

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT
LOK SABHA**

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:2865
ANSWERED ON:10.02.2014
BLACK MONEY THROUGH CHILD LABOUR
Singh Shri Ganesh

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) the estimated number of child labourers in the country at present;
- (b) whether black money amounting to crores of rupees is being generated every year through the child labourers as reported by the Child Rights Organisations;
- (c) if so, the reasons therefor along with the amount of black money generated through child labourers during the last three years and the current year;
- (d) whether child labour is the cheapest form of labour; and
- (e) if so, the concrete steps being taken by the Government to check this menace?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE FOR LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT
(SHRI KODIKMNNIL SURESH)

(a): As per 2001 census., the total number of working children between the age; group 5-14 years in the country was 1.26 crore out of which there were approximately 12 lakh children found working in the hazardous occupations/processes which are covered under Child Labour (Prohibition & Regulation) Act, 1986. However, in the Survey conducted by NSSO, in 2004-05 the numbers of working children were estimated at 90.75 lakh. As per NSSO survey 2009-10, the working children are estimated at 49.84 lakh.,

(b) & (c): Ministry has not received any such report.

(d) & (e): Considering the magnitude and nature of problem of child labour, Government is following a multi-pronged strategy. It comprises off statutory and legislative measures, rescue & rehabilitation, universal primary education along-with social protection, poverty alleviation and employment generation. The objective is to create an environment where families are not compelled to send their children to work. The Child Labour (Prohibition & Regulation) Act, 1986 prohibits the employment of children below the age of 14 years in 18 Occupations and 65 Processes. The Act regulates the working conditions of children where they are not prohibited from working. Any person who employs a child in any occupation or process where employment of children is prohibited under the Child Labour Act is liable for punishment with imprisonment or with fine. For rehabilitation of child labour the Government is implementing the National Child Labour Project Scheme since: 1988. The scheme seeks educational rehabilitation of children working in hazardous occupations and processes. Under the Project,, children rescued/withdrawn from work are enrolled in the NCLP Special Training Centres, where they are provided with bridge education, vocational training, mid-day meal, stipend, health care, etc. before being mainstreamed into formal education system. The Ministry is also running the awareness generation programme against the evil of child labour.