

notional railway freight, except in the case of Kandla, Goa, Okha and Calcutta where the cost of transportation is reckoned by coase tankers from Bombay to Kandla, Goa, Okha and from Haldia to Calcutta respectively.

(b) The prices at the main ports and up country locations will vary due to notional freight up to the location and local taxes, levies etc.

(c) The constituents of the basic ceiling selling price ex-storage points are given below;—

Ex-refinery price
 Custom/Excise duty
 Marketing Cost/Margins
 Freight Surcharge Pool
 Cost & Freight Surcharge
 Product Price Adjustment

The gross profit in the form of return on investments in the refineries, at the refinery level, is included in the ex-refinery price. At the marketing level, also, return on investments in included in the form of marketing margin, to arrive at the basic ceiling selling prices.

(d) The Government has allowed profits in the form of 123 12% post-tax return on net-worth and interest at the weighted average rate of interest on the normative borrowings of the oil companies.

(e) No, Sir.

Revival of Sick Industries in W.B.

1903. SHRI SANATKUMAR MANDAL: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the West Bengal Govt has suggested to Unions to set up a Joint Committee of the State and Union Governments to look into the sick industries in the State;

(b) if so, whether any such Committee has been or is proposed to be set up, if so, when and its terms of reference; and

(c) whether apart from this, Union Government propose to take any action for the revival of sick industries in West Bengal which has caused considerable unrest amongst the working class?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI AJIT SINGH): (a) and (b). This Department is not aware of any such suggestion having been made to the Central Government.

(c) The Government of India has a uniform policy for revival of sick industries in the country. Any proposal for revival of a sick unit is considered in term of the Policy Guidelines.

Industries for Small Scale Sector

1904. SHRI MAHENDRA SINGH: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have finalised a list of industries in the small-scale which require licences; and

(b) if so, the details regarding the criteria adopted alongwith the items which have been included in this list?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES AND AGRO AND RURAL INDUSTRIES IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI SRIKANTA JENA): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Question does not arise.

Electricity Generation

1905. SHRI PARASRAMBHARDWAJ: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether electricity generation is picking up on percentage basis during the last one year; if so, the details thereof;

(b) the total newly added capacity during the last one year and its category-wise, such as hydel, thermal, atomic, non-conventional; and

(c) the State-wise plan load factor and generation capacity?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES AND MINISTER OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI DINESH GOSWAMI): (a) The actual energy generation during 1989-90 was 10.8% more than the previous year. Thermal generation was 13.3% more, Nuclear genera-

tion was less by 20.7% and Hydel generation was more by 7.2%.

(b) A capacity of 4687.7 MW was added during the year 1989-90 as per details given below:

Thermal	4167 MW
Hydro	509.9 MW
Non-Conventional	10.8 MW
Total	4687.7 MW

(c) State-wise generating capacity and Plant Load Factor during 1989-90 is given in the Statement given below.

STATEMENT*Statement showing the statewide generation capacity and plant load factor*

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>Name of the States</i>	<i>Capacity as on 31.3.90 (MW)</i>	<i>PLF (%) 1989-90</i>
1	2	3	4
1.	Haryana	1780.32	44.1
2.	Himachal Pradesh	273.57	—
3.	Jammu Kashmir	262.04	—
4.	Punjab	3048.94	60.8
5.	Rajasthan	1721.93	49.7
6.	Uttar Pradesh	5527.24	59.0
7.	Gujarat	4202.43	61.4
8.	Madhya Pradesh	3087.60	57.8
9.	Maharashtra	8185.32	62.0
10.	Goa	—	—

Sl. No.	Name of the States	Capacity as on 31.3.90 (MW)	PLF (%) 1989-90
1	2	3	4
11.	Andhra Pradesh	4064.44	65.3
12.	Karnataka	2645.20	76.9
13.	Kerala	1476.50	—
14.	Tamil Nadu	3874.38	66.3
15.	Bihar	1549.43	31.9
16.	Orissa	1574.42	35.6
17.	West Bengal	2584.38	42.7
18.	Sikkim	21.29	—
19.	Assam	537.19	27.8
20.	Manipur	24.49	—
21.	Meghalaya	133.76	—

Sl. No.	Name of the States	Capacity as on 31.3.90 (MW)	PLF (%) 1989-90
1	2	3	4
22.	Nagaland	6.12	—
23.	Tripura	46.65	—
24.	Arunachal Pradesh	22.48	—
25.	Mizoram	25.82	—