JOINT/SELECT COMMITTEE REPORTS OF LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY - 1934

The Indian Dock Laboureres Bill

List of Reports of Select or Joint Committees

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presented to the Legislative Assembly in 1934.

erial No.	****	Short title of the Bill.	Date of presentation.	Romarks.
1.,	110	Indian Tariff(Amendment) Bill.	5. 2.34.	
2.	The	Indian States(Protection) Bill,	14. 2.34	
3.	The	Negotiable Instruments(Amendment)Bill.	26. 2.34.	
4.	The	Factories Bill.	27. 2.34.	
5.	The	Indian Tariff(Textile Protection) Amendment Bill.	2. 4.34.	
6.	The	Sugar (Excise Duty) Bill.	10. 4.34.	
7.	The	Matches (Excise Duty) Bills	14. 4.34.	
8.	The	Indian Dock Labourers Bill.	16. 7.34.	
9.	The	Mechanical Lighters (Excise Duty) Bill.	23. 7.34.	
10.	The	Indian Carriage by Air Bill.	25. 7.34.	
11.	The	Indian Aircraft Bill.	25. 7.34.	
12.	The	Hedjas Pilgrims(Muallims) Bill(Second Report of the Select Committee)	2. 8.34.	،
13.	The	Indian Army (Amendment) Bill.	7. 8.34.	
14.	The	Indian Iron and Steel Duties Bill.	13. 8.34.	
15.	The	Indian Petroleum Bill.	14. 8.34.	
16.	The	Indian Income-tax(Amendment) Bill by Sir Hari Singh Gour.	22. 8.34.	
17.	The	Indian Navy (Discipline) Bill.	25. 8.34.	,

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We, the undersigned, Members of the Select Committee to which the Bill to give effect in British India to the Convention concerning the protection against accidents of workers employed in loading and unloading ships was referred, have considered the Bill and have now the honour to submit this our Report, with the Bill as amended by us annexed thereto.

2. We considered a proposal put forward by Mr. Joshi that the preamble should be reworded to make it clear that the Bill applies to workers working in docks, wharfs, quays or warehouses.

So far as this proposal does not involve an extension of the scope of the Bill to matters alien to its expressed scope, we are satisfied that a change is unnecessary. The definition of "the processes" in clause 2(a) includes work in docks, wharfs, and quays and would include work done in connection with the transfer of goods from a railway wagon alongside a ship or from a warehouse on a wharf

SIMLA ; The 12th July, 1934.

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or quay. The Bill is not intended to apply to warehouses generally.

3. We received an assurance that the Government of India would bring to the notice of the Administrations of those Indian States which possess ports the action now being taken in British India, so that those Administrations may consider the advisability of adopting similar measures in respect of any of their ports which attain dimensions rendering such measures advisable.

4. A misprint in sub-clause (2) of clause 5 have been corrected.

5. The slight alteration in clause 6 removes a possible source of ambiguity.

6. The Bill was published in the Gazente of India, dated the 23rd September, 4933.

7. We think that the Bill has not been so altered as to require re-publication, and we recommend that it be passed as now amended.

ABDUL MATIN CHAUDHURY.

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J. W. BHORE.

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BHAI PARMA NAND.

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L. S. HUDSON.

[As AMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.]

[Words printed in italics indicate the amendments suggested by the Committee.]

▲ BILL

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Give effect in British India to the Convention concerning the protection against accidents of workers employed in loading and unloading ships.

WHEREAS a Revised Draft Convention concerning the protection against accidents of workers employed in loading or unloading ships was adopted at Geneva on the twenty-seventh day of April, nineteen hundred and thirty-two;

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to give effect in British India to the said Convention;

It is hereby enacted as follows :---

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Short title, extent, com- Dock Labourers Act, mencement and applica- 1934.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, appoint.

(4) It shall not apply to any ship of war of any nationality.

- 2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,---
 - (a) "the processes" includes all work which is required for or is incidental to the loading or unloading of cargo or fuel into or from a ship and is done on board the ship or alongside it; and
 - (b) "worker" means any person employed in the processes.

3. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the local offiinspectors. cial Gazette, appoint such

persons as it thinks fit to be Inspectors for the purposes of this Act within such local limits as it may assign to them respectively.

(2) All Principal Officers of the Mercantile Marine Department shall be Inspectors under this Act, ex officio, within the limits of their charges.

(3) Every Inspector shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code and shall be officially subordinate to XLV of 1880 such authority as the Local Government may direct.

4. Subject to any rules made in this behalf Powers of Inspectors. under section 6, an Inspector may, within the local limits for which he is appointed,--

(a) enter, with such assistants (if any) as he thinks fit, any premises or ship where the processes are carried on ; 9

- (b) make such examination of the premises or ship and the machinery and gear, fixed or loose, used for the processes, and of any prescribed registers and notices, and take on the spot or otherwise such evidence of any person as he may deem necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act; and
- (c) exercise any other powers which may be conferred upon him by the regulations made under section 5.

5. (1) The Governor General in Council may Power to Governor Generation Council to make regulations.

- (a) providing for the safety of working places on shore and of any regular approaches over a dock, wharf, quay or similar premises which workers have to use for going to or from a working place at which the processes are carried on, and for the lighting and fencing of such places and approaches;
- (b) prescribing the nature of the means of access which shall be provided for the use of workers proceeding to or from a ship which is lying alongside a quay, hulk or other vessel;
- (c) prescribing the measures to be taken to ensure the safe transport of workers proceeding to or from a ship by water and the conditions to be complied with by the vessels used for the purpose;
- (d) prescribing the nature of the means of access to be provided for the use of the workers from the deck of a ship to a hold in which the processes are carried on;
- (e) prescribing the measures to be taken to protect hatchways accessible to the work ers and other openings in a deck which might be dangerous to them;
- (f) providing for the efficient lighting of the means of access to ships on which the processes are carried on and of all places on board at which the workers are employed or to which they may be required to proceed;
- (g) providing for the safety of the workers engaged in removing or replacing hatch coverings and beams used for hatch coverings;
- (h) prescribing the measures to be taken to ensure that no hoisting machine, or gear, whether fixed or loose, used in connection therewith, is employed in the processes on shore or on board ship unless it is in a safe working condition;
- (i) providing for the fencing of machinery, live electric conductors and steam pipes;
- (j) regulating the provision of safety appliances on derricks, cranes and winches;

(&) prescribing the precautions to be observed in regard to exhaust and live steam;

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- (1) requiring the employment of competent and reliable persons to operate lifting or transporting machinery used in the processes, or to give signals to a driver of such machinery, or to attend to cargo falls on winch ends or winch drums, and providing for the employment of a signaller where this is necessary for the safety of the workers;
- (m) prescribing the measures to be taken in order to prevent dangerous methods of working in the stacking, unstacking, stowing and unstowing of cargo, or handling in connection therewith ;
- (n) prescribing the precautions to be taken to facilitate the escape of the workers when employed in a hold or between decks in dealing with coal or other bulk cargo;
- (o) prescribing the precautions to be observed in the use of stages and trucks ;
- (p) prescribing the precautions to be observed when the workers have to work where dangerous or noxious goods are, or have been, stowed or have to deal with or work in proximity to such goods;
- (q) providing for the rendering of first-aid to injured workers and removal to the nearest place of treatment;
- (r) prescribing the provision to be made for the rescue of immersed workers from drowning;
- (s) prescribing the abstracts of this Act and of the regulations required by section 8;
- (t) providing for the submission of notices of accidents and dangerous occurrences and prescribing the forms of such notices, the persons and authorities to whom they are to be furnished, the particulars to be contained in them and the time within which they are to be submitted.
- (u) specifying the persons and authorities who shall be responsible for compliance with regulations made under this Act;
- (v) defining the circumstances in which and conditions subject to which exemptions from any of the regulations made under this section may be given, specifying the authorities who may grant such exemptions and regulating their procedure;
- (10) defining the additional powers which Inspectors may exercise under clause (c) of section 4 ; and
- (z) providing generally for the safety of workers.

(2) Regulations made under this section may make special provision to meet the special requirements of any particular port or ports.

(3) In making a regulation under this section, the Governor General in Council may direct that a breach of it shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to twenty rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

6. Subject to the control of the Governor General

in Council, the Local Power to Local Govern-Government may make ment to make rules. rules regulating-

- (a) the inspection of premises or ships where the processes are carried on ; and
- (b) the manner in which Inspectors are to exercise the powers conferred on them by this Act.

7. (1) The power to make regulations and rules General provisions relating to regulations and rules.

made after previous publication.

(2) Regulations and rules shall be published in the Gazette of India and the local official Gazette, respectively.

8. There shall be affixed in some conspicuous Abstracts of Act and regulations to be conspicuously posted. Trance of every dock, wharf, quay or similar premises where the processes are carr ed on, in English and in the language of the majority of the workers, the abstracts of this Act and of the regulations made thereunder which may be prescribed by the regulations.

9. Any person who---

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- (a) wilfully obstructs an Inspector in the exercise of any power under section 4, or fails to produce on demand by an Inspector any registers or other documents kept in pursuance of the regulations made under this Act, or any gear, fixed or loose, used for the processes, or conceals or prevents or attempts to prevent any person from appearing before, or being examined by, an Inspector, or
- (b) unless duly authorised, or in case of necessity, removes any fencing, gangway, gear, ladder, life-saving means or appliance, light, mark, stage or other thing required to be provided by or under the regulations made under this Act, or
- (c) having in case of necessity removed any such fencing, gangway, gear, ladder, lifesaving means or appliance, light, mark, stage or other thing, omits to restore it at the end of the period for which its removal was necessary,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

10. (1) No Court inferior to that of a Presidency Magistrate or a Magis-Provisions relating to trate of the first class jurisdiction. shall try any offence under this Act or the regulations made thereunder.

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(2) No prosecution for any offence under this Act or the regulations made thereunder shall be instituted except by or with the previous sanction of an Inspector.

(3) No Court shall take cognizance of any offence under this Act or the regulations made thereunder, unless complaint thereof is made within six months of the date on which the offence is alleged to have been committed.

11. The Governor General in Council may, by Power to exempt. of India exempt

Power to exempt. of India, exempt from all or any of the provisions of this Act and of the regulations made thereunder, on such conditions, if any, as he thinks fit,—

- (a) any port or place, dock, wharf, quay or similar premises at which the processes are only occasionally carried on or the traffic is small and confined to small ships, or
- (b) any specified ship or class of ship.

12. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEPARTMENT.

Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to give effect in British India to the Convention concerning the protection against accidents of workers employed in loading and unloading ships; with the Bill, as amended.

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