## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AGRICULTURE LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:3594 ANSWERED ON:05.08.2014 LANDLESS FARMERS Fatepara Shri Devajibhai Govindbhai

## Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of landless farmers in the country, State/UT-wise;
- (b) the steps taken by the Government to improve the quality of life of the landless farmers in rural areas of the country;
- (c) whether there is any scheme to provide land to such landless farmers; and
- (d) if so, the details thereof?

## Answer

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES (DR. SANJEEV KUMAR BALYAN)

(a): Information on the number of landless farmers is not maintained. As per Census, 2011 the number of agricultural labourers in the country, State/UT-wise is given below:

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Sr.No. States/UTs Agricultural Labourers
1 Andhra Pradesh 1,69,67,754
2 A & N Island 4,781
3 Arunachal Pradesh 36,171
4 Assam 18,45,346
5 Bihar 1,83,45,649
6 Chandigarh 1,687
7 Chhattisgarh 50,91,882
8 Daman & Diu 772
9 D & N Haveli 17,799
10 Goa 26,760
11 Gujarat 68,39,415
12 Haryana 15,28,133
13 Himachal Pradesh 1,75,038
14 Jammu & Kashmir 5,47,705
15 Jharkhand 44,36,052
16 Karnataka 71,55,963
17
   Kerala 13,22,850
18 Lakshadweep 0
19 Madhya Pradesh 1,21,92,267
20 Maharashtra 1,34,86,140
21 Manipur 1,14,918
22 Meghalaya 1,98,364
23 Mizoram 41,787
24 Nagaland 62,962
25 NCT of Delhi 39,475
26 Odisha 67,39,993
27 Puducherry 68,391
28 Punjab 15,88,455
29 Rajasthan 49,39,664
30 Sikkim 25,986
31
   Tamil Nadu 96,06,547
32 Tripura 3,53,618
33 Uttarakhand 4,03,301
   Uttar Pradesh 1,99,39,223
35 West Bengal 1,01,88,842
 All India 14,43,33,690
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(b) to (d): Government has taken a number of measures for the growth of agriculture and allied sectors on sustainable basis by way of increasing investment, improving farm practices, creating rural infrastructure, delivering credit, technology and other inputs and forging appropriate backward and forward linkages. Employment and income of agricultural labourers are also being addressed through various livelihood programmes like Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA) and by making institutional finance available to five lakh joint farming groups of `Bhoomi Heen Kisan` through National Bank for Agriculture and Rural



Development (NABARD).