

(b) if so, whether the need for setting up a National Agency for better monitoring of child adoption was stressed at the workshop;

(c) whether presently the adoption of destitute children by Indian families has not been popular to the extent desired; and

(d) if so, the steps proposed to be taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR AND WELFARE (SHRI RAM VILAS PASWAN):

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) and (d). The Government have been stressing the need for greater in-country adoptions, and have been involving the Voluntary Co-ordinating Agencies in various States in this campaign. Besides, the Government also insists on a minimum level of in-country adoptions by every voluntary agency which is recognized for inter-country adoptions. According to recent trends, the voluntary agencies are having greater success in placing larger number of children in Indian homes, by way of adoption/guardianship.

**Garment Exports**

1457. SHRI K.S. RAO: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether there has been substantial increase in garment exports during the year 1989;

(b) if so, the value of garment exports during the last three years, year-wise;

(c) the names of the countries which imported Indian garments during the last three years indicating percentage of garment exports;

(d) whether Union Government propose to offer some more incentives to the garment exporters; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND MINISTER OF FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES (SHRI SHARAD YADAV): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir. Exports of garments from India during the last 3 years are as follows:

*(Rs. crores)/Provisional*

1987	1857
1988	2149
1989	3118

Source: Apparel Export Promotion Council.

(c) India exports garments to almost all countries of the world. The major importers of Indian garments are EEC Member States, U.S.A., U.S.S.R., Japan, Canada, Switzerland, U.A.E., Australia etc. The value of exports and the percentage share to these countries during the last three years are as follows:

*(Rs. crores/Provisional)*

	1987	1988	1989
EEC	808 (43.51)	939 (43.69)	1312 (42.08)

	1987	1988	1989
USA	595 (32.04)	657 (30.57)	910 (29.19)
USSR	166 (8.94)	204 (9.49)	281 (9.01)
Japan	38 (2.05)	50 (2.33)	94 (3.01)
Canada	46 (2.48)	55 (2.56)	82 (2.63)

Source : Apparel Export Promotion Council.

(d) and (e). Government reviews the need for giving additional incentives from time to time.

	1987	1988	1989
Switzerland	44 (2.37)	50 (2.33)	80 (2.57)
U.A.E.	9 (0.48)	21 (0.98)	70 (2.25)
Australia	23 (1.24)	30 (1.40)	47 (1.51)

(Figures in brackets indicate percentage shares).

Source: Apparel Export Promotion Council.

#### Employment in Pepsi Project

1458. DR. A.K. PATEL:  
SHRI PYARELAL KHANDEL-  
WAL:

Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESS-  
ING INDUSTRIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Pepsi Food Project Private Ltd. contemplated to provide jobs to fifty thousand people directly or indirectly;

(b) if so, the number of people actually employed by it so far;

(c) whether there has been any impact on horticulture with the establishment of this project;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) the estimated number of farmers in Punjab who would be benefited by this project in the next two years?