

(श्री चन्द्र पाल सिंह)

करने वाले हजारों यात्रियों को प्रति दिन सवा रुपये प्रति व्यक्ति का अतिरिक्त यात्रा भार देना पड़ रहा है।

अतः इस सदन के माध्यम से सरकार से निवेदन है कि इस राजमार्ग का सर्वे करके इस पर निर्मित पुल का पुनर्निर्माण किया जाये, उन्हें बड़ा किया जाये, इस राजमार्ग को अन्य राष्ट्रीय मार्गों की भांति अधिक चौड़ा करके दोहरी यातायात के साधनों से सुलभ बनाया जाये।

(xiv) *Spread of 'Handigodu' and 'Manganakayile' diseases in Malnad Distt. of Karnataka and Eastern parts of Kerala*

SHRI M. RAMANNA RAI (Kasargod) : Handigodu disease affects bones and joints irrespective of age or sex and cripples the affected person. It leads to death of the victim ultimately. No medicine is found effective till now. 184 cases of complete crippling have been reported by the Karnataka Government even though their number is ten-fold. No serious steps seem to have been taken to prevent the deadly disease.

The other disease spreading in Malnad area is causing grave concern to the people is called "Manganakayile". This is found in Shivmogga, Hassan, Coorg and Dakshina Kannada districts of Karnataka and is now spreading to the eastern part of Cannonore and Wynad districts of Kerala. This is a contagious and fatal disease. This is spreading unchecked causing great concern among the people. So far no medicine is found effective to prevent or cure the disease. It is believed that the monkeys spread the disease and it is deadly to them in particular. Hence the name also.

Both the diseases are found in Malnad or in the Western Ghat area. It is a very backward area and majority of the people are illiterate, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and agricultural and plantation labourers who are affected most. Many of them are seriously thinking of migrating to other places.

So, it is the urgent duty of the Government to direct IOMR to rush a team of doctors and scientists to conduct necessary investigation and study about both the deadly diseases by starting a research institution in the affected areas at once. Only by taking such effective measures it is possible to create confidence among the people and dissuade them from migrating to other places.

(xv) *Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi*

SHRI SAIFUDDIN CHOWDHURY (Katwa) : Sir, Jawaharlal Nehru University, the prestigious university of our country, is currently going through a severe crisis. The trouble in the University has been brewing since April this year. Brutal police lathi charge and mass scale arrest of the students have occurred. The University was closed *sine die* for a long period.

The University has re-opened on 22nd July, 1983. The different measures taken by the authorities were intended to isolate those students who indulge in anti-social activities. None in this country, who has a democratic sense, would tolerate any rowdyism in the campus. In order to run the institution smoothly congenial relationship among the teachers, students and employees is very much necessary. Any deterioration of this relationship has to be prevented. But things are happening just in the reverse in the JNU. Here in the name of stopping rowdyism, the authorities have chosen to stop admission of students for the current year. It has resorted to mass scale rustication of students and issuing of threats that any teacher or employee joining any movement would be punished. Police has been posted in the campus. De-recognition of students union is being thought of. All these are not only not helping in the restoration of normalcy in the campus but also appearing as repressive. An enquiry Commission headed by a retired judge has been going through the charges against 44 students. Even before completion of this Enquiry, students were denied their right to register as students and consequent hostel and other facilities. After the Supreme Court's directive registration was granted but not the implied other facilities. This is a blatant violation of principles of natural justice.