GOVERNMENT OF INDIA CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:1377
ANSWERED ON:13.08.2013
FERTILIZERS PLANTS
Bauri Smt. Susmita; Chaudhary Shri Arvind Kumar; Choudhary Shri Nikhil Kumar; Putul Kumari Smt.

Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

- (a) the total number of nitrogenous, phosphatic and mixed fertilizer plants in the country at present;
- (b) the total number of units producing Ammonium Sulphate as a by-product in the country;
- (c) whether the Union Government proposes to set up such new plants in the country;
- (d) if so, the details thereof, State/UT wise;
- (e) whether the fertilizer industry has been developed to meet the increasing requirement of fertilizers; and
- (f) if so, the details thereof, State/UT-wise and if not, the reasons therefor?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS & FERTILIZERS AND MINISTER OF STATE (I/C) STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI SRIKANT KUMAR JENA)

(a): The total number of major fertilizers plants (Nitrogeous & Phosphatic) at present are given below:-

Name of Product / Plant Total Urea DAP Complexes 30 12 20 52

(b): The total number of units producing Ammonium Sulphate as a by product producing by major fertilizers companies under the subsidy scheme is given below:-

Name of 1. Gujarat State Fertilizers & Chemicals Ltd.(GSFC) Company 2. Fertilizers and Chemicals Travancore Ltd.(FACT)

- (c) & (d): The government has recently announced a New Investment policy 2012 on 2nd January 2013 in order to facilitate fresh investment in the urea sector and bridge the gap between consumption and production.
- (e) & (f): The country is fully dependent on imports in Potassic Sector and to the extent of 90% in Phosphatic Sector in the form of either finished products or its raw material and in urea sector seven to eight Million MT of urea out of total requirement of about 30 Million MT is presently being imported. With the proposed additional capacity under the New Investment Policy as mentioned in part (c) above it is expected that the country will be self sufficient in the requirement of urea for agriculture use.