GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO:334 ANSWERED ON:31.07.2014 NATIONAL DRINKING WATER SECURITYPILOT PROJECT Rathore Col. Rajyavardhan Singh; Shinde Dr. Shrikant Eknath

Will the Minister of DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the National DrinkingWater Security Pilot Projects (NDWSPPs)are under implementation in exploited and critical blocks of some States including Maharashtra;
- (b) if so, the details thereof indicaling the blocks selected for the purposc. Slate-wise:
- (c) the methodology adopted forimplementation of the projects including the present status of each of these projects. State-wise; and
- (d) the funds allocated/utilized Ibrimplemenuition of the projects and theachievements made as a result thereof?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE FOR DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION (SHRI UPENDRA KUSHWAHA)

(a) to (d) A Statement is laid on the table of the House.

Statement referred to in the reply to Lok Sabha Starred Question No. 334 (14th Position) due for answer on 31/07/2014

- (a) Yes, Sir. The National Drinking Water Security Pilot Projects (NDWSPPs) are under implementation in 15 exploited and critical blocks of 11 States including Maharashtra;
- (b) Details indicating the blocks, State-wise are enclosed in Annexure I.
- (c) The methodological approach of the Drinking Water Security Pilot Project is assessment of total water availability, estimating total demand of water for various uses, estimating gap between demand and supply through water budgeting exercise and finally narrow down the gap through proper ground water management and conservation including creation of impoundments on the surface. Another major component is to improve sanitation facilities keeping in view supplying safe drinking water and achieving ODF status.

The methodology includes following phase-wise activities carried out both the PHEDs and support Organisations, with the participation from the community itself:

Phase 1 Preparatory phase Phase 2 (a)

Capacity Building. Surveys and Analysis

Phase 2 (b) Develop Village/Block Water Security and Sanitation Plans

Implementation of the Plans Phase 3 Phase 4 Monitoring Improvements.

The state-wise status of the Pilot Projects has been enclosed in Annexure II and Annexure III.

(d)The expenditure on the Project is being incurred under two components viz. hardware components and soft ware component.

Hardware activity costs are being consumed from various sources (NRDWP sustainability funds, MNREGS & other Funds) for implementing activities such as creating sustainability structures, water supply schemes, etc. The estimated cost per Block is about Rs. 14 crores.

Software activities costs are being consumed from NRDWP Support Component for activities such as awareness generation, capacity building, Support Organization costs, community monitoring and equipment costs, etc. The Expenditure as on 01/04/2014 is Rs. 2.92 crores. The estimated cost per Block is about Rs. 1 crore for a period of 2 -years.

The achievements under the Project is at Annexure IV.