

[Shri Rajesh Pilot]

intervene immediately and come out soon with the High-level Committee decisions. The Government acceptance of these and other strict measures to implement the Central Government policies by State Government are necessary so that these test trained citizens do not get frustrated and could be utilised for the development and the integrity of the country.

(xvii) Need for Government intervention for an by settlement of the demands of Kendriya Vidyalaya teachers

SHRI SAIFUDDIN CHOUDHURY (Katwa): I intend to invite the attention of this House towards an urgent matter of public importance.

Five teachers of Kendriya Vidyalayas are to start an indefinite fast from 30th August at Boat Club New Delhi where a relay fast by batches of eleven teachers each for a period of 48 hours at a stretch is already going on. Seventh batch took over in the morning on the 13th to press their eleven-point demands. These include teachers' representation on the Board of Governors, increase in promotion quota to 75 per cent, granting time-bound selection grades, provision of adequate accommodation and medical facilities, regularisation of Ad Hoc yoga and on-trial teachers etc.

On the 18th of this month about 400 out of 495 Kendriya Vidyalays observed one-day token strike and held rallies in Delhi and all big cities of the country to register the popular support to these demands.

Though their demands are genuine and non-financial and though the matter was raised on 1st August in the Lok Sabha, the Education Minister did not spare a single minutes time to listen to the grievances of the Kendriya Vidyalaya teachers during the last 34 months. In this context I would like to request the Hon. Prime Minister to intervene and

arrange for a negotiated settlement before the said five teachers stake their lives on 30th August.

(xviii) Discontentment among University students

श्री मनीराम बागड़ी (हिसार) : सभापति जी, मैं नियम 377 के अधीन निम्न विषय उठाना चाहता हूँ।

विश्व-विद्यालयों में छात्रों का बढ़ता हुआ असन्तोष देश के लिए एक खतरा है, खास तौर से ऐसे विश्व-विद्यालय जैसे कृषि आयुर्वेद, मैडिकल, इत्यादि। हिसार कृषि विश्व-विद्यालय में छात्रों की हड़ताल व भूख-हड़ताल है। इसी तरह सारे देश में स्थिति है। इसके कारण नीचे लिखे हैं—

- (1) अंग्रेजी माध्यम,
- (2) बंधा दाखला,
- (3) महंगी शिक्षा तथा,
- (4) बेरोजगारी।

आशा है सरकार इसको मिटाने का प्रयत्न करेगी।

(xix) Need to fulfil the various demands of State Government employees and teachers and to bring them at par with Central Government employees

SHRI AJOY BISWAS (Tripura West) : Five million State Government employees are deeply resentful because of continued denial of many of their legitimate demands and now the State employees are lowest paid amongst the employees of organised sector. The erosion of wage of employees is due to the unabated price rise and fiscal and the budgetary policies of the Central Government. Moreover, most of the financial resources are in the hands of the Central Government and if the adequate devolution of funds to the State Governments are not arrang-