Nigam Limited (MTNL) have been disinvested in the GDR Market.

(b) to (d) Trade Unions of some Public Sector Undertakings have given representations against some of the recommendations of the Disinvestment Commission. These are examined and the Government keeps in view the interests of the employees while deciding about disinvestment in any PSU.

#### Free Trade Area

1644. SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR SHINDE: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether India and Russia had reached at an agreement to forge a free trade area, which may also include other CIS countries, at the Joint Indo-Russian Commission meeting held in December, 1997; and
- (b) if so, the details thereof, indicating the other CIS countries which are likely to join the Free Trade Area arrangements?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI RAMKRISHNA HEGDE): (a) No. Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

# **Export Oriented Agriculture Policy**

1645. SHRI ASHOK NAMDEORAO MOHOL:

DR. RAMKRISHNA KUSMARIA:

DR. LAXMINARAYAN PANDEY:

SHRI PANKAJ CHOUDHRY:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government propose to introudce a new Export Oriented Agricultural Policy and to ensure reasonable prices for agricultural products;
- (b) if so, the details thereof and the agricultural items likely to be included in this policy;
- (c) the time by which this policy is likely to be implemented;
- (d) whether any export target has been fixed for farm products during the Ninth Plan; and
  - (e) If so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI RAMKRISHNA HEGDE): (a) to (c) The policy of the government to permit exports of agricultural products is governed principally by the concerns of India's food security,

maximising farm incomes and earning foreign exchange. Review of export performance of agricultural products is an on-going process and accordingly policy interventions are made, as and when considered necessary, with a view to making agricultural export increasingly viable.

Export policy is being constantly updated and export regime in respect of agricultural products has been liberalised. Very few items are now either prohibited for exports or their restricted or are subject to quantitative ceilings. Major items for which the exports are banned include wheat and wheat products and sugar except under preferential quota to EU/USA.

The agricultural products exported from India include tea, coffee, raw cotton, rice (basmati and non-basmati), coarse grains, tobacco, spices, cashew, sesame and niger seeds, oil meal extrations, sugar, horticulture and floriculture products, fresh fruits and vegetables, processed fruits and juices.

(d) and (e) No Sir., as the Ninth Five year Plan is still to be finalised. However, during the Ninth Five Year Plan exports of agriculture and allied commodities are proposed to be given special attention as this area offers vast potential for increasing farm incomes, tackling unemployment and earning foreign exchange.

### Setting up Industries in Backward Areas

- 1646. SHRI NARENDRA BUDANIA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Government have formulated any scheme to set up industries in the backward, hilly and desert areas of the Country for their development;
- (b) if so, whether any survey has been conducted to implement the said scheme; and
- (c) if so, the names of areas alongwith the types of the industries likely to be set up, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI SIKANDER BAKHT): (a) Three centrally sponsored schemes, namely (i) the Growth Centre Scheme (ii) the Integrated Infrastructure Development Scheme and (iii) the Transport Subsidy Scheme are being implemented by the Ministry of Industry for promoting industrialisation of backward, hilly and inaccessible in the country. Backward areas of Rajasthan are also included in the first two schemes.

(b) and (c) 71 Industrial Growth Centres have been announced to be set up under the Growth Centre Scheme spread over 25 States and one Union Territory. 50 Centres are proposed to be set up under the Integrated Infrastructure Development Scheme in backward areas. The selection of site for these Centres is done on the recommendations of the State Government and on the basis of a combined criteria of the backwardness of the region, availability of infrastructure and population etc. The Transport Subsidy Scheme is applicable to the North Eastern States, Sikkim, Darjeeling District of West Bengal, eight hill districts of Uttar Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Andaman & Nicobar Islands and Lakshadweep. Generally, resource and demand based industries are set up in these areas.

[Translation]

#### Performance of PSUs

1647. SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Public Sector Undertakings have shown more proft during 1996-97 and 1997-98;
- (b) if so, the names of those undertakings and the amount of profit earned by each undertaking during the above period;
- (c) the names of Public Sector Undertakings which have suffered losses during the above period; and
  - (d) the reasons for incurring losses?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI SIKANDER BAKHT): (a) Public Sector Undertakings have shown more profit during 1995-96 (latest year for which the information has been collated) as compared to previous years.

- (b) and (c) The undertakings and the profit earned by each undertaking during 1995-96 and in the previous four years is given in the Statement 7A (S-49 to S-54) and the undertakings and loss incurred during 1995-96 and in the previous four years is given in the Statement 7B (page S-55 to S-59) of the Public Enterprises Survey, 1995-96 which was laid in both the Houses of Parliament on 5th May, 1997.
- (d) Reasons for making losses are enterprise specific. However, some of the common reasons are obsolete and outdated plants and machinery, surplus manpower, high interest burden, lack of suitable market, etc.

## **Export of Computers to Russia**

1648. SHRI AJIT JOGI: Will the Minister of COM-MERCE be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the computers exported to Rus-

sia and the foreign exchange earned from it during each of the last three years;

- (b) the names of the major exporters;
- (c) whether the Government have permitted any Indian company to carry out its business from Russia; and
  - (d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI RAMKRISHNA HEGDE): (a) The details of computers exported to Russia and foreign exchange earned from it during each of the last three years are as under:-

Year	(Value Rs. lakhs)
1994-95	3666.92
1995-96	1423.37
1996-97	22.97
1997-98	Not available

(Source : Electronics & Computer Software EPC)

- (b) The major exporters of computers to Russia include Centre for Development of Advanced Computing, HCL, Infosystems Ltd., Modi olivetti Ltd., PCL India (P) Ltd., etc.
- (c) and (d) Government has given approval for setting up joint venture/wholly owned subsidiary in computer related activity in Russia to M/s. Computer Aided Learning Systems (P) Ltd. and KEI Systems (P) Ltd.

[English]

### Janaki Raman Committee

1649. SHRI MULLAPALLY RAMACHANDRAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has taken any steps to implement the recommendations of the Janaki Raman Committee; and
  - (b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (BANKING, REVENUE AND INSURANCE) (SHRI KADAMBUR M.R. JANARTHANAN): (a) and (b) Reserve Bank of India (RBI) have reported that necessary action has been taken by RBI for implementation of various recommendations of the Janaki Raman Committee which looked into securities transactions in banks and financial institutions. The steps taken by RBI include among others pre-