

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2779
TO BE ANSWERED ON 03.08.2018

BETI BACHAO BETI PADHAO SCHEME

2779: SHRI C. MAHENDRAN:
SHRI SIRAJUDDIN AJMAL:
SHRI CHANDRAKANT KHAIRE:
SHRI VINOD KUMAR SONKAR:
SHRI R. PARTHIPAN:

Will the Minister of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of Beti Bachao Beti Padhao (BBBP) scheme, districts selected/ covered and the Child Sex Ratio (CSR) thereunder along with the funds allocated, released and utilised under the scheme during each of the last three years and the current year, State/UT-wise;
- (b) whether the scheme is progressing successfully and if so, the details thereof indicating the targets fixed and the achievements made under the scheme during the said period;
- (c) whether the Government has made any impact assessment of the scheme, if so, the details and the outcome thereof;
- (d) whether there has been any improvement in the sex ratio since the year 2014 when the Beti Bachao Beti Padhao campaign was launched; and
- (e) if so, the sex ratio at present and the sex ratio before the year 2014 State/ UT-wise?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT
(DR. VIRENDRA KUMAR)

- (a) : Beti Bachao Beti Padhao Scheme (BBBP) was launched by Hon' Prime Minister on 22nd January, 2015 addresses the declining Child Sex Ratio (CSR) and related issues of women empowerment and aims to change mindsets to value girl child. It is a tri-ministerial effort of Ministries of Women and Child Development, Health & Family Welfare and Human Resource Development. The key elements of the scheme include nation-wide awareness and advocacy campaign and multi- sectoral action, initially in selected 100 districts (low on CSR) and got expanded to 61 additional districts in 2015-16. Considering the encouraging results of implementation in 161 districts the Government of India has expanded the BBBP Scheme in all 640 districts (as per census 2011) of the Country on 8th March, 2018. The 405 districts are covered through Multi - sectoral intervention, Media & Advocay and 235 districts covered through alert Media & Advocacy outreach. Multi-sectoral action includes effective enforcement of pre-Conception & Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (PC&PNDT) Act, Pre-Natal/ Post Natal

care of mother, improve enrolment of girls in schools, community engagement/ training/ awareness generation etc. State/UT-wise lists of Child Sex Ratio (CSR) and funds released under Beti Bachao Beti Padhao are annexed at **Annexure –I & II** respectively.

- (b) to (e): BBBP aims to address the issues of declining Child Sex Ratio (CSR) and enabling Girl Child education. Towards this purpose, multi-sectoral interventions are carried out in selected BBBP districts. Apart from this, an awareness campaign is carried out for creating awareness and visibility about the criticality of the issue of declining CSR in the country. To improve declining Child Sex Ratio in the country and to change the mindset is a long-term challenge. CSR is calculated on decadal basis by Registrar General of India through census. This Ministry has not made any impact assessment of the scheme, however as per the latest reports of Health Management Information System (HMIS) data of Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, 161 districts selected under BBBP indicate improving trend in Sex Ratio at Birth (SRB) and 1 district stable trend during the period 2015-16 and 2016-17. A list of Sex Ratio at Birth during the period 2015-16 and 2016-17 for the 161 select district under BBBP is annexed as **Annexure –III**

ANNEXURE-I

Annexure referred to in reply to Part (a) of the Lok Sabha Question No. 2779 for 03.08.2018 by Shri C. Mahendran, Shri Sirajuddin Ajmal, Shri Chandrakant Khaire, Shri Vinod Kumar Sonkar and Shri R. Parthipan regarding Beti Bachao Beti Padhao.

List of Child Sex Ratio (CSR) in India (2001-2011)

S. No.	State/UTs	Child Sex Ratio (0-6)	
		2001	2011
	INDIA	927	918
1	JAMMU & KASHMIR	941	862
2	HIMACHAL PRADESH	896	909
3	PUNJAB	798	846
4	CHANDIGARH	845	880
5	UTTARAKHAND	908	890
6	HARYANA	819	834
7	NCT OF DELHI	868	871
8	RAJASTHAN	909	888
9	UTTAR PRADESH	916	902
10	BIHAR	942	935
11	SIKKIM	963	957
12	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	964	972
13	NAGALAND	964	943
14	MANIPUR	957	936
15	MIZORAM	964	970
16	TRIPURA	966	957
17	MEGHALAYA	973	970
18	ASSAM	965	962
19	WEST BENGAL	960	956
20	JHARKHAND	965	948
21	ODISHA	953	941
22	CHHATTISGARH	975	969
23	MADHYA PRADESH	932	918
24	GUJARAT	883	890
25	DAMAN & DIU	926	904
26	DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI	979	926
27	MAHARASHTRA	913	894
28	ANDHRA PRADESH	961	939
29	KARNATAKA	946	948
30	GOA	938	942
31	LAKSHADWEEP	959	911
32	KERALA	960	964
33	TAMIL NADU	942	943
34	PUDUCHERRY	967	967
35	A & N ISLANDS	957	968

Source: Census of India 2011

ANNEXURE-II

Annexure referred to in reply to Part (a) of the Lok Sabha Question No. 2779 for 03.08.2018 by Shri C. Mahendran, Shri Sirajuddin Ajmal, Shri Chandrakant Khaire, Shri Vinod Kumar Sonkar and Shri R. Parthipan regarding Beti Bachao Beti Padhao.

Statement of State/UT-wise funds released during the last three years and the current year,

(Rs. in Lakh)

S.N.	State/UT	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19 *
1	Andaman & Nicobar	38.55	16.2525	21.66348	-
2	Andhra Pradesh	8.45	-	25.71001	35.36
3	Arunachal Pradesh	43.42	-	32.505	-
4	Assam	8.45	-	2.77925	-
5	Bihar	8.45	-	20.7132	-
7	Chandigarh	32.5	-	19.525	-
6	Chhattisgarh	44.79	-	36.9142	11.54
8	Dadar & Nagar Havelli	38.55	-	16.36	-
9	Daman and Diu	20.95	-	11.9	-
10	Delhi	231.27	-	97.85887	9.24
11	Goa	44.79	-	-	-
12	Gujarat	318.05	-	112.92536	-
13	Haryana	434.91	126.58	381.7374	23.07
14	Himachal Pradesh	49.55	-	89.7198	25.0
15	Jammu & Kashmir	366.54	15.6225	262.9073	168.27
16	Jharkhand	39.83	-	-	-
17	Karnataka	41.48	-	32.505	73.91
18	Kerala	44.79	-	6.11417	-
19	Madhya Pradesh	109.14	22.7497	101.29506	124.5
20	Maharashtra	370.88	-	295.3895	-
21	Manipur	8.72	-	44.9501	-
22	Meghalaya	43.24	16.225	17.12517	-
23	Mizoram	44.79	-	32.5	25.0
24	Nagaland	8.45	24.0475	23.3	100.0
25	Odisha	26.65	-	31.79516	-
26	Puducherry	18.15	-	28.1135	-
27	Punjab	385.26	-	510.99465	-
28	Rajasthan	357.47	36.0887	245.6982	48.39
29	Sikkim	44.79	32.505	42.0875	-
30	Tamil Nadu	23.04	-	30.88	99.56
31	Telengana	44.79	-	11.32149	-
32	Tripura	44.79	-	-	-
33	Uttar Pradesh	429.73	-	601.755	200.0
34	Uttarakhand	133.5	-	101.81755	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	27.555	-
		3908.71	290.0709	3318.41592	943.84

* As on 30th July 2018.

ANNEXURE-III

Annexure referred to in reply to Part (a) to (e) of the Lok Sabha Question No. 2779 for 03.08.2018 by Shri C. Mahendran, Shri Sirajuddin Ajmal, Shri Chandrakant Khaire, Shri Vinod Kumar Sonkar and Shri R. Parthipan regarding Beti Bachao Beti Padhao.

Sex Ratio at Birth (SRB) as per HIMS data of Ministry of Health & Family Welfare in the period between 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17 of the 100 Districts selected in Phase I under BBBP

SN	Name of State / UT	Number of Districts	2014-15(APR-MARCH)	2015-16(APR-MARCH)	2016-17(APR-MARCH)
1.	Gujarat (5)	Surat	879	886	872
2.		Mahesana	900	919	910
3.		Gandhinagar	885	883	902
4.		Ahmadabad	873	903	915
5.		Rajkot	886	906	872
6.	Haryana (12)	Mahendragarh	791	809	859
7.		Jhajjar	838	872	897
8.		Rewari	803	845	851
9.		Sonipat	864	869	898
10.		Ambala	870	877	915
11.		Kurukshetra	843	864	881
12.		Rohtak	915	881	893
13.		Karnal	758	883	854
14.		Yamunanagar	887	896	912
15.		Kaithal	887	868	899
16.		Bhiwani	822	859	860
17.		Panipat	901	898	941
18.	Himachal Pradesh (1)	Una	857	904	931
19.	Jammu & Kashmir (5)	Jammu	911	886	908
20.		Pulwama	983	949	1018
21.		Kathua	862	873	852
22.		Badgam	972	988	968
23.		Anantnag	985	1000	976
24.	Madhya Pradesh (4)	Morena	904	909	926
25.		Gwalior	888	918	906
26.		Bhind	919	898	929
27.		Datia	887	880	895
28.	Maharastra (10)	Bid	913	898	925
29.		Jalgaon	864	898	901
30.		Ahmadnagar	904	906	895
31.		Buldana	934	954	913

32.		Aurangabad	917	929	927
33.		Washim	974	903	910
34.		Kolhapur	889	903	881
35.		Osmanabad	883	909	912
36.		Sangli	885	889	893
37.		Jalna	901	887	900
38.	NCT of Delhi (5)	South West	878	881	875
39.		North West	898	899	911
40.		East	888	918	900
41.		West	868	881	915
42.		North	913	904	930
43.	Punjab (11)	Tarn Taran	874	880	889
44.		Gurdaspur	879	866	881
45.		Amritsar	897	909	892
46.		Muktsar	899	896	889
47.		Mansa	857	925	894
48.		Patiala	847	866	890
49.		Sangrur	864	848	879
50.		Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar	955	936	910
51.		Fatehgarh Sahib	873	889	928
52.		Barnala	855	836	893
53.		Ferozpur	876	859	871
54.	Rajasthan (10)	Jhunjhunun	893	903	952
55.		Sikar	939	923	963
56.		Karauli	942	927	914
57.		Ganganagar	918	934	952
58.		Dhaulpur	930	924	945
59.		Jaipur	912	904	928
60.		Dausa	930	921	932
61.		Alwar	915	912	931
62.		Bharatpur	933	922	914
63.		Sawai Madhopur	947	913	908
64.	Uttar Pradesh (10)	Baghpat	919	903	882
65.		Gautam Buddha Nagar	844	873	875
66.		Ghaziabad	899	977	908
67.		Meerut	866	878	884
68.		Bulandshahr	866	864	902
69.		Agra	876	842	905

70.		Muzaffarnagar	884	909	931
71.		Mahamaya Nagar	867	884	885
72.		Jhansi	860	900	925
73.		Mathura	900	913	876
74.	Uttarakhand (2)	Pithoragarh	881	901	873
75.		Champawat	887	959	973
76.	Andaman & Nicobar	Nicobars	985	948	839
77.	Andhra Pradesh	Y.S.R.	944	900	974
78.	Arunachal Pradesh	Dibang Valley	1073	761	1176
79.	Assam	Kamrup Metropolitan	942	969	950
80.	Bihar	Vaishali	915	887	879
81.	Chandigarh	Chandigarh	874	906	921
82.	Chhattisgarh	Raigarh	926	928	934
83.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	942	951	934
84.	Daman & Diu	Daman	918	919	946
85.	Goa	North Goa	916	910	951
86.	Jharkhand	Dhanbad	861	890	914
87.	Karnataka	Bijapur	948	941	968
88.	Kerala	Thrissur	959	965	942
89.	Tripura	South Tripura	953	915	978
90.	Manipur	Senapati	991	974	980
91.	Meghalaya	Ribhoi	949	975	940
92.	Mizoram	Saiha	915	1022	898
93.	Nagaland	Longleng	954	984	942
94.	Odisha	Nayagarh	845	883	860
95.	Puducherry	Yanam	1107	981	976
96.	Sikkim	North District	831	1009	1011
97.	Tamil Nadu	Cuddalore	856	937	931
98.	Telangana	Hyderabad	946	938	967
99.	Lakshadweep	Lakshadweep	1000	832	955
100.	West Bengal	Kolkata	922	929	939

Sex Ratio at Birth (SRB) as per HIMS data of Ministry of Health & Family Welfare in the period between 2015-16 and 2016-17 of the 61 Districts selected in Phase II under BBBP

SN	Name of State / UT	Number of Districts	2015-16(APR-MARCH)	2016-17(APR-MARCH)
1.	Gujarat (4)	Anand	924	931
2.		Amreli	916	911
3.		Patan	945	936
4.		Bhavnagar	902	873
5.	Haryana (8)	Gurgaon	887	892
6.		Jind	866	913
7.		Faridabad	890	894
8.		Hisar	910	927
9.		Fatehabad	895	927
10.		Sirsa	941	911
11.		Panchkula	887	929
12.		Palwal	921	935
13.	Himachal Pradesh (2)	Kangra	887	897
14.		Hamirpur	849	943
15.	Jammu & Kashmir (10)	Samba	908	884
16.		Baramula	948	994
17.		Ganderbal	985	992
18.		Rajouri	947	937
19.		Srinagar	957	980
20.		Shupiyani	1062	959
21.		Kupwara	1027	961
22.		Kulgam	1057	1087
23.		Udhampur	880	881
24.		Bandipore	964	885
25.	Madhya Pradesh (2)	Rewa	913	917
26.		Tikamgarh	917	917
27.	Maharashtra (6)	Hingoli	953	916
28.		Solapur	878	910
29.		Pune	911	889
30.		Parbhani	941	911
31.		Nashik	922	913
32.		Latur	929	940
33.	NCT of Delhi (2)	North East	920	960
34.		South	916	899
35.	Punjab (9)	Faridkot	899	909
36.		Bathinda	885	888
37.		Ludhiana	881	935

38.		Moga	919	928
39.		Rupnagar	920	927
40.		Hoshiarpur	905	914
41.		Kapurthala	884	905
42.		Jalandhar	919	892
43.		Shahid Bhagat Singh Nagar	918	904
44.	Rajasthan (4)	Jaisalmer	925	914
45.		Hanumangarh	971	973
46.		Jodhpur	948	949
47.		Tonk	926	978
48.	Uttar Pradesh (11)	Etawah	902	911
49.		Aligarh	814	854
50.		Etah	897	878
51.		Firozabad	890	940
52.		Jalaun	884	905
53.		Bijnor	894	873
54.		Mainpuri	840	871
55.		Hamirpur	818	839
56.		Saharanpur	906	909
57.		Farrukhabad	880	886
58.		Mahoba	873	921
59.	Uttarakhand (3)	Hardwar	876	917
60.		Dehradun	933	923
61.		Chamoli	944	894