## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AGRICULTURE LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:205 ANSWERED ON:13.03.2012 FOODGRAIN PRODUCTION Pandey Saroj;Sampath Shri Anirudhan

## Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the foodgrain production in various States/Union Territories have remained stagnant during the current year;
- (b) if so, the quantum of foodgrain production during the last three years alongwith its demand projection for the next three years; and
- (c) the Central schemes implemented for increasing foodgrain production alongwith the amount sanctioned during the last three years, scheme-wise?

## **Answer**

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI HARISH RAWAT)

(a) & (b): While there have been fluctuations in foodgrains production in some States due to unfavourable rainfall and weather conditions, the overall production of foodgrains at all-India level has increased from 217.28 million tonnes in 2006-07 to a record level of 250.42 million tonnes in 2011-12 (2nd Advance Estimates). Details of foodgrains production in the country during the last three years i.e. 2008-09 to 2010-11 are given in the table below:

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Year Production (Million Tonnes)

2008-09 234.47
2009-10 218.11
2010-11 244.78
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The year-wise break-up of demand projection of foodgrains during the 12th Plan Period has not been done. However, as per Working Group of Planning Commission, the demand of foodgrain for the terminal year of the 12th Five Year Plan i.e. 2016-17 is projected at 257 million tonnes.

(c): In order to increase foodgrains production in the country, a number of Crop Development Schemes and Programmes, namely: National Food Security Mission (NFSM), Integrated Scheme of Oilseeds, Pulses, Oil Palm and Maize (ISOPOM), Integrated Cereals Development Programme for Rice/Wheat/Coarse Cereals under Macro Management of Agriculture and Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY) are being implemented by the Ministry of Agriculture through State Governments. In addition to above schemes, during 2010-11, two new programmes viz. Bringing Green Revolution to Eastern India and Integrated Development of 60,000 Pulses and Oilseeds Villages in Rainfed Areas have been initiated under RKVY. National Food Security Mission has been strengthened from 1.4.2010 with the merger of pulses component of ISOPOM and inclusion of two new potential States namely; Assam and Jharkhand for pulses production. A new programme "Accelerated Pulses Production Programme (A3P)" in the form of block demonstrations has also been started to cover 1000 units of 1000 hectares each of five pulses crops in 16 pulses growing States of the country.

Details of allocation and release of funds under major schemes during the last three years are as under:

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(Rs. In Crore)

Scheme 2008-09 2009-10 2010-11

Allocation Release Allocation Release Allocation Release
NFSM 1095.39 830.51 1442.07 983.38 1554.71 1129.43
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3165.67 2886.80 3806.74 3760.93 6722.00 6720.08

ISOPOM 240.40 240.40 296.54 296.54 391.27 391.27