LOK SABHA DEBATES

Vol.	LVIII)	First Day of the Sixteenth Session	[No. 1
		of the Fifth Lok Sabha	•

LOK SABHA

Monday, March 8, 1976/Phalguna 18, 1897 (Saka)

The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock.

[MR. SPEAKER in the Chair]

OBITUARY REFERENCES

MR. SPEAKER: Hon. Members, I have to inform the House of the sad demise of one of our colleagues, a sitting Member of this House, Shri Monul Haque Choudhury and one of our former colleagues, Shri K. C. Reddy

Shri Moinul Haque Choudhury, who passed away at New Delhi on the 13th February. 1976 at the young age of 53, was a Member of this House representing Dhubri constituency of Assam. Starting his career as я lawyer, he was elected to the Assam Legislative Assembly in 1952 and continued to be its Member till 1971. He was a Minister in the Assam Government during the years 1957 to 1967 and held a number of port-11725 folios with distinction. He educational connected with several institutions in his home State and was also associated with a number of religious organisations. He repre-General sented India in the U.N. Assembly session in 1960 and 1967. He led the Indian Goodwill Delegation to Saudi Arabia in 1968 and represented India in the World Islamic Conference at Kuala Lumpur in 1969. Shri Choudhury became the 2617 LS-2.

2

Union Minister of Industrial Development in March 1971 and held that office till July, 1972. In mid 1973 he was chosen as a special envoy to several European countries to expain India's position on the Bangladesh issue and he helped in projecting India's correct image abroad. A very amiable and highly cultured person, he used to take active part in the proceedings of the House. In his death the country has lost an able statesman and an eminent Parliamentarian.

Shri K. C. Reddy, who passed away at Bangalore on the 27th February, 1976 at the age of 74, had a very long Parliamentary career Starting from 1930 he was a Member of the State Legislature of Mysore for 22 years Thereafter he was a Member of Rajya Sabha during the years 1952-57 and of Second and Third Lok Sabha during the years 1957-65. He was also a Member of the the Constituent Assembly during years 1947 to 1950. A stalwart of the freedom struggle in the princely State of Mysore, Shri Reddy successfully launched satyagraha in 1947 for the establishment of responsible Government in Mysore State He was elected leader of Legislative Mysore Assembly and formed the democratic Government in the State in 1947. A great administrator and a man of integrity, he served with distinction as Chief Minister of Mysore during Central 1947-52. He joined the Cabinet in 1952 and hed various portfolios during the years 1952-63. In 1965 he was appointed Governor of Madhya Pradesh and he held that office till 1971. He participated in many international conferences and was the leader of Indian delegation to the G.A.T.T. Session at Genava in 1961. In his death the country has lost a great statesman, an able administrator and a patriot.

We deeply mourn the loss of these friends and I am sure that the House will join me in conveying our condolences to the bereaved families.

The House may stand in silence for a short while to express its sorrow.

The Members then stood in silence for a short while.

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

वर्मा, भीलंका, उगांडा तथा मोजास्विक हे झाने वाले भारतीयों का पुगर्वास

*1. श्री मुल अन्द डागा : स्था पूर्ति झौर पुनर्खांस मन्त्री यह सताने की क्रूपा करेगें कि :

(क) वर्ष 1974 में बर्मा, श्रीलंका, उगांखा तथा मोजाम्बिक से किनने भारतीय परिवार भारत माए;

(ख) उनके पुनर्वास के लिए क्या कार्यवाही की गई तथा पुनर्वास के लिए उन्हे कितनी सहायना दी गई ; बौर

(ग) इस कार्य पर कुल कितना खर्च हमा ?

THE MINISTER OF SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) The reguired information is as follows:

Arrivalsdurn g 1974

(f) Burma	24 20 families by sea
repatriates	\$77.d
-	93 person by air.

(6) Sri Lanka reparistes (under she Indo-Sri Lanka agreement) 10643 families. There were no repairintes from Uganda and Mozambique during 1974.

(b) A statement is laid on the Table of the Sabha giving the details of the schemes for the rehabilitation of the repatriates from Burma, Sri Lanka, Uganda and Mozambique. [Placed in Library. See No. LT----10368/76].

(c) An expenditure of Rs. 4.18 crores was incurred on relief and rehabilitation of the repatriates from Burma, Sri Lanka, Uganda and Mozambique during 1974-75.

भी मूल भव डागा : क्या मंत्री महोदय यह बताने की इपा करेंगे कि वो योजनाए उन्होंने अपने वक्तव्य मे बताई है, वह कब बनाई गई हैं? क्या बाजकल के महगाई के जमाने में किनी को इनने रुपए में शहर में प्लाट मिल सकना है, या खेतो की जमीन मिल सकती है या व्यापार में लगाया जा सकना है?

में यह भी पूछना चाहना हूं कि बाहर से जो परिवार भारत में प्राए हैं उनमें में कितनों को नौकरी दे दी गई कितनों को सरकार ने जमीन दे दी भीर कितनों को व्यापार में लगा दिया गया घीर कितने परिवार धाल्मनिभेर हो गए हैं?

जैसा यक्तव्य में बताया गया है, मैं जानना बाहना हू कि क्ना 600 रपये में गहर में किसा को भवड मिल सकता है, त्रया मकान बन सकता है 3,000 करड़ में? यह स्कीमें कव बताई गई हैं भीर क्या उसके बाद इनमें कोई परिवर्तन किया गया है? भव तक जितने परिवार बसा विष् गए हैं।

भी राम निवास कियाँ : जो योज ताएं बताई गई हैं कि किस प्रकार की सहाथसा बाहर से प्राए हुए व्यक्तियों को की जासी