

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE  
LOK SABHA**

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:3676

ANSWERED ON:14.12.2012

COMMUNICABLE AND NON COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

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**Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:**

- (a) whether the Government has conducted any study/survey to ascertain the number of people suffering from various communicable and non-communicable diseases in the country;
- (b) if so, the details along with the outcome thereof, State/UT-wise;
- (c) the schemes proposed/being implemented by the Government to control the communicable and non-communicable diseases indicating the funds allocated and utilised thereunder during the last three years and the current year, State/UT-wise;
- (d) whether the Government has periodically assessed and monitored the performance of these programmes; and
- (e) if so, the outcome thereof along with the steps taken/proposed by the Government to plug the loopholes for effective implementation of the above programmes?

**Answer**

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI ABU HASEM KHAN CHOUDHURY)

(a)&(b): The Special Survey of Deaths (SSD) was implemented by the Registrar General of India Office during 2004-05 covering deaths from 2001-2003 in Sample Registration System (SRS). The SRS covered over 6645 small areas (sample units) in all the States and Union Territories. Overall, Non-Communicable Diseases were the leading causes of death in the country, constituting 42% of all deaths. Communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions constitute another 38% of deaths. The urban areas have a lower number of deaths from communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions but a higher proportion from non-communicable diseases (56%). Overall, the leading cause of death is cardiovascular diseases (19%), followed by respiratory diseases 9% (namely chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases COPD, asthma, other respiratory diseases), diarrhoeal diseases(8%), perinatal conditions (6.3%), respiratory infections such as acute pneumonia (6.2%), tuberculosis (6%), malignant and other neoplasms (5.7%), senility (5.1% - which is concentrated at ages 70 and higher), unintentional injuries.

The reported cases of communicable diseases as per available data for the year 2011 are given at Annexure I.

(c): The following programmes are being implemented for communicable and non-communicable diseases:-

1. National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme.
2. National AIDS Control Programme
3. Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme
4. National Leprosy Eradication Programme
5. National Programme for Prevention and Control of Cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases, Stroke
6. National Mental Health Programme.
7. National Blindness Control Programme.
8. National Programme for the Health Care of the Elderly.

The funds allocated and released/utilized, State/UT-wise during the last three years and the current year is given in Annexure II to IX.

(d)&(e) Yes. Periodic assessment, review of performance, corrective action and interaction with the implementing agencies are ongoing activities and accordingly, conducted for all the disease control programmes.