धी विभूति सिथा : (मोतीहारी) । भ्रानाख को स्टोर करने के लिए स्कूल, कालेज भौर दूसरे इंस्टीट्यूशन्स लेंगें, इसके बारे में मैं श्री जगजीवन राम जी ने पटना में एलान किया है।

भ्राध्यक्ष महोदयः ये तो खुले गोडा-उन्सकी बात कर रहे हैं।

भी विभूति भिभा : उन्होंने कहा है कि स्टोरेज कैपेसिटी कम है, इस लिए हम स्कूल ग्रौर कालेजों की विल्डिंगें लेंगें। कितने स्कूलों ग्रौर कालेजों को ग्रभी तक लिया गया है, इसके बारे में ये बताएं।

SHRI NASINGH NARAIN PAN-DEY (Gorakhpur): Sir, this is happening in all the States.

SHRI SHAHNAWAZ KHAN: Sir, we are building godowns as fast as possible but it takes about six to eight months to put up a storage godown. We have taken note of the fact that there is a step rise in production and we must keep pace with the construction of godowns. Our experience in the past four to five years has shown that we can safely store foodgrains in the open provided it is suitably covered with tarpaulin and polythene.

MR. SPEAKER: Can you store in the open in the heavy rainfall area like Goa?

SHRI SHAHNAWAZ KHAN: In Maharshtra we can store. Even in Northern India they stood well.

MR: SPEAKER: It is a very happy development.

SHRI SHAHNAWAZ KHAN: Further, sir, when the farmers bring their produce for sale to the Food Corporation of India, we cannot tell them to go back. We are committed that whatever amount of foodgrains the farmers would fike to sell, the Food Corporation of India will purchase the same and we cannot tell them to go **back**.

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11.26 hrs.

STATEMENT RE. INDOCANADIAN NUCLEAR DISCUSSIONS

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI YESHWANTRAO CHAVAN): On 18th May, 1976 the Canadian Secretary of State for External Affairs informed me through his High Commissioner in Delhi of Canada's decision that further nuclear co-operation with India was not possible His message states inter alia that, in view of Canada's policy to have nuclear cooperation only with countries which had renounced the use of Canadian supplied materials equipment and technology for nuclear explosions, further co-operation with India would have to be compatible with this policy and since this Canadian requirement was not acceptable to India, a settlement on any other basis was not possible. The Secretary of State made a similar but more detailed statement in the Canadian House of Commons.

As the House is aware, Indo-Canadian discussions have been going on for two years to resolve differences on nuclear matters stemming from Canada's decision to suspend nuclear co-operation with India after 18th May. 1974. The final round of talks was held in New Delhi in March this year. After three days of detailed negotiations, an agreement was reached on differences on nuclear matters. It was also agreed that after this dwaft Agree. ment has been approved by the two Governments, Indo-Canadian nuclear co-operation will be resumed and relations between the two countries restored to their traditional level.

The Government of India cannot but regret Canada's decision to terminate nuclear co-operation and turn down the agreement negotiated and initialled by its own representatives in the March discussions. We are indeed disappointed that, after two years of strenuous negotiations, when a detailed understanding had been reached, the Canadian Government should have unilaterally taken the step to terminate nuclear co-operation which formed an integral part of the Nuclear Cooperation Agreements of 1963 and 1966.

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This amounts to unifateral abrogation of several provisions of these agreements.

I should like to state that during the last two years when three rounds of formal discussions, two rounds of technical level discussions and several informal discussions at the Ministerial level were held, Government of India made a sincere effort to accommodate Canadian view point. It was also explained to the Canadian side at the highest level that in conducting the peaceful nuclear experiment, which India had every right to do as PNE is an internationally recog-nised concept, we had not violated any provision of any agreement with Canada, a fact which was subsequently recognised by the Canadian Government. India's views on nuclear development were reiterated on several occasions and Canada was assured of our desire to cooperate with her at various international forums to achieve our common goals on general and complete disarmament including nuclear disarament. Througout these discussions. India's representatives showed goodwill and negotiated in good faith with a view to resolving the differences. In return all that we asked of Canada was that she should fulfil her contractual obligations under the existing cooperation agreements. It is regrettable that, after these long months of an almost continuouos dialogue, the Canadian Government has now decided to turn its back on the negotiated settlement and its contractual obligations. The House, I am sure, will agree that there is no ground for any suggestion that the Government of India is in any way responsible for ending Indo-Canadian nuclear cooperation.

The Government of India is examining various implications of the Canadian Government's announcement and will take appropriate steps after this review has been completed. 11.29 hrs.

DELHI AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE MARKETING (REGULATION) BILL*

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SHAH. NAWAZ KHAN): I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill to provide for the better regulation of the purchase, sale, storage and processing of agricultural produce and the establishment of markets for agricultural produce in the Union Territory of Delhi and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

MR. SPEAKER: The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce a Bill to provide for the better regulation of the purchase, sale, storage and processing of agricultural produce and the establishment of markets for agricultural produce in the Union Territory of Delhi and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto."

The motion was adopted.

SHRI SHAHNAWAZ KHAN · I introducet the Bill.

11.30 hrs.

LIFE INSURANCE CORPORATION (MODIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT) BILL-Contd.

MR. SPEAKER: Now, we take up further consideration of the motion moved by Shri C. Subramaniam on the 19th May, 1976, i.e., Life Insurance Corporation (Modification of Settlement) Bill Time allotted 4 hours, time taken 2 hours, balance 2 hours. Shri Friya Ranjan Das Munsi will continue his speech.

SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI (Calcutta-South): As I was telling

*Published in Gazette of India Extraordinary, Part II, section 2, dated 20.5-76.

†Introduced with the recommends