

may direct, two members from among themselves to serve as members of the Council of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, for the next term commencing from the 1st January, 1982."

The motion was adopted.

SHRI MANI RAM BAGRI (Hissar): On a point of Order.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : On point of order.

SHRI MANI RAM BAGRI : Listen to me please.

श्री मनी राम बागरी : भारत का एक हवाई जहाज हाईजैक हो गया है। सुबह मैंने व्यवस्था का प्रश्न उठाया था। स्पीकर साहब ने कहा था कि पता लगने पर सरकार को पता जाएगा। रेडियो और टेलीप्रिंटर पर इसके बारे में खबर आ गई है। साउथ अफ्रीका में हमारा हवाई जहाज रूका हुआ है। यह सरकार कैसे चलेगी? सदन को इतना ही नहीं दे रही है। क्या तमाशा हो रहा है? ये क्या करेंगे पता लगना चाहिए। देश के लोग सरकार के बारे में क्या सोचेंगे?

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Now Matters Under Rule 377. Shri Chintamani Jena.

14.57 hrs.

MATTERS UNDER RULE 377

(i) RESURGENCE OF MALARIA DUE TO INCREASED USE OF PESTICIDES FOR GREEN REVOLUTION

SHRI CHINTAMANI JENA (Balesore): Sir, malaria appears to be an unhealthy side-effect of the "Green Revolution", as a resurgence of the disease is accompanying the introduction of heavy pesticides use to support intensive farming in the third world.

The amount of pesticides entering the local eco-systems has expanded at an alarming rate in recent years and this has made the

anopheles mosquitos, carriers of malaria parasites, "plasmodium" resistant, says a report in Nature.

The "limited cases" of resistance mosquitos have developed from the mild use of DDT and other pesticides in public health drives to wipe out malaria, are not the real factors responsible for its recrudescence, according to the researchers, Georganne Chapin and Robert Wassestrom. The farmers in the third world have, over the year, increased the dose of pesticides when they found crop-pests like the boll weevil affecting cotton to be more and more resistant.

Fields in Gautemala, Nicaragua and El Salvador, which were sprayed only eight to nine times a season a decade ago need to be fumigated as many as 50 times a present, the researchers say.

And this can be devastating because a single application of DDT or similar pesticide has been found to be sufficient to reduce mortality (that is, increased resistance) among mosquitos by 80 per cent.

To indicate how serious the problem has become, the researchers co-related DDT use in El Salvador with renewed malaria transmission and estimated that at current rates each kilogram of insecticide added to the environment will generate 105 new cases of malaria.

Once insects develop a resistance to one compound they frequently exhibit an immunity to wide range of unrelated poisons as well.

The research team feels that malaria would not have come back, had Integrated Pest Management (IPM) strategies been used instead of the now common practice of "blitzing" valuable pest prone crops with insecticides along.

In considering these aspects of using pesticides for success of green revolution in our country, the experts may find out ways and means to eradicate malaria from our

country as well as for the success of green revolution side by side. The hon. Health and Agriculture Ministers may kindly make a statement on the floor of the House of their course of action on this issue.

(iii) DISFIGURING OF JAIN IDOLS IN
[MADHYA PRADESH

श्री मनी राम बागड़ी (हिसार) :

उपरोक्त महोदय, भारत एक प्राचीन सभ्यता का देश है। इनकी प्राचीनता कलात्मक संस्कृति पर ही टिकी हुई है, लेकिन यह अत्यन्त खेद का विषय है कि आये दिन समाचार मिल रहे हैं कि अमूक मूर्तियाँ चोरी हो गई या अमूक मूर्तियों को तोड़ा फोड़ा गया है। यह एक बहुत ही गम्भीर विषय है। अभी हाल ही में एक ऐसा वाक्या मध्य प्रदेश में हुआ है। वहाँ स्थानीय श्री दिगम्बर जैन प्रतिष्ठान क्षेत्र गोंडाल पर्वत पर तेरहवीं से 15वीं शताब्दी के बीच निर्मित मूर्तियों को तोड़ फोड़ कर भारत की प्राचीन संस्कृति को नष्ट करने का प्रयास किया जा रहा है और सब से अत्यधिक खेद का विषय है कि इस कुचेष्टा से पुरातत्व विभाग के कर्मी पूर्णतः अवगत हैं। जैन समाज के प्रतिनिधि पुरातत्व विभाग के दृष्टिगत अधिकारियों तथा पुलिस से शिकमयते भी कर चुके हैं।

भेरी सरकार से मांग है कि तुरन्त इस विषय में एक इनकवायरी का आदेश दें एवं ऐसा सख्त कदम उठाये जिससे कि प्राचीन भारत की संस्कृति पर कोई आंच नहीं आये और दोषी व्यक्तियों के विरुद्ध तुरन्त सख्त कार्यवाही की जाये।

(iii) SUPPLY OF COPPER TO M/s.
INDO-AMERICAN ELECTRICALS
LTD., DURGAPUR.

SHRI KRISHNA CHANDRA HALDAR (Durgapur) : Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, M/s. Indo-American Electricals Ltd., Durgapur which was lying closed for 18 months was re-opened on 1st August, 1981. This unit was closed due

to misappropriation of funds, mismanagement and stopping of operations by company's bankers, and declared lay-off effective July, 1979 and since then all operations of the company were lying shut. The Industrial Development Bank of India took up the task of rehabilitating and reviving the closed and sick unit. The company's board has been reconstituted with Mr. Thapar as Chairman of the Board and two directors from Thapar group after due approval from the Company Law Board. The IDBI sanctioned a term loan of Rs. 131 lakhs and the company's bankers have converted the old debt into term loan part of which will be interest free and have provided working capital for the day to day operations of the company. For reviving this unit, the unit was declared a relief undertaking by the West Bengal Government on 26-7-80 for a period of one year and further extended upto 25th July, 1982.

Sir, the company is not getting its main raw materials viz., copper to run the properly. It requires about 800 tonnes of copper quarterly. The delay in getting copper is due to non-clearance by company law board under MRTTP Act.

Sir, the West Bengal Government and Members of Parliament including myself requested the Central Government for allotment of copper to the unit immediately but nothing has been done so far.

When this company has been declared as relief undertaking by the West Bengal Government upto 25th July, 1982, then non-clearance by Company Law Board under MRTTP should not stand in the way of immediate quarterly allotment of 800 tonnes of copper for the said unit. If it is not done immediately the unit will be closed and employees will be again jobless.

Under these circumstances, I urge upon the Government to pass