

one camp was detected in Meghalaya and four activists were arrested from there. The number of persons arrested during operations in Assam since the end of November, 1990, including those in these camps is

2765.

(c) and (d). Government is not aware of detection of any illicit arms factory of the ULFA. Arms seized during operations against ULFA are given below:

LMG	—	02
Sten Guns	—	03
Carbines	—	06
Assault Rifles/Rifles	—	09
Pistols/Revolvers	—	90
Non Service Pattern Weapons	—	847
Air Guns	—	03
Hand made guns	—	04
IEDs (including 8 IEDs casings)	—	138
Mine—AP	—	01
Bomb/Grenades	—	109
Detonators	—	136
Assorted Explosives (Plastic, GC, Stick)	—	40
Other Explosives	—	298. 31 Kgs.
Fuse wire	—	90 meters.

### 1991 Census

\*116. SHRI KALP NATH RAI:  
SHRI ANBARASU ERA:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the operations for 1991 census have commenced in the country;

(b) if so, when the survey to collect data for the population census is likely to be completed;

(c) when the preliminary data will be available and when the final data will be published; and

(d) the special features of this census as compared to the last census?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI SUBODH KANT SAHAY): (a) Yes, Sir. The operations for 1991 census have commenced on February 9, 1991 in the entire country except in Jammu & Kashmir where it is proposed to be conducted during August-October, 1991.

(b) The census enumeration is likely to be completed in all areas except in Jammu & Kashmir by March 5, 1991.

(c) The provisional population totals of the 1991 census are proposed to be made available by the end of March, 1991. The final data are proposed to be released in stages from early 1992 to 1995.

(d) The special features of the 1991 census as compared to the last census are-

- (i) Some questions have been included for the first time in 1991 Census like the question on the status of ex-servicemen in regard to getting pension, the first time entrants to the labour force, availability of toilet facilities in rural areas and type of fuel used for cooking.
- (ii) Special emphasis is being given in the 1991 census to elicit participation of women and children in work by expanding the relevant question.
- (iii) Migration and fertility questions are being canvassed in all areas and two more reasons for migration, namely, "business" and "natural calamities" like drought, floods, etc. have been included in the enquiry.

(iv) The basic 1991 census data are proposed to be presented classifying workers into 9 industrial categories as against 4 in the last census. The basic data will also be presented for the first time for each Community Development Block in the rural areas all over the country.

(v) In addition to the publication of the census data through printed volumes, data are proposed to be released through data tapes and diskettes etc. on a bigger scale.

[*Translation*]

#### **Annual Advertisement Budget of DAVP**

\*117. SHRIAMRATLAL VALLABHDAS TARWALA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the total annual advertisement budget of the Directorate of Advertising and Visual Publicity;

(b) the percentage of this budget received by small and medium newspapers in the form of advertisements as compared to big newspapers; and

(c) further steps being taken by the DAVP to give relief to small and medium newspapers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI SUBODH KANT SAHAY): (a) Advertisements worth Rs. 16,50,93,320/- were released to papers during 1989-90.

(b) The shares of small and medium newspapers was 49.40%.