not apply to the elections in Nagaland and Meghalaya. Thi Bill will come into force after it is passed by the Parliament.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: The quetion is:

"That leave be granted to introduce a Bill further to amend the Constitution of India."

The motion was adopted.

SHRI P. VENKATASUBBAIAH: 1 introduce the Bill.

12.23 hrs.

MATTERS UNDER RULE 377

(i) DILAY IN IMPLEMENTATION OF THE EXPANSION SCHEMES OF SOME OF THE STEEL PROJECTS IN THE COUNTRY.

SHRI CHINTAMANI JENA (Balaore): Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, There is
an inordinate delay in implementing the
expansion schemes of ome major steel
project like Bhilai, Bokaro and Rourkela.
Delay have occurred mostly on account of
the failure of construction agencie—and
equipment suppliers to keep to time chedule. The delay has resulted in cost cscalation by over Rs. 1500 crores. Cost
estimate—of these projects have increased
because of changes in the scope of the
project—and consequent increase in the
quantity of work.

Government of India has set the target for undertaking the expan ion programme of these steel plants during the Sixth Plan. But if things are allowed to go like this, the expansion schemes of these steel plants cannot be completed during the current plan period.

Therefore, Government of India should constitute a special cell to go into the various factors which have led to the delay

in implementing the expansion cheme of the bove mentioned teel project. Some way and mean should be found to modernise and expand the e steel plants within the time chedule.

(ii) BONUS TO IMPLOY S OF STATIO ERY OFFICE OF THE GOVERNMENT.

SOM ATH CHATTERJEE SHRI (Jadavpur): Although, after persistent demand and movement launched by employees, the Government of India has granted productivity-linked bonus to employee of the Printing Pre se belonging to the Government, yet, surpri ingly, such bonus has not been given to the employee of the Stationery Office of the Government. The Stationery Office are ancillary to the Printing Prese and are part and parcel of the Printing, Stationery and Publication Department of the Government of India. There cannot be any jutice whatsoever for denying the benefit of payment of bonus to the employees of the Stationery Offices. National Federation of Printing, Stationery and Publication Employees has already brought it to the notice of the Government the injustice that has been caused to the employees of the Stationery Office and I urge upon the Government to immediately make payment of bonu also to the employees of the Stationery Office.

The productivity linked bonu which has been given for the year 1980-81 is for 15 days only and has been presumably computed on a ad hoc basi. It is also nece ary that the formula for computing the productivity-linked bonus should be finalised after di cu ion with the National Federation of Printing, Sationery and Publication Employees and the bonus should be paid on proper computation also for the years 1979-80 and 1981-82 at an early date.

(iii) DEVELOPMENT OF COAL MINES IN ORISSA.

*SHRI RASA BEHARI BEHERA
(Kalahandi)* Orissa has two coal fields,

^{*}The Origin'al Speech was delivered in Oriya.

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[Shri Ra Behari Behera]

namely Talcher and Ib Vally. Talcher Fool Field is under the administrative control of Central Coal Field Ltd., Runchi and Ib Valley is under the We tern Coal field, Nagpur. The two coal field produce around 3 million tonne of non-coking coal annually which accounts for the 2.7 per cent of the total production of oal in the country. The re er e of coal in Talcher and Ib Valley Coal fields, which together constitute the largest nonco ing coal field in the country have been e timated to be of the order of 35,000 million tonn. Unfortunately, due attention has not been paid to development of co'al in Ori a by Co I India Ltd., and its two ub idiarie CL and W.C.L.

For effective development of oal in Orisa, it is necessary that the two coal fields are brought under the administrative control of a separate ubsidiary company of Coal India Ltd., with it he dquarter at Bhubaneswar or Talcher or Brajraj agar as may be convenient. The large quarriable reserve of coal in Ib Valley Coal Field can ustain establishment of a Super Thermal Power Station in the area which can meet the growing need of power in the industrial bealt of Orisa.

In view of this, I request the Honlini ter of Energy, to I and Petroleum to look into it and extend all possible help for the development of coal in Oris a.

(iv) SETTING UP OF NICKEL PROJECT AT SUKINDA ORISSA).

SHRI A. C. DAS (Jajpur): A erious discontentment ha ari n among the people of Orissa due to the inordinate-delay in setting up of sukinda Nickel Project. Geological Survey of India discovered huge deposit of nickel ore in the Sukinda Valley in Cuttack district in 1970. Subsequently, a project for indigenou production of nickely metal was conceived by Government of India during 1971-72. But it is regrettable that the proposal to set up the above plan has not been implemented though more than a decade has passed. India import for entire require-

ment of nickel and cobalt and the annu'll foreign exchange outgo is now more than R. 30 crores. The plant anctioned by covernment of India was to have an annual capacity of 5,000 tonne. For a vialle plant, the minimum capacity should not be less than 10,000 tonne per annum, which would be adequate to meet the annual requirement of the country for t

If the Nickel plant i et up at Sukinda the import bill of the Go ernment will be redu ed to the tune of ver l Crorec ery year. Be ide, the above plant will generate employment for ome thousands of peopl. An annual capacity of 5,000 tonne was envia ed on the bai of availability of 15 million tonne of nickelore in Kan a ector in Sukinda Valley. An additional measure of the order of 14 million tonnes of nickel have ince been found in Sukinda Valley, it hould be posible to et up in Nickel plant of minimum 10,000 tonnes annual capacity.

In view of this, I urge the Government of India to take expedition step in this connection of that an important and trategic project of this nature can be et up in the tate of Oriona in national interest.

(V) NEED FOR ELECTRIFICATION OF DURG-BHU VAL RAILWAY LINE OF PRIORITY BASIS.

श्री केशबराब पा घी (भंडारा) : वाम्ब-हावड़ां (कलकत्ता) मेन रेलवे लाइन का इलेक्ट्रिफिकेशन ही चुका हो कि सेण्ट्रल रेलवे के ग्रधीन है ग्रीर हावड़ा से युगं तक रेलवे लाइन का भी इलेक्ट्रिफिकेशन हो चुका है। जीक साउथ ईस्टर्न रेलवे के ग्रधीन है। बीच में दुर्ग से लेकर भुसावल तक रेलवे लाइन का इलेक्ट्रिफिकेशन हुग्रा नहीं । जब कि इसी लाइन पर भिनाई जैमा लोहे का कारखाना, फैरोमैंगनीज के तीन कारखाने ग्रीर ग्रकोला, ग्रमरावती, नागपुर, गोन्दिया, राजनन्दगांव जसे ग्रीटोगिक नगर हैं। बिजली के सभी

^{*}The Original Speech was delivered in Oriya.