

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT  
LOK SABHA**

STARRED QUESTION NO:14  
ANSWERED ON:07.07.2014  
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE AS CAREER CENTRE  
Satav Shri Rajeev Shankarrao

**Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:**

- (a) whether the performance of Employment Exchanges is satisfactory and if so, the details thereof;
- (b) whether the Government has any proposal to transform Employment Exchanges into Career Centres;
- (c) if so, the details thereof along with the time by which these Career Centres are likely to be set up; and
- (d) the other measures taken by the Government for generating more employment opportunities for the youth including skill development in the country?

**Answer**

MINISTER OF STEEL, MINES, LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI NARENDRA SINGH TOMAR)

(a) to (d): A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (a to d) TO LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 14 BY SHRI SATAV RAJEEV REGARDING EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE AS CAREER CENTRE DUE FOR REPLY ON 7.7.2014.

(a) Statistics collected from Employment Exchanges for the last five years is as follows:

Year	Registration (Jan- Dec)	Placement (in lakh)	(in lakh)
2008	53.15	3.05	
2009	56.94	2.62	
2010	61.86	5.10	
2011	62.06	4.72	
2012	97.22	4.28	

The above data shows an increase in registration but the placement of job-seekers has not been increasing.

(b) & (c) The government has decided to convert the Employment Exchanges into Career Centres in collaboration with the State Governments for providing counseling services to the students and job-seekers along with other employment related assistance.

(d) In addition to the existing/employment generating schemes like Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), Swarana Jayanti Shahari Rozgar Yojana (SJSRY), Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP), National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM), the government is promoting labour-intensive manufacturing and increasing employment opportunities by promoting tourism and agro- bases industries. The 12th Five Year Plan projects 5 crore new work opportunities to be generated in the non-farm sector and providing skill certification to equivalent numbers. It has also been decided to use least 10% of Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub- Plan (SCA-TSP), Special Central Assistance to Scheduled Castes Sub-Plan (SCA-SCP), Multi-sectoral Development Programme funds and 5% of Border Area Development Programme funds for skill development and enhancing employability of youth.