

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE  
LOK SABHA**

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:2396

ANSWERED ON:07.12.2012

HIV AIDS PATIENTS

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**Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:**

- (a) the number of people living with HIV positive and AIDS in the country, State/UT-wise;
- (b) the number of new cases of HIV/AIDS and related deaths reported during each of the last three years and the current year, State/UT-wise;
- (c) whether the Government has conducted any survey/study recently to ascertain the major causes of HIV/AIDS transmission in the country;
- (d) if so, the details and the outcome thereof indicating the percentage of patients who contracted HIV/AIDS through Intravenous drug (IDU), Men who have sex with men (MSM) and Mother-to-child transmission (MTCT) in the country; and
- (e) the steps taken/proposed by the Government to address the issue indicating the present status of proposal legislation bill on HIV/AIDS in the country?

**Answer**

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI S. GANDHISELVAN)

(a) & (b) As on 30th September 2012, a total of 16,72,875 people living with HIV/AIDS (PLHIV) are registered at 358 Antiretroviral Treatment (ART) Centres across the country. A statement indicating number of PLHIV State/UT wise is at Annexure – I.

The statements indicating new HIV/AIDS cases registered and death reported in ART centres during each of the last three years and the current year, State/UT-wise are at Annexures – II and III respectively.

(c) & (d) The information on modes of transmission of HIV is obtained from the HIV positive cases detected at 10,515 Integrated Counselling and Testing Centres throughout the country and reported through Computerized Management Information System under National AIDS Control Programme.

Based on this information, the Heterosexual mode of HIV transmission accounts for 88.2% of HIV positive cases detected, mother to child transmission accounts for 5.0%, Infected Syringe and Needle 1.7%, Homosexual route 1.5% and contaminated blood and blood products account for 1.0% of HIV infections detected during 2011-12.

(e) Department of AIDS Control is implementing National AIDS Control programme as a 100% Centrally Sponsored Scheme. The key features of the programme are:

1. Preventing new HIV infections in high risk groups and general population through saturation of coverage of high risk groups with targeted interventions and scaled up interventions in the general population;
2. Providing greater care, support and treatment to larger number of PLHIV;
3. Strengthening the infrastructure, systems and human resources in prevention, care, support and treatment programmes at the district, state and national levels; and
4. Strengthening the nationwide Strategic Information Management System.

The proposed legislation on HIV/AIDS is under consideration.