गवर्नमेंट को भेज दी हैं तो उनकी पेंशन भी शरू से मंजर होनी चाहिये न कि बाद से । यह एक बात थी जिसकी घोर मैं घापका ध्यान दिलाना चाहता या । बाकी जो लोग हैं जिनको पेटीशन्ता देर से बाई हैं उनके सम्बन्ध में मैं नहीं कहता हूं कि इनका हक मारा न जाए और इनको भी पेंशन मिलनी चाहिये। देर को कन्डोन करना चाहिये ।

श्री मूल बन्द हागा (पाली) : मेरी प्रार्थना है कि चण्डीगढ़ के मामले को सरकार को इस श्रापातकालीन स्थिति में तय कर देना चाहिए। जो खर्चा है नौ करोड़ के करीब का उसको हर साल क्यों बरदाश्त किया जाता है। यह श्रच्छा मौका है जबकि इस मामले को तय किया जा सकता है। इसके बारे में फैसला श्रापने भी कर लिया हुआ है। मैं पढ़ कर मुनाता हूं कि किस काम के लिए श्राप पैसा ले रहे हैं:

"The actual expenditure however amounted to Rs. 9,66,73,991 leaving an excess of Rs. 2,64,591. This resulted from an excess of Rs. 19,56,876 under 'Public Works' due to larger expenditure on maintenance of roads and bridges, sewerage and drainage system; street lighting etc., to provide services to plot holders to whom plots were sold in the new sectors in the Second Phase Development of Chandigarh Capital Project...".

जिनको प्लाट दिए जाते हैं उनसे ग्रापको हिवेलेपमेंट चार्जिज भी लेने चाहिये, जैसे रोडज के हैं, लाइट के हैं, सीवेज के हैं। उनसे इनको रिकवर करना चाहिये। कुछ ग्रादमियों के लिए ग्राप लाखों रुपया खर्च करना चाहते हैं। जिनको ग्रापने प्लाट दिए हैं उनसे ग्रापको डिवेलेपमेंट चार्जिज भी वसूल करने चाहियें।

मेरा कहना यही है कि इस भ्रापातकाल में भ्राप चण्डीगढ़ का फैसला कर दें। इससे भ्रीर भ्रच्छा मौका भ्रापके पास नहीं भ्राएगा।

SHRIMATI ROZA DEESPANDE (Bombay Central): Sir, I would like to draw the attention of the Minister to the fact that we should also include in this the Ministry of Shipping and Transport. I was told that the Central Road Transport Corporation was

## [Smt. Roza Deshpande]

going into loss I cannot understand why this Corporation is incurring loss because road transport is such a business where there cannot be any loss. I was also told that this Road Transport Corporation was going to be dissolved We have also learnt that the Eastern Zone Branch of this Corporation was closed down and the Western Zone Branch is continuing. would like to know the reason why the Western Zone Branch is continuing Why are you spending money on this Branch? If you do not want to close down this branch and if want to spend money on this spend it in such a manner that the Corporation earns profits Here, in Bombay, in the head office of the Corporation, manager over there is just squandering money The trucks owned by the Government are lying idle and contracts are given to the Workers are victimised cause they oppose such a thing and we have referred this to the Ministry hundreds and hundreds of times requesting them to investigate into this What kind of corruption is going on in the Central Road Transport Corporation? Why has it not been investigated? And in spite of that you want to spend on them Why the private party in this industry does not incur loss? Why the Government Road Transport Corporation alone incur loss? Why don't you investigate before giving such huge sums of money to such persons, which will ultimately lead to the closing of the corporation? Before giving money, better look into these things When such matters are referred to the ministry why does the ministry refuse to answer? This is what I wanted to say.

#### 16 hrs.

SHRI S. M BANERJEE (Kanpur): Sir, I would like to say a few words on Demand No. 33 dealing with stamps. I must congratulate the Government on bringing out some very good stamps. Previously our stamps were not collected by other countries, because they were so stereotyped. The recent stamps depicting the four paintings of Michelangilo, the birds series, the series on dances of India and the stamps in the memory of Shri Krishna Menon are all very good. But I want Government to bring out stamps in the memory of eminent artists, musicians and poets We have been demanding in this House a stamp in the memory of Begum Akhtar who called Rooh-e-Ghazal We are that the committee did not approve of Which is that wretched mittee? What about a stamp in the memory of Ustad Fayyaz Alı Khan, who was called Aftad-e-mousiqui? What about a stamp in the memory of Ustad Ahmed Jan Thirkuwa Ustad Amir Khan? What about stamp in the memory of Rasulan Bai? Sir, ministers and MPs will come and musicians go, but such great Begum Akhtar are born perhaps once in a century They are institutions by themselves Even during the centenary celebrations of Sarat Chatterjee, we are yet to see a stamp in his memory What about a stamp in the memory of Atul Prasad the eminent poet?

कानपुर के लागे की रिक्वेंग्ट है कि मौलाना हमरन मोरानी की भो एक स्टेम्प जारी की जाये। कानपुर के ल ग श्रव भी कहते हैं कि सगर यह शहर किसी का है तो उन दो पूज्य नेताश्रों—श्री गणेश शकर विद्यार्थी स्रोर मौलाना हमरन मोहानी—का दे। जब हम लोगों ने वहा पर जनमन्न के खिलाक मोर्जा किया तो हमारा एक ही स्लोगन या-मैं चार दफा जीना स्रौर मेरी मुस्रजिज बहिन भी जीनीं—"यह शहर गणेश शकर विद्यार्थी सौर मौलाना हमरत मोहानी का है स्रौर उन्हीं का रहेगा, यह नाथुराम गोंडशे का शहर नहीं बनेगा" स्रौर न बनने दिया। इन सब लोगों की म्टैम्प्स निकालने से देश की शोभा बढेगी।

हमारे देश के आर्टिस्टों को प्रोत्साहन मिलना चाहिये । मैं इस बात के लिये बधाई देता ह कि ए० ग्राई० सी० सी० की मीटिग में बहुत सं माटिस्टों को बुलाया गया । इससे उनकी कितनी हिम्मत श्रफजाही हुई होगी। इन लोगों के स्टम्प निकाले जाये नाकि उनके मश्तहाक भीर चाहने वाले समझे कि गवनंमट उनकी कितनी कह करती ै।

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI-MATI ROHTAGI): Sir, I was carefully listening to the speeches made by hon. members Perhaps the actions taken by the Government recently pinched some of them and I could see their natural reaction. At the time, when one of the young Members here said that he had slept in a democracy and he awoke in an autocracy, what else is necessary to provoke a reply?

SHRI S M BANERJEE: The word was 'hypocrisy'.

SHRIMATI SUSHILA ROHATGI. I do not know; anyway, you can convey it to him But this is the word that he quoted. May I remind him about what he referred to-as to what slept to and to what he awoke? feeling is that before the Emergency was brought into the country there was a life of agony, pathos, lethargy, chaos; anything people could do; anvthing that they wanted to do. There was no security. Now, what has the country woken up to? The country has woken up to discipline, dedication to hard work and something to look up to. Is that what the hon. Member is ashamed of? Is that what the hon. Member expects us, and our party, to be ashamed of? Is that what the hon. Member expects us to reply to? think that reply, if given, will not be any reply at all. He can ask himask his conscience self he can

would only quote a line, when I say that he was averse to the tears of the common man. And what are tears. With your permission, Sir, would say:

"Tears, idle tears, I know not what they mean; Tears from the depth of sub-divine despair, Rise from the heart and brim to eves."

Is that the thing that he did not share? Is that the thing that he did not want to heed? If the Congress, the people and the country to-day have joined together and given support to these programmes, I don't think we have to he ashamed about it

May I also, Sir say that there has been a marked improvement during 1973 and 1974 as expressed by the Public Accounts Committee in their Report which has been submitted? Though there is always scope for improvement though there is scope for economy, though there is always scope for efficiency, Sir, may just point out these things for reminding hon Members who refuse to hear? And I must place on record that Government have taken a certain steps about economy in expenditure, include ban and restriction of posts: filling up of vacancies and engagement of additional staff, economy in office expenditure; reduction in over-time payments: restriction on tours by officials: reduction in the frequency of foreign delegations: and restrictions on expenditure telephones, etc., etc.

Of course, there can always be improvement; and it is the duty of the Government, it is the duty of this House to point out where these should be tapped and where it should be made At the same time. I would a so like to quote from the Report of the Public Accounts Committee:

onne "The Committee note with satisfaction that the excess over [Smt. Sushila Rohatgi].

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authorized expenditure during 1973-74 aggregated to Rs. 10.06 crores....as against Rs. 223.81 crores and Rs. 126.33 crores respectively during the years 1971-72 and 1972-73".

## I think this speaks for itself.

Now, the last point is the reference to the family planning project which was mentioned in detail by Mr. Mavalankar. He is a man of great culture. eminence and learning. I would invite him to come with some Members and discuss this matter of family planning, because no matter how much we go on improving our production, how much we try to reduce the rate of inflationand we have curbed the rate of inflation in a manner which is spectacular; and I think it is something which is to be admired all over country and even in the international arena; to-day it remains at minus 8 per cent; I think, Sir, this is something to be really proud of-our population is rising at the rate of 2.3 per cent every year. Every year more or less an Australia is born into our own country. And these are not records; these are human beings which born. And each child who cries, each child who is born, requires certain care and human consideration, education, food and everything else. Hence the point that has been mentioned by him deserves top priority. The Government is giving top priority. I would only invite him to give an suggestions that he may have in this matter. With these words. Sir I think the House will pass the Demands for Excess Grants.

## MR. SPEAKER: The question is:

"That the respective excess sums not exceeding the amounts shown under Revenue and Capital Account in the third column of the Order Paper be granted to the President to make good the excess on the respective grants during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1974, in respect of the following demands entered in the second column thereof—

Demands Nos. 1, 13, 15, 18, 23, 33, 41, 47, 51, 53 to 57, 62, 75, 80, 85, 87, 90 and 93."

The motion was adopted

#### 16.10 hrs.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

MR. SPEAKER: I have to inform the House that I have received the following message dated the 14th January. 1976 from the President:

"I have received with great satisfaction the expression of thanks by the Members of the Lok Sabha for the Address which I delivered to both Houses of Parliament assembled together on the 5th January, 1976."

#### 16.101 hrs.

\*SUPPLEMENTARY DEMAND FOR GRANT (RAILWAYS), 1975-76

Mr. Speaker: The House will now take up discussion and voting on the Supplementary Demand for Grant in respect of the Budget (Railways) for 1975-76.

DEMAND No. 15—OPEN LINE WORKS CAPITAL, DEPRECIATIOQ RESERVE FUND AND DEVELOPMENT FUND

MR. SPEAKER: Motion moved;

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 3,000 be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1976, in respect of 'Open Line Works Capital, Depreciation Reserve Fund and Development Fund'."