## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA URBAN DEVELOPMENT LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO:403 ANSWERED ON:22.04.2015 SWACHH BHARAT MISSION Jaunpuria Shri Sukhbir Singh;Singh Shri Dushyant

## Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the objectives of the Swachh Bharat Mission and the strategy/implementation framework developed including implementing agencies for the purpose;

(b) whether the Government has set targets for various components of the Swachh Bharat Mission including the provision for household toilets, community toilets, public toilets and solid waste management;

(c) if so, the details thereof including the achievements made during the financial year 2014-15, State and components-wise against targets so fixed;

(d) the role of Panchayati Raj Institutions/Committees based organisation/ Non-Governmental Organisations (NGOs)/ Self Help Groups and Corporate bodies in the implementation of Swachh Bharat Mission; and

(e) whether the Government proposes to constitute any committees for monitoring the utilization of funds under the Mission and if so, the details thereof?

## Answer

## THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI M. VENKAIAH NAIDU)

(a) to (e): A Statement is laid on the Table of the Sabha.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 403 FOR 22.4.2015 REGARDING SWACHH BHARAT MISSION

(a): The Government of India has launched the Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM) on 2nd October, 2014, with a target to make the country clean by 2nd October, 2019. All 4041 statutory towns as per census 2011 have been considered under SBM. The objective of the Mission are:-

- (i) Elimination of open defecation
- (ii) Eradication of Manual Scavenging
- (iii) Modern and Scientific Municipal Solid Waste Management
- (iv) To effect behavioral change regarding healthy sanitation practices
- (v) Generate awareness about sanitation and its linkage with public health
- (vi) Capacity Augmentation for ULB's

(vii) To create an enabling environment for private sector participation in Capex (capital expenditure) and Opex (operation and maintenance)

The estimated cost of implementation of the Swachh Bharat Mission is Rs. 62,009 crore. The Government of India share amounts to Rs. 14,623 crore.

The components for which Central financial assistance will be provided for SBM are as under:-

(i) Household toilets (1.04 crore units) (@ Rs.4000 per toilet as an incentive)

(ii) Community toilets (max 40% VGF/Grant),

(iii) Solid Waste Management (max 20% VGF/Grant)

The components of the Mission shall be executed through the Urban Local Bodies.

The distribution of Project funds across States/UTs is based on population of statutory towns and the number of statutory towns.

(b): Yes, Madam.

(c): the government has set the following targets for the Urban Component of Swachh Bharat Mission.

# Provision of household toilets- 1.04 Crore Units.

# Provision of community toilets- 2.52 Lakh Seats.

# Provision of public toilets- 2.56 Lakh Seats.

# Solid waste Management- End to End waste collection, transportation, processing, recycling and disposal for all 4041 Statutory Towns.

The progress reported by states for as of 23 March 2015 is as under.

# Provision of household toilets- 2.79 Lakh units completed.

# Provision of community toilets (including Public Toilets) - 1222 Seats constructed.

# Solid waste Management- Collection and Transportation system put in place in 329 ULBs.

The State wise and Component wise achievements in FY 2014-15 are at Annexure-I.

(d): As per Swachh Bharat Mission Guidelines, Committee based organizations, Non-Government Organisations, and Self Help Group have an important role in the implementation of SBM. They can be considered for active involvement in Information, Education and Communication (IEC) activities, triggering behavioural changes, generating demand and ensuring sustained use of sanitation facilities. In Capacity building they may assist the large and small ULBs through training and facilitating construction.

The Corporate bodies can utilize their Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) funds alongwith their trained and motivated manpower for progressing the Mission objectives. Many Corporate have announced taking up sanitation activities and cleanliness drives, which they are coordinating with the local governments.

(e): Committees for Monitoring Utilisation of Funds.

# National level: A National Advisory & Review Committee (NARC), headed by the Secretary, MoUD and comprising representatives of Ministries.

# State level: State level High Powered Committee (HPC) for the Programme chaired by the State Chief Secretary, which would be steering the Programme.

# District Level Review and Monitoring Committee (DLRMC): To fulfil the objective of ensuring satisfactory monitoring of projects under the chairmanship of local elected M.P.

# Also, at ULB level, active participation of ward committees, Area Sabhas, NGOs etc.