is a very important thing. The Minister should respond to it because this is not the first time that the U.P. Government is associating itself with this communal programme. So, he must respond.

SHRI HANNAN MOLLAH: Sir, there are more than two crores construction labourers in our country and they are building the infrastructure of the economy and providing housing to the entire nation. You know, sir. that 40 per cent of them are women and children. Sir, they have no benefit of housing, employment and job security. A proper law is not there for them. You know, Sir, the Twelth Report of the Petitions Committee also suggested the enactment for the construction labourers and the National Front Government also assured about it. One Seminar was conducted in this regard and the National Front Government announced that they would frame a law and one draft Bill was also prepared.

Sir, various organisations demanded this and you, know, Justice Krishna lyer also submitted a draft before the Government. Sir, this is the most neglected section of the people, but there is no plan for this Government to protect them. So, I demand that a Bill should be introduced in this Session of Parliament if the Government has at all any concern for the construction labourers.

Along with this, Sir, I draw your attention to one serious situation. You know, dozens of our diplomats working in Pakistan are severely harassed there. The police are following them and they are under surveillance and they are subjected to all sorts of harassment. Our Government has sent some mild protest, but it is a serious situation under which our diplomats are working. That also should be properly taken up with the Pakistan Government. The Government must respond to this.

Sir, first of all the Construction Labour-

ers Bill should be introduced in this Session. I demand this from the Parliamentary Affairs Minister.

Written Answers

SHRI G.M.C. BALAYOGI (Amalapuram): Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir, the recent heavy rains and floods in Andhra Pradesh caused heavy damages to coastal area and poor people. I personally visited the coastal area and witnessed large-scale destruction of property of fishermen and other weaker sections. They lost their livelihood as their fishing boats washed away into the sea and their households and food items were damaged considerably. The scheduled Castes. Scheduled Tribes and other backward classes people have lost their houses and they have become homeless. Since the State Government has not given any proper relief to these people till today, they are seeking the help of the Hon'ble Prime Minister and the Housing Minister to give appropriate relief to all the victims. I would also request the hon. Urban Development Minister to sanction allotment of more houses in the coastal area of Andhra Pradesh to the weaker sections who lost their houses.

13.00 hrs.

SHRI ANNA JOSHI (Pune): Sir the Central Water and Power Research Station a research body under the Central Government at Pune has done laudable research in geological area. The geologists and seismicists at CWPRS had predicted recent earthquake which shook Uttarkashi mainly. The predication regarding location, intensity and probable hitting areas is nearly accurate. These researchers had communicated their findings to the Government through proper channel, i.e. the Director, CWPRS vide letters since June, 1990 to September, 1990.

However, it seems that the Government did not take the prediction seriously which had purely been on scientific basis. Lives of thousands of innocent people could have been saved and the disaster might have been mitigated. Crores of rupees spent on research bodies have not helped in saving innocent lives only due to nealigence on the part of the Government.

I therefore urge upon the Government to look into the matter why this report from the CWPRS was not taken seriously at the higher level. (Interruptions)

SHRIMATI MALINI BHATTACHAR-AYA: Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, I want to draw the attention of the House and the Government to the very serious problem that the Indian Historical Congress one of the most prestigious professional bodies in the country has been facing this year. Usually for its annual conference the hosting University and the State Government combined together are to support this Conference and to defray the expenses. This year, this conference was scheduled to be held at Uijain and has received a grant, only a measly sum of Rs. 35,000 from the Madhya Pradesh Government. It is not only that but at the same time, a very large substantial grant has been made to certain bodies under the name of Wakanekar Foundation and other bodies like Indian History and Culture Society, Itihas Sansodhan Mandal which are very clearly associated with the Hindu fundamentalist group. These have been given a large grant of Rs. 9 lakhs. It has been suggested that the conference of Indian Historical Congress should be tagged up with the conference to be held in Ujjain by these groups. We feel that this is a kind of pressure on what has always been a platform for many different kinds of academic and scholarly opinion to translate itself into ideological platform for Hindu fundamentalism.

I think, this is very dangerous and it will also encourage other kinds of fundamentalism and undermine the very basis of genuine research and academic integrity. I think this is a matter for grace concern. The Government calling itself secular should have commitment to this body so that the space for this kind of ideological interference is reduced.

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RE-SOURCES DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): About what the hon. Member has just said. I would crave your indulgence that we have noted with great regret the situation which has led to the cancellation of the Indian Historical Congress Session at Uijain. I am in agreement with the hon. Member to this extent that such meetings should not be interfered in a manner which makes them difficult to hold their conventions.

I have nothing to say about what the State Government wants to do with other organisations. It is entirely their outlook and they are free to do what they want. But this Conference is a historical conference which has been held for many decades. I am very sad at the situation that has come about. We have decided in the Ministry of Human Resource Development to give them a special grant of Rs. 3 lakhs and would request them to hold their Conference wherever they choose in India.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: There are 17 other names who are found in the List. I do not think all those people will get a chance. This is number one. Number two, repeatedly i have been saying that, the earlier speakers who have got a chance should also look to the subsequent speakers. That much is needed. Now Prof. K.V. Thomas will be the last speaker.

PROF. K.V. THOMAS (Ernakulam): At present, the power production in Kerala is based upon only hydraulic project. Whenever there is monsoon failure. Kerala has to face acute power shortage. It is in this context, Kayankulam thermal power project assumes importance. Such kind of power projects have to get the environment clear-