

[*Sh. Priya Ranjan Das Munsi*]

purchasing jute vigorously, resulting in overall frustration in the economy of West Bengal.

Unless import of HDP is discouraged or a strict control is maintained to eliminate its purchases, the jute industry will collapse.

Textile Minister should take urgent steps involving the Ministry of Finance, Government of West Bengal, Government of Assam and the Government of Tripura, to take a pragmatic view on the maximum price of raw jute, widen jute purchasing infrastructure of JCI, maximum price of finished goods, financial support of the public financial institutions, negotiation with trade unions about the superannuated people and the HDP production control etc.

The jute industry owners have been taking the cream from the jute units and investing it in other industries for more profit without investing anything back into the jute units for modernisation or improving the health of existing units.

If jute industry dies in Bengal, half of the eastern India's economy will be paralysed. It will strike our economy with severe problem of unemployment and poverty both in rural and urban sectors.

Jute should not be allowed to die like indigo. Therefore, Government should immediately consider as a first course revival of this industry and as a second course to take few units under NJMC and, as the final course, total nationalisation of the industry.

(iv) **Need to expedite the proposed T.V. Centre at Singrabli (M.P.)**

SHRI RAM PYARE PANIKA (Roberts-ganj): It is a matter of great concern that in spite of categorical assurances given by the Government, T.V. Centre has not been opened at Singroli in Madhya Pradesh to benefit the workers of the industrial belt of district Sidhi in Madhya Pradesh and Mirzapur in Uttar Pradesh. So, there is great discontentment among workers and the tribal people living there. It has been brought to the notice that the machinery earmarked for above said proposed centre has been sent somewhere else resulting in non-installation of the T.V. Centre in time. It would not

be out of place to mention that norms fixed by the Government for setting up T.V. Centre are applicable here. I therefore, want the Government to set up the proposed T.V. Centre as early as possible for the benefit of the labourers and people living there.

(v) **Need to take urgent steps for improving infrastructural facilities to promote tourism at Konark, Puri etc. in Orissa**

SHRI BRAJAMOHAN MOHANTY (Puri): In Orissa, the most attractive centres for international and national tourists are Puri, Konark, Bhubaneswar and Chilika Lake. To promote tourism in Orissa, infrastructural facilities need to be developed. The following projects may be immediately taken up:—

Marine drive road needs to be built up from Harichandi to Ramachandi by the side of the beach which passes through Konark and Puri. Now from Ramachandi some work has been done up to Balighai and another 11 miles are to be built up from Balighai to Puri, and this marine drive road is to be extended up to Harichandi, 10 to 12 miles from Puri. Once this is built up, the site will be more attractive, inviting more tourist traffic. Konark also needs to be developed with infrastructural facilities. Goods hotels are needed at Konark to accommodate foreign tourists. At Puri, the town itself needs to be cleaned up and the drainage system to be provided and roads to be brought to modern standard. Water supply of Puri town needs improvement. For maintenance of Puri Temple, more effective steps are needed. At Harichandi, some guest-houses type accommodation is needed to be built up.

Chilika Lake needs more attention to make it more attractive. A bird sanctuary is very much necessary there. The boating travel inside the lake for tourists with luxurious accommodation has not yet been developed. Road condition around Chilika needs improvement.

[*Translation*]

(vi) **Need to give the status of Regional Office to Meteorological Centre, Bhopal.**

SHRI K.N. PRADHAN (Bhopal): Mr. Chairman, Sir, the Meteorological Centre at Bhopal has been a victim of administrative

wranglings for the last several years as it has not been granted the status of a Regional Office till now, though the matter of shifting the office from Nagpur to Bhopal has been under consideration for the past many years.

The Regional Office was to be shifted immediately after re-organisation of new Madhya Pradesh in 1956 and after Bhopal was made the capital of the State, but it has not been done till now, thereby ignoring the national interests.

Madhya Pradesh is the largest State in the country, areawise. The percentage of irrigated land is far less than the national average. The farmers have to depend on rains. There are 50 research laboratories in the 45 districts of the State which transmit meteorological data to the Centre at Bhopal, but all of them are under the administrative control of the Regional Office at Nagpur, though the Nagpur Centre collects data from 8 districts only. The statistics regarding meteorology are needed not only for formulating new schemes but also by the Departments of Environment, Agriculture, Revenue of the State besides the Central Agricultural Engineering Institute and the Public Health Department, which are not available at the Centre at Bhopal.

There are five Airports in Madhya Pradesh where too the meteorological information is required.

The Prime Minister, realising the importance of meteorological information, has, in a bid to modernise the Indian Meteorological Department, amalgamated it with the Department of Science and Technology.

Therefore, the Bhopal Meteorological Centre should be immediately given the status of a Regional Office so that a big State like Madhya Pradesh may have the full benefit of the Meteorological data.

[English]

(vii) Measures needed to project and safeguard innocent people of minority Community in Gujarat

DR. G. VIJAYA RAMA RAO (Siddipet): Gujarat, the birth place of Gandhi the champion of peace and communal harmony, is today wrapped up in

violence and discord not only communal but inter-caste dividing one human from the other. There is need for applying the healing touch failing which for upholding the unity, integrity and honour of the Constitution, all possible corrective steps are needed to protect the innocent victims of weaker sections and community.

(viii) Unsafe living in coal mine areas of Rani Ganj Coalfields

SHRI BASUDEB ACHARIA (Bankura): The coal mines areas of Raniganj coalfields are facing the danger of subsidence, gas, fire hazards etc. There are six active fire areas eight highly gassy mines and 34 dangerous and unsafe residential locations apart from 43 subsidence areas in Raniganj coal fields, which extends over 1550 square kilometres and is inhabited by 15 to 20 million people. The whole area is now facing a serious crisis due to absence of scientific mining and demographic and developmental planning. The problem is aggravated by slaughter mining practised by erstwhile private mine owners. But the scientific mining that was promised at the time of nationalisation of coal mines is still a distinct dream. The methods of mining which are being practised at present are not able to tackle the problem. On the contrary, they only aggravate it further. Further because of failure to share up the tunnels with sand and sank packing—the mines are subject to subsiding. During two centuries of coal mining in the area, the agriculture has totally faded out of existence, stagnation has become a hall-mark of industrial activities, and ecological disturbances have seriously harmed the environment of existing area.

Whatever mine development has been undertaken by the Eastern Coalfield Ltd. is not yet synchronised with the development plans of the Government of West Bengal. The result is an inordinate delay in extraction of coals, delay in completion and suffering to the people. No other economic or industrial activities are being allowed by the Eastern Coalfield Ltd., in the area. The C.M.P.D.I. does not allow completion of new roads etc. on coal-bearing land. Surface soil is, therefore, simply vanishing with no prospect of filling the void.