

Year	Amount Allocated (Rs. in crores)
1987-88	103.47
1988-89	129.54
1989-90	78.85

(b) No, Sir.

(c) The main reasons for under-utilisation were as follows:

- i) Due to severe drought conditions in the country during 1987-88, the new plantation programme for which allocation was made, could not be taken up.
- ii) Economy measures taken by the Government.

Knowledge of Hindi

6051. SHRI MOHAN LAL JHIKRAM: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the State-wise details of the people knowing:

- i) only Hindi;
- ii) Hindi as well as English and regional language;
- iii) only English;
- iv) only regional language; and

(b) the names of States where rapid propagation of Hindi language is taking place and achievements made about the use of Hindi in the non-Hindi speaking States during the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND MINISTER OF STATE IN DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (PROF. M.G.K. MENON): (a) Statements I to III giving information in respect of items (i), (iii) and (iv) are attached. Information in respect of item (ii) is not available with the Office of the Registrar General, India.

(b) Various schemes/programmes for propagation and use of Hindi all over India in general and non-Hindi speaking States in particular, were implemented during the last three years. Significant achievements are:

- 1. Appointment of 3066 Hindi teachers in schools at primary to higher secondary levels under the Centrally Sponsored Scheme of appointment of Hinditeachers in Non-Hindi speaking States.
- 2. Training of 2800 Hindi teachers by 31 Hindi Teachers' Training Colleges, with Central funding to the extent of 75% of approved expenditure in the case of voluntary organisations and 100% in the case of State Governments which run these colleges.
- 3. One hundred and sixty voluntary organisations engaged in propagating and promoting use of Hindi through Hindi teaching centres, Vidyalayas, Mahavidyalayas, libraries, reading rooms, typing and shorthand centres, publication of Hindi books/ magazines/journals, organisation of seminars and conferences, etc. These voluntary organisations were funded by Government of India to the extend of 75% of approved expenditure for the purpose. According to informa-

- tion received from these organisations including through Akhil Bharatiya Hindi Sanstha Sangh, about 30 lakh students/persons were benefited.
4. Training of 419 Hindi teachers by the Kendriya Hindi Sansthan, Agra.
 5. Teaching of Hindi through correspondence courses by the Central Hindi Directorate with benefit for 45,361 persons.
 6. Distribution of 95,270 books valued at Rs. 30.37 lakhs to various libraries and other institutions.
 7. Support provided by Central Hindi Directorate in propagation and use of Hindi by bringing out seven bilingual, seven tri-lingual and one multi-
 8. Support provided through the Commission for Scientific and Technical Terminology in the propagation and use of Hindi through its on-going programmes for evolving technical terminologies in different disciplines, production of definitional dictionary, production of university level books in Hindi, identification of Pan-indian technical terms, conduct of terminological workshops/orientation programmes.
- States where rapid propagation of Hindi language took place were Andhra Pradesh, Arunachal Pradesh, Gujarat, Karnataka, Kerala, Manipur Mizoram, Maharashtra and Orissa.

STATEMENT -I

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>India/State/Union Territory</i>	<i>Hindi</i>
1	2	3
	INDIA	26,45,14,117
1.	Andhra Pradesh	14,18,358
2.	Assam	—
3.	Bihar	5,54,71,663
4.	Gujarat	7,46,659
5.	Haryana	1,14,92,824
6.	Himachal Pradesh	37,97,702
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	10,37,116

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>India/State/Union Territory</i>	<i>Hindi</i>
1	2	3
8	Karnataka	6,94,374
9.	Kerala	16,466
10.	Madhya Pradesh	4,38,07,729
11.	Maharashtra	43,13,721
12.	Manipur	13,574
13	Meghalaya	29,323
14.	Nagaland	33,037
15.	Orissa	6,14,274
16.	Punjab	25,49,098
17	Rajasthan	3,00,32,409
18.	Sikkim	16,987
19	Tamil Nadu	—
20.	Tripura	33,332
21.	Uttar Pradesh	9,96,78,891
22.	West Bengal	36,27,298
<i>Union Territories</i>		
1.	A & N Islands	31,341
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	32,318
3.	Chandigarh	2,49,721
4.	D. & N Haveli	2,107
5.	Delhi	47,37,092

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>India/State/Union Territory</i>	<i>Hindi</i>
1	2	3
6.	Goa, Daman & Diu	25,417
7.	Lakshadweep	140
8	Mizoram	9,586
9	Pondicherry	1,560

NOTE.

1. The figures exclude Assam as no Census was taken there due to disturbed conditions prevailing at the time of Census
2. The figures exclude Tamil Nadu as the same in respect of this state are not available with the Registrar General India
3. The figures are provisional and based on 1981 Census as per information collected from the Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi.

STATEMENT -II

<i>Sl. No</i>	<i>India/State Union Territory</i>	<i>Hindi</i>
1	2	3
	INDIA	2,02,440
1	Andhra Pradesh	11,455
2.	Assam	—
3.	Bihar	4,910
4.	Gujarat	3,581
5.	Haryana	675
6.	Himachal Pradesh	475
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	809

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>India/State/Union Territory</i>	<i>Hindi</i>
1	2	3
8.	Karnataka	19,818
9	Kerala	4,649
10.	Madhya Pradesh	5,677
11	Maharashtra	1,03,814
12	Manipur	196
13	Meghalaya	495
14	Nagaland	429
15.	Orissa	2,096
16	Punjab	1,764
17	Rajasthan	2,866
18.	Sikkim	43
19	Tamil Nadu	—
20.	Tripura	120
21	Uttar Pradesh	7,021
22	West Bengal	21,232
<i>Union Territories</i>		
1.	A & N Islands	84
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	124
3.	Chandigarh	715
4.	D. & N Haveli	38
5.	Delhi	5,142

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>India/State/Union Territory</i>	<i>Hindi</i>
1	2	3
6.	Goa, Daman & Diu	3,831
7.	Lakshadweep	6
8.	Mizoram	59
9.	Pondicherry	316

NOTE:

1. The figures exclude Assam as no Census was taken there due to disturbed conditions prevailing at the time of Census.
2. The figures exclude Tamil Nadu as the same in respect of this state are not available with the Registrar General, India.
3. The figures are provisional and based on 1981 Census as per information collected from the Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi.

STATEMENT-II

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>India/State/ Union Territory</i>	<i>Assamese</i>	<i>Bengali</i>	<i>Gujarati</i>	<i>Kannada</i>	<i>Kashmiri</i>	<i>Malayalam</i>	<i>Marathi</i>
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
	<i>INDIA</i>	79,950	51,298,319	33,063,267	25,697,146	3,176,975	25,700,705	49,452,922
1.	Andhra Pradesh	692	20,210	41,736	503,351	164	53,422	451,982
2.	Assam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3.	Bihar	977	2,224,52	25,977	2,266	132	17,555	9,809
4.	Gujarat	467	10,371	30,817,185	11,715	347	35,894	413,6
5.	Haryana	266	5,656	1,233	654	1,339	5,229	2,309
6.	Himachal Pradesh	115	1,301	395	307	30,950	1,215	1,324
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	233	1,942	332	377	3,130,870	2,447	1,427
8.	Karnataka	616	12,133	38,506	24,046,196	164	626,240	1,465,847
9.	Kerala	129	1,488	5,862	68,213	35	24,429,133	24,576
10.	Madhya Pradesh	858	208,716	188,897	8,234	670	69,875	1,222,581

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>India/State/ Union Territory</i>	<i>Assamese</i>	<i>Bengali</i>	<i>Gujarati</i>	<i>Kannada</i>	<i>Kashmiri</i>	<i>Malayalam</i>	<i>Marathi</i>
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
11.	Maharashtra	695	97,542	1,706,832	998,307	1,514	247,638	45,439,086
12.	Manipur	575	19,393	47	87	14	1,041	640
13.	Meghalaya	25,755	118,874	78	145	12	1,601	477
14.	Nagaland	11,925	27,211	357	93	29	3,572	136
15.	Odissa	236	399,226	16,395	2,236	45	16,167	3,503
16.	Punjab	473	4,275	2,210	274	1,156	3,847	2,985
17.	Rajasthan	738	16,071	50,134	1,598	1,027	17,372	16,569
18.	Sikkim	88	2,098	68	20	13	800	97
19.	Tamil Nadu	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20.	Tripura	621	1,418,920	752	77	23	569	88
21.	Uttar Pradesh	1,752	153,415	7,156	6,751	2,097	12,631	11,265

<i>S.I. No.</i>	<i>India/State/ Union Territory</i>	<i>Assam & Bengal</i>	<i>Gujarati</i>	<i>Kannada</i>	<i>Kashmiri</i>	<i>Malayalam</i>	<i>Marathi</i>
1.	2.	3.	4	5	6.	7	8.
22.	West Bengal	3,103	46,347,935	39,247	1,594	272	15,808
<i>Union Territories</i>							
1.	A & N Islands	40	44,506	155	261	5	19,952
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	27,339	46,174	169	99	61	3,159
3.	Chandigarh	133	1,902	625	243	888	2,105
4	D & N Haveli	—	24	22,031	100	—	276
5	Delhi	1,371	68,763	18,441	6,238	5,031	35,200
6.	Goa, Daman & Diu	125	1,377	77,603	36,772	36	10,419
7.	Lakshadweep	—	4	2	24	—	23,908
8.	Mizoram	627	43,707	22	70	23	1,942
9.	Pondicherry	1	573	820	844	8	31,688
							5

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>India/State/ Union Territory</i>	<i>Orissa</i>	<i>Punjabi</i>	<i>Sanskrit</i>	<i>Sindhi</i>	<i>Tamil</i>	<i>Telugu</i>	<i>Urdu</i>
1	2	9.	10	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
	<i>INDIA</i>	23,021,528	19,611,199	6,106	2,044,389	3,802,995	50,624,611	34,941,435
1.	Andhra Pradesh	223,304	20,457	85	10,060	682,852	45,146,977	4,297,546
2.	Assam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3.	Bihar	379,866	107,510	1,745	5,299	18,431	38,795	7,286,870
4.	Gujarat	8,976	38,020	104	745,182	25,734	33,100	643,926
5.	Haryana	1,765	1,156,049	153	487	4,458	1,918	233,343
6.	Himachal Pradesh	2,097	254,651	77	85	525	559	13,569
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	1,506	169,965	64	58	1,288	928	6,315
8.	Karnataka	4,842	11,135	882	12,107	1,416,660	3,096,143	3,610,636
9.	Kerala	316	2,090	882	12,107	607,878	60,727	12,350
10.	Madhya Pradesh	595,714	197,330	350	808,182	35,507	145,305	1,206,385

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>India/State/ Union Territory</i>	<i>Oriya</i>	<i>Punjabi</i>	<i>Sanskrit</i>	<i>Sindhi</i>	<i>Tamil</i>	<i>Telugu</i>	<i>Urdu</i>
1	2	9.	10	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
11.	Maharashtra	13,882	193,253	559	555,480	318,005	984,965	4,582,624
12.	Manipur	149	1,809	1	1	1,966	214	143
13.	Meghalaya	546	3,776	—	257	390	377	2,171
14.	Nagaland	1,705	1,472	1	17	464	464	1,108
15.	Orissa	21,590,286	21,559	60	2,395	9,977	624,857	386,857
16.	Punjab	1,187	14,146,581	139	512	3,767	2,121	34,189
17.	Rajasthan	5,820	1,637,153	278	305,713	8,263	5,320	64,565
18.	Sikkim	133	544	—	47	169	194	1,917
19.	Tamil Nadu	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20.	Tripura	15,442	494	15	—	208	2,033	88
21.	Uttar Pradesh	3,256	580,743	1,166	49,660	8,092	6,434	10,208,084

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>India/State/ Union Territory</i>	<i>Oriya</i>	<i>Punjabi</i>	<i>Sanskrit</i>	<i>Sindhi</i>	<i>Tamil</i>	<i>Telugu</i>	<i>Urdu</i>
1	2	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
22.	West Bengal	157,182	75,626	170	5,327	24,896	105,527	1,331,022
<i>Union Territories</i>								
1.	A & N Islands	203	3,316	1	13	29,245	19,208	2,109
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	4,599	1,948	—	22	756	967	502
3.	Chandigarh	322	182,635	1	218	3,691	912	3,118
4.	D & N Haveli	1	33	—	72	88	151	342
5.	Delhi	4,171	800,104	207	40,770	57,252	16,025	367,458
6.	Goa, Daman & Diu	893	2,122	6	462	4,731	6,274	29,263
7.	Lakshadweep	6	6	—	1	45	25	28

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>India/State/ Union Territory</i>	<i>Oriya</i>	<i>Punjabi</i>	<i>Sanskrit</i>	<i>Sindhi</i>	<i>Tamil</i>	<i>Telugu</i>	<i>Urdu</i>
1	2	9.	10.	11	12	13.	14.	15.
8.	Mizoram	151	732	1	4	357	236	5341
9.	Pondicherry	158	86	1	77	537,300	24,755	4,376

Note: 1. The figures exclude Assam as no Census was taken there due to disturbed conditions prevailing at the time of Census.

2. The figures exclude Tamil Nadu as the same in respect of this state are not available with the Registrar General, India

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Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi