## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:850 ANSWERED ON:24.07.2015 Non-Communicable Diseases Birla Shri Om;Kher Smt. Kirron;Patle Smt. Kamla Devi;Tadas Shri Ramdas Chandrabhanji

## Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of people suffering from various Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs) and those died therefrom during each of the last three years and the current year, disease and State/UT-wise;

(b) the present status of implementation of the National Programme for Prevention and Control of Cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS) in the country, State/UT-wise;

(c) the details of activities taken thereunder, health infrastructure created/ proposed to be created and the achievements made as a result thereof, State/ UT-wise:

(d) the financial assistance and commodities provided to the States/UTs under NPCDCS during the said period, State/UT-wise; and

(e) whether the Government proposes to provide free health check up for early detection and treatment of NCDs and include private diagnostic centres for the purpose, and if so, the details thereof?

## Answer

(a) : Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) conducts studies on incidence and prevalence of different diseases. Among the major Non- Communicable Diseases(NCDs), as per Disease Burden study on Non-Communicable Diseases by ICMR, the number of estimated cases and deaths for lschemic Heart Disease (IHD), Diabetes Mellitus and Strokein 2004 are as under:

Disease Number of cases (in lakhs) No. of deaths (in lakhs) IHD 224 5.5 Diabetes 378 1.0 Stroke 9.3 6.4

State wise data for prevalence and mortality of the above diseases is not maintained centrally.

State/UT wise estimates of prevalence, incidence and death due to cancer, as furnished by ICMR, for last three years aregiven in Annexure-I to III.

(b) to (e): Govt. of India launched a National Programme for Prevention and Control of Cancer, Diabetes, Cardio-vascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS) in July, 2010 in 100 Districts in 21 States. From 2013-14, the programme has been brought under the umbrella of National Health Mission (NHM) and expanded to cover more districts in all States & UTs.

During 12th Plan, the activities under the programme include strengthening of health infrastructure by setting up of NCD clinics, providing necessary manpower for programme activities, health promotion activities, screening, early diagnosis, treatment and referral of patients suffering from these diseases through public health delivery system.

Under NPCDCS programme, one time support for providing necessary equipments for laboratories at the rate of Rs.8 lakh/ NCD clinic in Community Health Centres (CHC) and Rs.10 lakh/ NCD clinic in districts hospital is provided. Necessary manpower in these clinics is also supported under the programme by providing annual recurrent grant of Rs.21.50 lakh in districts NCD clinics and Rs.13.68 lakh in CHC NCD clinics.

While health is a state subject, the Central Government supplements the efforts of the State Governments to provide health care including tertiary level health care for NCDs.

Under Tertiary Care Cancer Centre (TCCC) Scheme, Government of India is assisting States to set up / establish State Cancer Institute (SCI) and TCCC in different parts of the country.

The Central Government, through its hospitals including All India Institute of Medical Sciences, (AIIMS), Dr. Ram ManoharLohia Hospital, Delhi, Safdarjung Hospital, Delhi, Lady Hardinge Medical College and Associated Hospitals, Delhi, Jawaharlal Institute of Post Graduate Medical Education & Research (JIPMER), Pudducherry, Post Graduate Institute Medical Education & Research (PGIMER), Chandigarh, North Eastern Indira Gandhi Regional Institute of Health & Medical Sciences (NEIGRIHMS), Shillong, Regional Institute of Medical Sciences (RIMS), Imphal, 6 AIIMS like Institutes at Patna, Bhubaneswar, Rishikesh, Bhopal, Raipur and Jodhpur, augments the efforts of the State Governments for providing health services in the country.

Under the programme, support is provided to State Governments for the NCD Clinics up to district level for diagnostics and referral services. There is no provision for involvement of private diagnostic centres under the programme at central level.

The State/UT-wise details of health infrastructure created under the programme as on 31st March, 2015 is at Annexure-IV.

State/UT-wise status of funds provided under the programme is at Annexure V.