

(b) whether the State of Kerala has reordered a high rate of growth in population of milk cattle over the past few years;

(c) if so, details thereof;

(d) whether the Government of Kerala has sought any funds for expansion of cattle feed plants in the State; and

(e) if so, the decision taken by the Government thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SOMPAL) : (a) The State-wise number of milch cattle in the country, as per the last livestock census in 1992 is given in attached Statement.

(b) and (c) No, Sir. The annual growth rate of milk cattle in Kerala during 1987 to 1992 declined to 0.69% from 1.64% during 1982 to 1987.

(d) and (e) The State Government of Kerala has submitted a proposal to the Ministry of Finance seeking bilateral financial assistance for setting up a modern scientific feed analytical laboratory.

#### Statement

No. of Milch Cattle 1992 (Prov.) (In 200 Nos.)

Sl. No.	States/UTs	Cattle					
		Crossbreed			Indigenous		
		In Milk	Dry	Total	In Milk	Dry	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	Andhra Pradesh	153	52	205	1269	902	2171
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	4	1	5	40	33	77
3.	Assam	82	40	122	1697	891	2588
4.	Bihar	35	24	59	1767	3187	4954
5.	Goa	3	1	4	11	13	24
6.	Gujarat	95	26	121	1220	658	1878
7.	Haryana	100	38	138	338	139	477
8.	Himachal Pradesh	84	29	113	301	235	536
9.	J. & Kashmir	167	49	216	417	264	681
10.	Karnataka	184	74	258	1698	1698	3396
11.	Kerala	583	259	842	467	292	759
12.	Madhya Pradesh	60	28	88	4146	4284	8430
13.	Maharashtra	549	278	827	1999	2443	4442
14.	Manipur	13	12	25	68	59	127

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
15.	Meghalaya	6	2	8	95	59	154
16.	Mizoram	2	1	3	9	6	15
17.	Nagaland	25	10	35	38	13	51
18.	Orissa	153	85	238	1691	1986	3677
19.	Punjab	456	186	642	262	124	386
20.	Rajasthan	27	13	40	2084	2088	4172
21.	Tamil Nadu	506	219	725	1420	808	2228
22.	Tripura	29	14	43	137	103	240
23.	U.P.	367	218	585	3356	2412	5768
24.	W. Bengal	290	107	397	2943	1716	4659
25.	Sikkim	9	4	13	23	15	38

#### Union Territories

1.	A & N Islands	1	-	1	10	7	17
2.	Chandigarh	3	2	5	-	-	-
3.	Dadra & N. Haveli	-	-	-	4	7	11
4.	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	1	1	2
5.	Delhi	7	1	8	15	2	17
6.	Lakshdweep	-	-	-	1	-	1
7.	Pondicherry	18	8	26	7	4	11
Grand Total		4011	1781	5792	27534	2449	51953

#### Linking of Rivers

1205. SHRI RANJIB BISWAL : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have made an estimate on the total quantum of water of the major rivers going waste into the sea annually;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether any Commission has been set up to prepare an integrated plan for the development of water resources of the country;

(d) if so, the terms and reference thereof;

(e) whether the Commission has been entrusted with the task to prepare an operational plan to link the Himalayan rivers with the Southern rivers; and

(f) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SOMPAL) : (a) and (b) Yes Sir. As per assessment made by Central Water Commission, the average annual flow available in rivers is around 1869 billion cubic metres. Owing to the topographic, hydrological and other constraints, the utilisable surface water has been assessed at 690 billion cubic metres in addition to the annual replenishable ground water resources which is about 432 billion cubic metres. As per 1994 data about 606 billion cubic metres of surface and ground water is being utilised leaving 516 billion cubic metres of utilisable water as unutilised.

(c) to (f) A National Commission for Integrated Water Resources Development Plan has been set up by the Government of India on 13th September, 1996. Its terms of reference are as under:

- (i) To prepare an Integrated Water Plan for development of water resources for Drinking, Irrigation, Industrial, Flood Control and other uses;
- (ii) To suggest modalities for transfer of surplus water to water-deficit basin by inter-linking of rivers for achieving the above objectives;
- (iii) To identify important on-going Projects as well as New Projects which should be completed on priority basis together with phasing;
- (iv) Identify a technological and inter disciplinary research plan for the water sector with a view to maximise the benefits;
- (v) To suggest physical and financial resources generation strategies for the water sector; and
- (vi) Any other related issue.

#### **Development of Animal Husbandry**

1206. SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAV:  
SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL :

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is a great potential for the development of animal husbandry and dairy in several States particularly in Bihar and Maharashtra;

(b) if so, whether the Government have formulated any time-bound programme to develop the animal husbandry and dairy in the country especially in Bihar and Maharashtra to attain the self-reliance;

(c) if so, the details thereof;

(d) whether the Government propose to set up any research centre for this purpose in the country particularly in Bihar;

(e) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor; and

(f) the target fixed for dairy development in each state during the current year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SOMPAL) (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) Animal Husbandry is a State subject. For supplementing the efforts of the State Government to develop animal husbandry and dairy, Government of India, Ministry of Agriculture, Department of Animal Husbandry & Dairying has been implementing various animal husbandry schemes. The major schemes are given below:

1. Extension Frozen Semen Technology and Progeny Testing Programme.
2. National Bull Production Programme.
3. National Ram/Buck/Rabbit Production Programme.
4. Assistance to States for Integrated Piggery Development.
5. Assistance to State Fodder Farms.
6. Assistance to State for control of Livestock Diseases.
7. National Project on Rinderpest Eradication Programme.
8. Integrated Dairy Development Project in Non Operation Flood, Hilly and Backward Areas.

Besides, the department also operates livestock farms (cattle, sheep, poultry, fodder etc.) to distribute quality germ plasm to the states.

(d) and (e) No Sir. ICAR has set up 15 research centres in the country which are taking care of the research needs in the animal husbandry sector.

(f) The target under dairy development are fixed by the State Governments.

[Translation]

#### **Hydel Power Projects**

1207. SHRI PRABHASH CHANDRA TIWARI . Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government propose to set up some small hydel power projects in the country;

(b) If so, the details thereof, state-wise;

(c) the locations identified for this purpose, state-wise and

(d) the details of resources and technology to be mobilised for these projects?